Regd. No. B. 1065 : CITY EDITION

Regd. No. B. 1065

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# The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 297 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

# America's Rejoinder To Japan

## Congress R. C. Surprise

### Two Executive Committee Members Resign

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 16.

Dr. Chandulal Desai, a veteran Congressman of Gujarat and President of the Broach District Congress Committee, has resigned from the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee of the Haripura Congress session as a protest against the Reception Committee's attitude towards the Gujarat Vyam Pracharak Mandal in not recognising the Mandal for the purpose of supplying volunteers for the Congress session.

Mr. K. T. Desai, another member of the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee has also resigned his membership on the same reason. the chair.—United Press.

### BELGIAN LOAN IN COMMONS

LONDON, December 16.

Questioned in the House of Commons, regarding the forthcoming issue in London of Five Million Sterling Four Per Cent Loan for Belgium, Sir John Simon said, he did not think the time had come when foreign government could be allowed to borrow freely in London.

Each proposal would be considered on its merits and he was quite satisfied that in this case, there was no objection in national interest to giving consent.

The Loan did not involve purchase of goods here but 20 per cent. of the proceeds might be used in Britain.—Reuter.

### FOR NEW CITY OF LONDON AIR PORT

LONDON, December 16.

The Common Council (City of London) have agreed to buy nearly one thousand acres of land near Ilford at a cost of £289,000 for the New City of London Airport, the total cost of which will be £600,000. The site is 12 miles from the City and it will be served by electric trains.—Reuter.

### TWO ARABS SHOT DEAD

HAIFA, Dec. 16.

Two Arabs, one of whom is a village headman was shot dead near Acre.

The murderers called them from their house and shot them on the threshold.—Reuter.

### Congress Wins In Surat Municipal Elections

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, Dec. 16.

Congress has won 29 out of 30 seats given to non-Mohamedans. Twenty-six out of these were uncontested.

### Carnera's Condition Unchanged

BUDAPEST, December 16.

Carnera's condition is unchanged. The doctors say "As a boxer Carnera is dead, but as a man we hope to pull him round."—Reuter.

MARSEILLES, December 16.

"Stoppani" was forced to land off the Algerian Coast at 14-50 hours due to bad weather, according to a wireless message from Casablanca.—Reuter.

## Real Foundation Of Democratic Govt.

### CONGRESS CHAMPIONS CIVIL LIBERTIES

### Non-Violence For Political Amelioration Of Masses, Says Munshi

"Non-violence has been elevated from personal virtue into corporate activity for the social and political amelioration of the masses. If India can succeed, the world can solve its problems," declared the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, addressing a joint meeting of the Indian and European Progressive Groups at the Taj Mahal Hotel, on Thursday.

The Hon. Mr. Munshi spoke on "Civil Liberties and Non-violence."

*Democracy And Non-Violence*

"This Congress stands for the liberty of the individual," he added, "because it has an unshaken faith in democracy and non-violence. Civil Liberty is really the foundation of democratic government. Democracy implies a faith that society can evolve gradually and properly by mutual discussion and persuasion rather than by breaking each other's heads."

*No Second Class Citizenship*

"India can no longer continue to be merely a dependency in the British Empire," he concluded, "Indians cannot be second class citizens in an all-white Empire.

"What Indians want is to be first-class citizens of a free Commonwealth".

Mr. A. S. Jasdenwala, Chairman, Indian Frogressive Group, who presided at the meeting welcoming Mr. Munshi said, that when the Civil Liberties Unions were formed by the Congress President, the political situation was entirely different from what it was to-day. They would all be interested to hear from Mr. Munshi how the Congress Ministers safeguarded Civil Liberties.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, in the course of his speech said:—

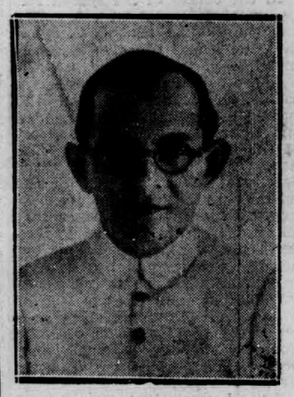
CONFUSION OF IDEAS

There is so much confusion of ideas about the term "Civil Liberty" in the country. Men who at one time shied at the formation of Civil Liberties Unions have, after the Congress Ministries came into power, become more royal than the king himself. I will try to deal with the subject from the point of view of a free and full democracy as conceived by the Fundamental Rights accepted by the Congress at Karachi.

A journalist in the Press reminded me the other day that preventive law can only be used, according to the Congress creed, when the streets of Ahmedabad were running with blood. He neither knew the creed, nor the value of preventive measure. Anyway he did not know what civil liberty was.

WHAT IS CIVIL LIBERTY

Civil Liberty is not Licence; it is not absence of restraint; it is a very positive thing which gives to every man under democratic institutions the opportunity of expressing his real self-intellectually as well as socially through speech and association. By its very nature, therefore, Civil Liberty implies rights of free speech and association as also an atmosphere in which each individual can exercise his right consistently with the rights of others. Such a democracy can only exist when there is complete absence of coercion, in short, when non-violence prevails. If direct or indirect coercion is permitted, if few can destroy the rights of



Mr. K. M. Munshi

many, civil liberty comes to an end.

LAW OF THE JUNGLE

For instance, if 500 strikers with the assistance of 50 goondas, by show of force coerce the remaining 50,000 timid loyal workers from going to work the atmosphere destroys the basis of civil liberty. If the liberty of an intimidator is so valuable that it cannot be interfered with, it means that those who are intimidated have no civil liberty of their own. Such a view would mean the prevalence of the law of the jungle, nor the rule of democracy.

NON-VIOLENCE

How is the absence of coercion to be secured? It can be done: First by men accepting and following non-violence as their creed; Secondly, by restraining the coercion exercised by those whose creed or programme is not based on honest non-violence. In this age, coercion has been reduced to a fine art. Two men with lathis in their hands standing near the mill-gates or a chawl are known to frighten hundreds. A couple of hooligans going to a worker's residence and abusing his wife to a fearful ex-

(Continued on page 7, Col. 4)

### DON'T GO ON HUNGER-STRIKE

*Sister Appeals To Andamans Prisoner*

CALCUTTA, Dec. 16.

Mrs. Indumati Singh, sister of Ananta Singh, a Chittagong Armoury Raid Case prisoner, has sent the following telegram to her brother in the Cellular Jail, Port Blair:—

"Gandhiji ill. He is slowly recovering. I appeal to you all not to resort to hunger-strike, but allow Gandhiji to take up your matter again on recovery. Do not be anxious.—United Press.

## Complete Repatriation By Jan. 19

CALCUTTA, Dec. 16.

When S. S. "Maharaja" leaves the shores of Andamans on January 19 next, there will be left no political prisoners from Bengal in the Cellular jails there and all of them, about 110 in number, would be repatriated to Bengal.

This will also include all prisoners convicted in connection with the Chittagong Armoury Raid case.—A. P.

### JAIL DELIVERY IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, December 16.

It is understood that of the 500 Bengalis, who are still under detention, 150 will shortly be sent to village or home domicile. The majority of the rest will be removed to the Berhampore Detention Camp, while those few, who are ailing, will be kept in different jails.

As regards the Andamans prisoners, now that their repatriation is a settled fact, the Bengal Ministry, it is reported, will soon consider the question of classification of the repatriated prisoners, which was one of the grievances of these prisoners, when they went on a hunger-strike in July last.

Gradual release of ordinary convicts in order to remove congestion in different jails in the Province is still continuing, and it is understood that about 1,000 such prisoners have so far been let off.—A. P

### DON'T PRECIPITATE CRISIS

CALCUTTA, December 16.

Mr. Shibnath Banerjee, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, has appealed to the Andamans politicals not to precipitate a crisis by hunger-strike now, but wait for one month more, by which time Gandhiji is expected to recover sufficiently to take up their cause.

A Conference of all associations which are sympathetic to Andamans politicals will be held under the joint auspices of the Provincial Congress Committee and the Bengal Congress Socialist Party this evening, when ways and means for taking concerted action, for continued agitation and thus to secure release of Andamans prisoners would be chalked out.—United Press.

## Chiang Kai-Shek's Manifesto To Nation

### "ULTIMATE VICTORY MUST BE OURS"

### We Must Not Surrender But March Forward

HANKOW, Dec. 16.

*"No matter how the present situation may change we must not surrender but march onward" declares General Chiang Kai-Shek in a manifesto to the nation in a broadcast from Field Headquarters.*

He says: "Since the beginning of the hostilities, the Chinese Army casualties on all fronts exceed 300,000 while loss of civilian life and property is beyond computation". He adds "as long as I live, I will pursue, to the utmost of my ability, resistance to the bitter end and secure ultimate victory for the nation. Appraising the [illegible] of the hostile [illegible] convinced that the present situation is favourable to China. The basis of China's future success is prolonged resistance, not found in Nanking or in big cities but in villages throughout China, and the fixed determination of the people. A time must come when Japan's military strength will be completely exhausted, thus giving us ultimate victory."—Reuter.

### Transport For South China?

SHANGHAI, December 16.

Thousands of Japanese troops boarded transports here for an undisclosed destination, believed to be Nanking or South China.—Reuter.

### BRITAIN WANTS ASSURANCE:

*There Should Be No Repetition*

LONDON, Dec. 15.

The British Note to Japan with regard to the Japanese attacks on British warships and merchantmen at Wuhu and near Nanking on December 12 says these incidents clearly raise grave issues.

After detailing the attacks the note says His Majesty's Government have been glad to receive the Japanese note of December 14 offering the Japanese Government's profound apology for attacks on His Majesty's ships, stating that measures will be immediately taken to prevent recurrence of such incidents and adding that they will deal suitably with those responsible and pay necessary compensation.

His Majesty's Government observe that the Japanese note does not mention the attacks on British merchantmen and Sir Robert Craigie has been instructed to request an assurance that all that is said therein applies equally to these attacks.

His Majesty's Government particularly note the statement that those responsible will be suitably dealt with. Adequate punishment to those responsible seems to His Majesty's Government the only method by which further outrages can be prevented.

His Majesty's Government can not but recall previous incidents in which the Japanese Government had expressed regret for attacks on British national and property and given assurances that adequate steps had been taken to prevent any repetition.

They recall the attack on Sir Hughe Knatchbull Hugessen, the subsequent attack on motorcars conveying British officials, attacks on British civilians and military posts in Shanghai as well as other incidents and the repeated assurances of the Japanese Government of their intention fully to respect the interests of the third powers in the present conflict with China.

His Majesty's Government must now ask to be informed that measures have actually been taken of a character which will put a definite stop to incidents to which they complain.—Reuter.

### NO JOINT ACTION AGAINST JAPAN

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.

The United States Government never considered and are not now considering a joint demonstration or any other naval action in connection with the Yangtse bombings declared Mr. Cordell-Hull replying to questions at a press conference.

Later it was added in high quarters here that it was quite out of question for the United States officials to answer hypothetical questions with regard to what action the United States Government might or might not take in future with regard to the safeguarding of American lives in the Far East, but it was well-known that force did not enter the general policy under which the United States Government has been seeking to end the Chinese war from the start.—Reuter.

### Rear-Admiral To Be Relieved Of Post

SHANGHAI, Dec. 16.

Rear Admiral Mitsunami, Chief of Aerial operations has been recalled to Tokio. It is semi-officially stated that he will be relieved of the post in accordance with the Japanese pledge to punish officers responsible for the bombing of "Panay."

JAPANESE ENTER "NEUTRAL ZONE"

The Japanese military police entered Jacquinot, "Neutral Zone," to carry out house-to-house search. They allege a Japanese sentry was shot on the wrist from the zone.—Reuter.

### JAPANESE TAKE OVER CUSTOMS

*Provisional Govt. Chairman's Order*

PEKING:—Wangkehmin, Chairman of the Administrative Commission of the new Provisional Government, announced that the Government had taken over the customs at Chinawangtao and Tientsin, where "the Customs Commissioners and their staffs have accepted the direction of the New Government.

"As regards loans secured on the Customs, the Provisional Government will naturally deal with them in a fair and just manner."—Reuter.

## How "Panay" Was Bombed

### Hull On Information That Makes Incident More Serious

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.

OFFICIAL REPORTS HAVE CONFIRMED THAT JAPANESE VESSELS MACHINEGUNNED THE "PANAY" AFTER IT WAS BOMBED BY JAPANESE AIRMEN, ANNOUNCED MR. CORDELL HULL. HE ADDED THAT THIS INFORMATION, WHICH MADE THE INCIDENT MORE SERIOUS THAN AT FIRST APPEARED, WOULD BE TRANSMITTED TO THE JAPANESE FOREIGN OFFICE IN THE FORM OF REPRESENTATIONS TO SUPPLEMENT THE FACTS ALREADY SET OUT IN THE FORMAL NOTE OF PROTEST AGAINST THE BOMBING.

State Department Officials further assert that it has been confirmed that while the "Panay" survivors were escaping in small boats, Japanese aeroplanes dived and machinegunned them from low altitudes, wounding two of them, also that before the "Panay" sank, two Japanese army motor boats approached the ship and machinegunned her, after which some Japanese boarded the "Panay" for five minutes although the United States Colours which were flying were easily discernible.

### JAPAN'S DENIAL

SHANGHAI: Japanese Naval and Military authorities emphatically deny that the "Panay" was machinegunned, before sinking, by Japanese manned motor boats.—Reuter.

### Recall Of Authority Who Sank 'Panay'

The Navy Ministry confirms that "the authority responsible" for the sinking of "Panay" has been recalled, namely Rear Admiral Mitsunami, Chief of Aerial operations.

The Foreign Office has handed a note to the British Embassy apologising for the destruction of steamers "Tuckwo" and "Tatung" on December 5 at Wuhu.—Reuter.

### "STEP IN RIGHT DIRECTION"

LONDON, Dec. 16.

The recall of Rear-Admiral Mitsunami and the semi-official announcement that he will be relieved of his post are regarded in London as a hopeful sign of a step in the right direction, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

At the same time, it is not possible to say how far this action will go towards meeting the British demands.

The reply to the British Note as a whole must be awaited.—Reuter.

### FOR ITALIAN PRESSMAN'S DEATH

*Japan Prepared To Bear Full Responsibility*

TOKIO, December 16.

The Japanese sent a Note to the Italian Ambassador expressing "most sincere condolence" in connection with the death of Sandri, the Press correspondent aboard the "Panay". The Note adds that the Japanese are prepared to bear the full responsibility and make necessary indemnification.—Reuter.

*British Note Presented To Tokio*

LONDON, Dec. 16.

Sir Richard Craigie called at the Foreign office and presented the British note to Baron Hirota.—Reuter.

# OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

### 3. LOST & FOUND

**Zies binoculars left during lunch** interval in Brabourne Clubhouse 11th instant. Finder please ring 26940 office hours. (9514)

### 42. SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted a Spinning Master for a** Cotton Mill in Bengal, at least with ten years experience in a first class cotton mill. The selected applicant shall have to act as Manager also. Apply within 31st. December 1937, with particulars and minimum salary expected to Box No. 7504, "Bombay Chronicle"

**Wanted—Assistants in the Bleaching,** Mercerising and Printing Departments. Those selected from among Science Graduates or Diplomates of any recognised technical institute in India will be placed in the grade of Rs. 50—5—80. Those with experience, with or without degree or diploma will be given salary according to their experience; such men should state in their application the minimum salary desired by them. Apply with full details to the Office Assistant, Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. (7505)

### 245. ASTROLOGERS

**Prof. Gill Cures Old and Incurable** diseases by Spiritualism and Prophesies, past, present and future by Phrenology and Palmistry. Possesses Certificates from all parts of world. Send birth date or time of writing with stamps. Visit 2 to 6. Gateway Hotel, Mahendra Mansions, Fort, Bombay. (9513)

### 327. AGENTS WANTED

**Sole Agents for an established** product extensively used by Government and Railway Departments. Post Box 481, Bombay. (9501)

### 336. BUSINESS FOR SALE

**For Sale big going concern business** in Bombay and up-country, well paying 15 per cent to 35 per cent, very good future prospects. Owner retiring, will accept partnership also. S. D. Billimoria, Shambhava Chamber, Sir P. M. Mehta Road, Bombay. (9524)

### 347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

**Wanted—Candidates for Free** Houses or small loans for short period, full particulars from P. B. No. 175 Lahore. (9515)

### 390. DYES-PAINTS-VARNISH

**R. & M. Colour Co., We stock all** kinds of Aniline Colours, suitable for mills and re-packers.. Our prices are cheaper. Apply to: S. D. Billimoria, Sambava Chambers Sir P. M. Mehta Rd., Fort, Bombay. (9519)

### 651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

**Wanted You to Earn Bonus of** Rs. 30,000 quickly, honestly and leisurely. Write for free details to M.B.F.; 209, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta. (9510)

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

### NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to fill a temporary vacancy in the Motor Vehicles Department of the Bombay City Police. Applicants must have had a thorough training in motor mechanics and must be good drivers. Knowledge of office work is also essential. The person selected will be subject to all the rules and regulations concerning discipline, etc., of the Force.

2. Pay Rs. 300, conveyance allowance Rs. 50 and clothing allowance Rs. 10 per mensem with free quarters, subject to any cut or revision of pay which may be ordered by Government hereafter.

3. Intending applicants should send in their applications in their own handwriting, stating their age, educational qualifications and practical experience in motor mechanics, together with certificates of moral character from two respectable persons.

4. Applications should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Taxation, Head Police Office, Bombay, and should reach him not later than 20th January 1938.

(Sd.) W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 15th December, 1937. (7511).

### NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY have given their sanction to the raising of a loan of Rs. 25 lacs at 3 3/4 per cent by the Ahmedabad Municipality for the Suburban Drainage Scheme in three instalments of Rs. 8, 10, and 7 lacs. The Municipality proposes to raise the first instalment of Rs. 8 lacs before 31st December, 1937.

Sealed tenders are invited from the public so as to reach the Chief Officer on or before 4 P.M. of 23rd Dec. 1937—An amount equal to 5 per cent of the face value of debentures tendered for, must be deposited with each tender without which no tender will be considered. The detailed prospectus of the loan and the tender form can be had from the Chief Accountant of the Ahmedabad Municipality on application. The interest will be paid from 7th January 1938 or from the date the amount of the debentures allotted in full is paid into the Municipal Treasury, whichever is later.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
7506.

## Public Notices

### TO LET

### MODERN OFFICES

TO LET in a large and well designed and situated Office building, consisting of Ground and Four floors with an average area of about 6500 sq. ft. per floor. Each floor divided into two independent wings of equal area. Ground floor suitable for a first class Show Room.

PROVIDED with all present day amenities. Will be air-conditioned if desired. Expected to be ready for occupation in April or May 1938

SITUATED on Ballard Estate at the Junction of Nichol and Wittet Roads; total frontage of 224 feet; Wittet Road side facing sea.

Long terms leases with options for renewal to intending tenants preferred.

For particulars apply to:
THE PREMIER CONSTRUCTION CO. LTD.,
Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate,
Fort, Bombay.

11th December, 1937. (7470)

### NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by Mr. Caesar D'Mello, President, Vile Parle Municipality for remetalling and asphalting the roads and will be received upto 5 P.M. on 4th January, 1938.

Further particulars can be obtained from the Office of the Municipality, Vile Parle.

Dated 14th December, 1937. (7503)

### KING EDWARD VII MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Provisions, etc., to the Nurses' Mess at the K. E.M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, for one year commencing from 1st March, 1938.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 17th January, 1938. Tenders must be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed as "Tenders for the supply of provisions, etc. to the Nurses' Mess at the K. E. M. Hospital."

Forms of tender, specifications, etc. and any other information that may be required will be supplied by the Dean's office, K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, on personal application. A charge of Rs. 2 will have to be paid for each sealed tender form.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to the general directions published with the tender.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
M.D. (Lond:), M.R.C.P. (Lond:)
DEAN.

Parel, Bombay
10-12-1937. 7462.

### THE POONA SWADESHI SUGAR MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Poona Swadeshi Sugar Manufacturing Co., Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay on the 10th day of January, 1938, at 4-30 O'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing as a Special resolution the following resolution that is to say:

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Jayantilal Kalyanrai Vaishnav be appointed Liquidator without remuneration for the purpose of such winding up with authority to the Liquidator to exercise all the Powers of the Liquidator."

Dated this 16th day of December 1937.

By order of the Board,
CHHABILDAS JESANGBHAI & CO.,
Agents.

80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (9526)

## Auction Sales.

### GANDHI & Co.
Government Auctioneers.

SALE THIS DAY.
AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT KURLA.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from the Mortgagee, Bai Katijabai, the widow of Haji Ismail Sharif Badshah, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Asab Jooman Haji, under the Power of Sale to the Mortgagee by the Indenture of Mortgagee dated 7th December 1935 sell by Public Auction undermentioned Immovable Property this day FRIDAY the 17th day of December 1937 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Leasehold land with dwelling house situate at Bazar Ward Kurla admeasuring 3151 Square Feet or thereabouts and registered under Survey No. 219, Plot No. 5 and House No. 1

For further Particulars please apply to the undersigned at their office at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

GANDHI & CO.,

### MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, MESSRS. MENESSE AND CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 21st December 1937, at 2 p.m. (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks the following goods: Art Silk Fents; Hardware, Cotton & Woollen P. goods: Medicine: Motor & Machinery parts: Building sand mix plush, etc.

MENESSE & CO.


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TO EXAMINE YOUR LUNGS BEFORE YOU SEE

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IN
"BONNIE SCOTLAND"


## Legal Notices

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JAYANTILAL CHIMANLAL VIRCHAND and RATILAL BALABHAI, both of Bombay Hindu inhabitants, the proving Executors of the Will of the late Chimanlal Virchand have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office at No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground (the cess whereon is redeemed) together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Forjet Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 267 sq. yds., or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 406 and 442 New Nos. A/2290 and A/2319, Old Survey No. 58 and New Survey No. 1/7066 and Cadastral Survey No. 10A/644 Malabar and Khambala Hill Division and which premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 3411 (7A) and Street No. 9 and are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East formerly by the property of Curmali Ebrahim and now of Haji Mahomed Cassum Trust, on or towards the West formerly by the property of Cawasji Manchershaw Doctor and now of Jugmohandas Dharamdas, on or towards the North by a road and on or towards the South by the property of Dinshaw Hormusji Bode.

Dated this 16th day of December, 1937.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
7510.

# KHER RETURNED UNOPPOSED

### Election Of Congress Delegates From Suburbs

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

The Secretary, Suburban District Congress Committee, announces that the following candidates have filed their nominations for the respective constituency as under:—

Constituency from Khar, Danda and Versova, 1 (seat) Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher (declared unopposed).

Constituency from Ghatkoper, 1 (seat) Smt. Kamalabehen Sanbhvi (Returned unopposed).

Constituency from Santa Cruz, 1 (seat) Sjt. C. V. Yogi ((Returned unopposed).

Constituency from Kurla-Bandra 1 (seat) Sjt. Dawood Suleman, Sjt. M. K. Deshpande.

Constituency from Mulund, Chembur and Borivali, 1 (seat) Sjt. V. N. Purao, Sjt. V. M. Astik, Sjt. D. Vijubhai.

Constituency from Andheri, Malad, Kandivali 1 (seat) Shantilal Shah, Sjt. N. G. Vaidya, Sjt. K. G. Patel, Smt. Devyani Desai.

Constituency from Vile Parle 2 (seat) Sjt. G. D. Bhatta, Sjt. I. M. Oza, D. M. Desai, Sjt. V. B. Sheth, Sjt. V. V. Ranade, Sjt. H. R. Mehta.

From the above it will appear that the contest is likely to be keen in Vile Parle and the Andheri Constituency.

It is further announced that if any candidate desires to withdraw, the withdrawal application should reach the President at Suman Villa, Juhu Road, Vile Parle, before the evening of the 20th inst. for consideration.

POLLING DATES AND TIME.

The dates for polling also has been fixed for each Constituency. 26th has been allocated to Kurla-Bandra voters as also to the Mulund-Borivali-Chembur Constituency, whereas the rest will have 25th as the polling day. The change is effected at the request of the respective Congress Committees. The polling time is fixed between 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.to 6 p.m. The polling stations will be announced later.

## *PEASANTS SUPPORT CONGRESS MINISTRY*

### *Shahada Taluka Conference Decision*

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHULIA, (By Mail.)

A grim struggle to prevent the establishment of the proposed Federation in the near future, in case other efforts failed, was envisaged by Mr. G. H. Deshpande, M.L.A., Nasik, at the Shahada Taluka Peasants Conference held at Shahada on December 9, in the course of his presidential address.

In the course of his speech Mr. Deshpande explained the policy and programme of the Congress in general and the Congress Ministry in particular, exhorting the audience to stand by the Congress solidly, as according to him, the success of the ministries depended entirely on the organised support of the masses. Emphasising the necessity of rallying round the banner of the Congress, for the achievement of independence, he impressed upon the audience that the formation of ministries under the new constitution was but a strategic step in the struggle carried on for the last half century, and stressed the necessity of availing of the opportunity presented by the formation of the Congress Ministry, to make the organisation of the Congress strong and perfect.

Several resolutions were passed at the conference, expressing complete confidence in the Congress Ministry, congratulating it on the splendid work done in the short period, and appealing to the masses to rally round the Congress.

Mr. Deshpande also addressed a mass meeting of Muslims, exhorting them to join the Congress and participate whole-heartedly in its struggle.

## *Alleged Defalcation In Baroda Govt. Department*

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, (By Mail:)

The opening ceremony of match factory at Billimora was performed last week by Mr. B. V. Desai, Suba of Navasari District.

It is understood that His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar is personally looking into the alleged defalcations in several departments during the last few years.

A scheme for having a network of district museums, not only for the exhibition but also sale of cottage industries products, has been prepared by the Hon. Mr. V. V. Giri, Madras Minister, who is attending the Industries Conference at Lahore, says a New Delhi message.

## *CONGRESS CAPTURES MUNICIPAL BOARD*

### *President And Vice-President Elected In Bijapur*

(From Our Correspondent.)
BIJAPUR, Dec. 15.

Municipal Presidential election was held to-day. Hiremath, a local pleader and staunch Congressman was elected President.

Congress Party secured overwhelming majority numbering twenty-four out of thirty. Muslim League alone is forming a separate group. Baburao Kembhavi, retiring President and Congressman congratulated the new President, Madhwarao Kembhavi has been elected Leader of the Congress Party unanimously Krishnarao Kaujalgi was elected Vice-President.

After the election the President and Councillors attended Flag Salutation ceremony. Mr. Hiremath in his short speech promised to maintain the prestige of the national flag. He appealed to Bijapur citizens to help him in his stupendous task in purging the local municipality of irregularities and making it an ideal one. He said he was proud to be the first servant of the city under Congress Party regime.

Venkatarao Naik on behalf of Karnataka Vaibhava and Samyukta Karnataka garlanded the outgoing and incoming Presidents. Incidentally he dwelt on the utility and advantage of well organized party system to civic life.

## HEALTH WEEK IN POONA

### Dr. Gilder Opens Exhibition

POONA, Dec. 14.

Dr M. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health, inaugurated this evening the Health Week and Exhibition organised by the Poona City Municipality, in co-operation with the Directorate of Public Health, the Agricultural College, Seva Sadan and other social welfare institutions in pursuance of their Anti-Malaria and Slum-Clearance campaign.

"In addition to the Exhibition, a novel scheme of street-cleaning has been arranged during the week. A batch of fifty sweepers of the Health Staff will clean two areas daily and Health Visitors and doctors will tour the localities to give health talks. Unvaccinated children will be searched for daily and vaccinated, while two lakhs of pamphlets will be distributed and other propaganda carried on.

Dr. Gilder was later taken round several localities of the city and shown the improvement schemes to be taken up and also the model Harijan Colonies. The Exhibition is being held in Bhawanipet, a Harijan neighbourhood.

The opening ceremony was well attended. Dr. Gilder congratulated the Municipality on the improvements achieved in sanitation and water supply and the new schemes of civic amenities and emphasised the need for more maternity and child welfare centres, pointing out the heavy infant mortality in Poona.

Dr. Gilder is leaving for Bombay to-night.—A. P.

## *Mr. Latthe & Weavers' Conference*

(From Our Correspondent.)
BIJAPUR, Dec. 15.

Hon. Mr. Latthe, Finance Minister, informs Local District Congress Committee that owing to heavy responsibilities regarding the forthcoming meeting of the Legislative Assembly it is not possible for him to visit Bijapur or any other Districts in Karnataka.

However he intimated that one of the Ministers would be sent to open Gulegudda Weavers' Conference.

## "Shia Majlisis"

Shia Majlisis will be held on the 26th, 27th and 28th inst., in Delhi, in the premises of the Shia Jamma-Mosque, Kashmeri Gate, Delhi, at 9 a.m., 2 p.m., and 7-30 p.m., daily under the auspices of the Shia Majlis League, Delhi. The following Ulemas and Mujtahids of all-India fame will deliver their lectures at the appointed time:—

(1) Molvi Saiyed Kalbe-Hassan Mujtahid of Lucknow. (2) Molvi Saiyed Mohd. Ahmed Nabera of Molvi S. Ammar-Ali Mujtahid of Sonepat. (3) Molvi Saiyed Laqa-Ali Haidri preacher of Iraq, Africa, and China. (4) Molvi Qari Hafiz Kifayat Hussain, preacher of Madrasatul Waezeen of Lucknow. (5) Molvi Saiyed Ibne-Hassan Nonehrevi Mujtahid, and (6) Khateebe Azam Molvi Saiyed Mohammad Zaidi of Delhi.

### NEW PUBLIC HEALTH DIRECTOR

GAUHATI, Dec. 15.

Dr. Surendranath Dutta, an Assamese, has been appointed Assistant Director of Public Health for the Assam Valley and has taken charge of his office at Gauhati. He is the first Assamese to be appointed to the post.—A. P.


## ARRIVED

PANDIT HARIDATT SHASTRI, a celebrated person in Spiritual Science has come for only two days in Bombay. Those desirous of taking an advantage of him can do so at the following address between 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

Address:

PANDIT HARIDATT SHASTRI,
C|o Kanayalal Ramsharandas.
Mulji Jetha Building,
Vithalwadi, Bombay.

## COULDN'T SLEEP FOR STOMACH TROUBLE

If you have difficulty in sleeping, the experience of Mrs. A. B. will help you. For years this lady did not know what a good night's rest was. Night after night her stomach nagged pitilessly and drove sleep away. So-called "remedies" proved useless. Nothing relieved her until she took Maclean Brand Stomach Powder.

Then, what a change! This famous stomach remedy got to the root of the trouble. It soothed the inflamed stomach walls, drove out excess wind, counteracted acidity. Stomach pains went. Sound refreshing sleep returned.

If *you* sleep badly, don't take harmful drugs, don't waste money on unproven remedies. Put your stomach right. Simply get a bottle of the original MACLEAN BRAND Stomach Powder with the "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" signature on the carton and bottle, and the red seal on the carton. Then take the powder regularly. You will sleep well because you have made your stomach clean and sweet and healthy. Maclean Brand is never sold loose—only in bottles in cartons (powder or tablets). If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to J. L. Morison, Son & Jones (India), Ltd., Standard Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.

## TO-MORROW

You will hear love on the air in one of the most sensational pictures of the year—

SURENDRA & MAYA

IN

'Eternal Music'

A SAGAR SUCCESS

with
KRISHNA KUMARI—
BHUDO ADVANI—
SANKATHA—
SITARA—
JAMMU PATEL—
SIDDIQUI—
GULZAR—
PESSI PATEL.

Directed By:—:HIREN BOSE

TO-MORROW at

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Daily: 5-15—8—10-30
Matinee at 2-30 on Saturdays, Sundays & Holidays.

ACCLAIMED AS THE MASTER-PIECE OF SCREEN ART
A SONG OF DIVINE LOVE!

New Theatres, Ltd. (Calcutta)'s Screen-Epic—

VIDYA-PATI

Starring:—
PAHARI SANYAL
THE ROXY
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.


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# AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Two well-dressed gentlemen drove up near the Embarkation Office yesterday noon in a yellow car threw a bundle on the road. The car then drove away at break-neck speed.

A Pathan watchman, who was on duty, saw the bundle being thrown out. The sudden disappearance of the car roused his suspicions. He picked up the suspicious-looking bundle. He opened it and saw a new-born babe. He informed the police, who removed the body to the morgue.

The police surgeon, who held a post-mortem examination, stated that it was a babe born prematurely.

## REBUILDING BOMBAY-POONA ROAD

### W. I. A. A. President Thanks Govt.

The W.I.A.A. dinners which were postponed for some time back, were revived on Wednesday, when over 350 members and guests were present.

After dinner, Mr. Ormerod, the President of the Association, in a short speech remarked that the membership had increased by over a thousand in the course of the last year, reaching the satisfactory figure of 7074.

He was glad to announce that Sir Stenson Cooke, Secretary of the Automobile Association of Great Britain would be in Bombay soon and therefore the next dinner was fixed for the 8th February to give members a chance to meet him.

Continuing, he referred to the intention of the Government of Bombay to re-build the Bombay-Poona Road with distinct arrangement for fast and for slow moving traffic.

He finally exhorted the members to pay more attention to the matter of unnecessary hooting, which had given Bombay the unenviable reputation of being one of the noisiest cities.

Miss B. Cursetji then described her own experiences on the Bombay-Poona road, when another member of the W. I. A. A. came to her rescue after a breakdown, incidentally demonstrating the value of a W. I. A. A. membership.

An amusing competition to attempt to guess the correct number of W. I. A. A. badges distributed since 1932 was won by Mrs. H. Masani and Mr. Rashid Ali Baig with Miss Leela Row a very close second.

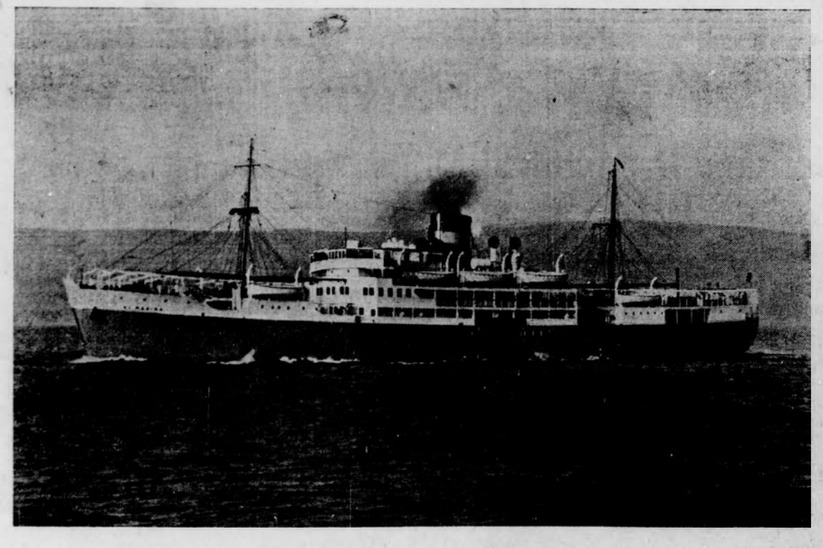
Some more prizes were distributed for Spot Dance and Lucky numbered programmes.

## Friends Rush Mr. Jamshed Mody To Charak Clinic After Fall In Riding

BOMBAY, Thursday.

**Mr. Jamshed N. Mody of Messrs. Brandon and Co., met with a serious accident this morning at 6-45, while riding at the Mahaluxmi Race Cource. He sustained a fracture of the base of the skull.**

At the time of the accident, fortunately for him, his friends, Messrs. D. P. Sethna, Furdoonji and Jehangirji Cama were on the spot and rendered him all help and removed him to the Charak Clinic, where he is lying in a precarious condition.



About 2,000 prominent Muslims and other guests responded to the invitation issued by the Scindia S. N. Co., to inspect their newly built Haj Line steamer "Al Madina", which is to depart for Jeddah from Bombay on January 3, 1938.

It's John Barrymore, who stars in "Bulldog Drummond Comes Back" at Pathe from Saturday.

## PANGARKAR DEMANDS RELEASE FROM DEPORTATION ORDER

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, Dec. 14.

Mr. D. M. Pangarkar the well-known labour leader has recently addressed a letter to Home Minister Mr. Munshi, requesting him to cancel the order of deportation from Bombay Presidency that was served on him on 28th March 1929 on the eve of the Meerut Conspiracy case arrests.

Mr. Pangarkar expresses great surprise that his order has not been cancelled while other repressive orders passed against all other labour leaders have been rescinded.

In conclusion Mr. Pangarkar states that he desires early deliverence from the old order as he desires to attend the Haripura Congress during February next.

A luxury aeroplane estimated to cost dollars 70,000 arrived in Karachi from America for His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur.

## BOMBAY MILL WORKERS' UNION

### Govindrao Bhonsale Elected New Chairman

The General Secretary of the Bombay Mill Workers' Union, writes:—

An urgent meeting of the Managing Committee of the Union was held on Wednesday at 8-30 p.m. when Mr. Govindrao Bhonsale was elected President of the Union till the Annual General Meeting.

## TOYO PODDAR MILL STRIKE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The authorities of the Toyo Poddar Mill declared a lock-out yesterday but to-day all the departments except the spinning were allowed to work. The spinners, who struck work, are still holding out.

The authorities, it is understood, have put up a notice that those who will not resume work to-day will be regarded as dismissed.

## BERAR PROVINCIAL CONGRESS

### Dr. Satyapal To Preside

(From A Correspondent.)

MORSI, (By Mail.)

The dates of the Berar Provincial Conference have not yet been finally fixed. The Reception Committee is awaiting Pandit Jawaharlal's reply.

Dr. Satyapal, President, Punjab Congress Committee has consented to preside. Pandit Kanade Shastri, Messrs. Akarte, Jaggulal and Baba Saheb Mohavir are touring the whole district.

People of Amraoti District are showing unprecedented enthusiasm. The Conference promises to be a great success.

## HANSA MEHTA AT SANGLI

SANGLI, (By Mail).

Mrs. Hansa Mehta, the Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier, Government of Bombay, was the President of the Students' Gathering of the City High School at Sangli, on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Mehta stated that the Government of Bombay was more interested in primary education and thought of entrusting secondary education to institutions like this. She paid a tribute to the splendid work of the school and referred to the Wardha scheme of education. She emphasised the need for vocational training and physical training.—A. P.

## ALL ACCUSED ACQUITTED

Holding that there was a misjoinder of charges and persons and there could not be one trial for so many offences, the Chief Presidency Magistrate acquitted all the accused in the All-India Security Life and Assurance Company case.

## Fourth All-India Children's Gathering

All the functions of the 4th All-India Children's Gathering, Bombay, from 25th to 28th instant will be held at Azad Maidan and not at Gowalia Tank Maidan, as announced previously.

Seth. Narayanlal Bansilal and Lady Dinshaw Petit, Lady Cowasji Jehangir have also agreed to act as Vice-Chairwomen of the Reception Committee of the Gathering.

Lodging arrangements for girls boys will be made separately. Only vegetarian food will be supplied to all.

Full particulars about the gathering may be had from the General Secretary, 4th All-India Children's Gathering, Victoria Building, 2nd Floor, Parsi Bazar Street, Bombay.

The following further donations have been received by the Reception Committee of the 4th All-India Children's Gathering, Bombay:—

Mr. Motilal Chimanlal Setalvad Rs. 200, Mr. C. B. Mehta Rs. 25, The Haji Alarakhia Rahimtula Sonawala Trust No. 2, Rs. 500, Dowager Lady Cowasji Jehangir Rs. 50, Mr. Laxmidas R. Tairsee Rs. 15.

The Shikarpur Municipality has resolved to present a Civic Address to Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, during his forthcoming visit in connection with the Sind Assembly Congress Programme Conference.

LIFE IS WHAT YOU MAKE IT

MAKE LIFE MORE satisfying with WINCARNIS

ARE you in step with Health—or for ever lagging behind, weighed down by continual tiredness, staleness, exhaustion? Don't fight against yourself—turn your energies to enjoying the good things of Life! Thousands have done it with the aid of Wincarnis. This great tonic fortifies the blood-stream, builds up vitality, gives you the energy of Youth. If you are run-down or convalescent, Wincarnis makes you robust and vigorous; if you are fit, it keeps you fit and assures you a legacy of good health for your future children. Always have Wincarnis—and learn what *real* health can be like!

20,000 recommendations from medical men advise Wincarnis—the unfailing body-builder specially prepared for this climate.

WINCARNIS

The way to health

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Coleman & Co. Ltd., Wincarnis Works, Norwich, England

Spray FLIT—the deadly enemy of insects

You can't kill mosquitoes with inferior "insecticides"!

Flit is most deadly to insects because it contains a combination of killing agents found in no other insecticide. Flit spray does not stain and is harmless to humans and animals. Beware of all substitutes that masquerade under the name of Flit. Each Flit tin is sealed to protect you from fraudulent refilling. Always insist on the famous yellow tin with the Flit soldier and black band—your guarantee of getting the one and only Flit.

FLIT always KILLS!

Sole Distributors:—HERBERTSONS, LTD., Calcutta & Bombay.

TO-DAY the 17th

ANOTHER *LANDMARK* IN THE EVOLUTION of IN INDIA

PFAFF

THE PERFECT SEWING MACHINES

REMOVAL

of Messrs. BELL & Co., Ltd.
Sole Agents to their NEW GRAND PREMISES
BLDG. SIR PHEROZSHAW MEHTA ROAD, BOMBAY.

Mr. KARL PFAFF the Manufacturer HIMSELF
HAS SPECIALLY FLOWN DOWN TO INDIA
FROM GERMANY
for the

OPENING CEREMONY

EXHIBITION

of all SEWING & EMBROIDERY WORK
OF PFAFF MACHINES—17th TO 24th DEC.

"All Quiet on the Cine-Wrestling Frontiers"

PRAKASH

'His Highness'

&

PRAKASH—PICTURES'

'His Highness'

IN THE 3RD VICTORIOUS WEEK

AT SUPER Talkies

GAMA The WORLD CHAMPION Wrestler in the Company of all his Pupils has kindly consented to Open the Third Glorious Week on

FRIDAY, 17th DECEMBER at 5-15 p.m. sharp

GAMA THE KING OF THE WRESTLING WORLD WITH HIS PUPILS AND PRAISERS

&

The King OF THE CINE WORLD WITH HIS ADMINISTRATORS & ADVISERS

HAVE

MUTUALLY decided to meet each other breast to breast and as friend to friend without any whip or weapon to conclude a "TREATY TO WIPE-OFF THE LINES OF THE CINE-WRESTLING BOUNDARIES

AT

SUPER Talkies

ON

FRIDAY, 17th DECEMBER AT 5-15 P.M. SHARP

# Saturday's Races At Mahaluxmi

## Acceptances For Fourth Day Of Xmas Meeting

***The following are the horses left in for Fourth Day of Xmas Meeting to be run at Mahaluxmi, on Saturday, December 18:—***

### *First Race--1-45 p.m.*

THE BUSHIRE PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second, Rs. 500; Third, Rs.250.

For Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1937, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties—Winners, once, 7lbs.; oftener, 12lbs. Allowance—Pnoies 14 hands and under, 4lbs.

(To be Ridden by Licensed Riding Boys).

Wahid al Iraq 9-2; Bon Jour 8-13; Gazal 8-13; Hilal al Nusser 8-13; Munnha 8-13; Spes 8-6; Great Feast 8-6; New York 8-6; Hampstead 8-6; Sahad Habib 8-6; Noori 8-6; Samavi 8-6; Taj Lebanon 8-6; Ghazalan 8-6; Fahad Pasha 8-6; Kabadon Jamil 8-6; Al Faiz 8-6.

### *Second Race—2-15 p.m.*

THE BUSHIRE PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; Second, Rs. 500; Third, Rs. 250.

For Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1937, direct from the country of foaling. W.A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties—Winners, once, 7lbs.; oftener, 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4lbs.

Great Star 9-4; Reformer 8-13; Saad Taha 8-13; Prince Hilal 8-13; Nayib al Iraq 8-13; Al Rabi 8-13; Hilal Beg 8-13; Fahad Beg 8-13; Red Mark 8-13; Al Hujaz 8-13; Jamshid Pasha 8-6; Zaid ul Khair 8-6; Moonif 8-6; Jirnas 8-6 Kajd Saoud 8-6; Anwar 8-6, Sadoni 8-6.

### *Third Race—2-45 p.m.*

THE BATH PLATE.--Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second, Rs. 700; Third, Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Remarque 9-2; Rathlorn 9-0; Havana II 9-0; Conquering 8-0 Muazzam Pasha 8-12; Sir Amos 8-12; Lord Clarion 8-12; Charward 8-7; How's That 8-7; Zorawar 8-0; Sun-Up 8-7; Anita 8-3; Miss Grenville 8-2; Resolve 8-0; Grande Dame 8-0; Master Mint 8-0; Gorgus 7-11; Devonian 7-5; Eastern Queen 7-5.

### *Fourth Race—3-15 p.m.*

THE IDAR GOLD CUP—Distance 7 Furlongs.

A Gold Cup value £100 presented by H. H. The Maharaja of Idar and Rs. 6,000 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 4,000; Second, Rs. 1,400; Third, Rs. 600.

For Indian Horses 3 years old at the time of starting. W.A. raised 4lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st July, 1937, of a race value Rs. 3,000 or over 9lbs extra. Winners after the above date of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 7,000 or over 5lbs. in addition to the above penalities.

Vandyke 8-4; Hue d'Or 8-4; Cherie 8-4, Advance 8-4; Sappho 8-4; Full Faith 8-4.

### *Fifth Race—3-45 p.m.*

THE CRAVEN STAKES.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 6,000; Second, Rs. 1,500; Third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Gipsy Jack 9-2; Irish Broadcast 7-11; Mythical Monk 9-0; Cartoon 9-0; Fearless Prince 8-13; Lingo 8-0, Karaway 8-11; Himat 8-7; Manifold 8-4; Harem 8-4 Robert 8-0; Thermometer 7-12; King of France 7-12; Masquerader 7-11; Bekorah 7-7.

### *Sixth Race—4-15 p.m.*

THE STEWARDS CUP. Distance—1 1/4 Miles.

A Cup value Rs. 750 and Rs. 6,000; from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 4,000; Second, Rs. 1,400; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Bunny Smith 9-7; Pegasus 9-0; Dynamite 7-7; Sea Battle 8-11; Kirkibost 8-11; Ashvaraj 8-9; Another Delight 8-9; Wait-a-Bit 8-7; Gay Bachelor 8-2; Don Tancredo 8-4; Flamcoe 8-4; Nouste Henric 8-0; Honeysuckle 8-4; Gordon 8-2; Consols 7-11; Hill Note 7-9; Jubilee Essex 7-7; Kingsborough 7-4; Goblin 7-4.

### *Seventh Race—4-45 p.m.*

THE BATHURST PLATE. Distance 1 Mile 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,250; Third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Motky 9-4; Star of Persia 9-0; Natbay 7-11; Assault-at-Arms 9-0; Blandello 8-12; Ballylinch 8-12; Rigoletta 8-11; Etessam 8-10; Mr. Pip 8-7; Fred Stephens 8-10; Don Valley 8-7; Ootman 8-7; Night Alarm 8-5; Saxon Prince 8-2; Royal Task 8-0; Grecian Orb 7-12; Cash 7-12; Heritance 7-12; Pall Mall 7-11; Irish Ford 7-9; Coeur Brule 7-7; Perrier 7-7.

### *Eighth Race—5-15 p.m.*

THE WESTERN INDIA CUP. Distance—1 Mile.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000; and Rs. 30,000 from the Fund Winner, the Cup and Rs. 20,000; Second, Rs. 7,000; Third Rs. 3,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Finalist 9-12; His Lordship 9-11; Heritage II 9-0; Barra Sahib 8-4; Lyon's Mail 8-0; Pas Libre 8-0; Why 8-0; House of Lords 8-0; Field Marshal 7-12; Romney 7-11; Inflation 7-11; Irongrey 7-11; Talk 7-6; Light Sussex 7-0.

### *Ninth Race—5-45 p.m.*

THE STETCHWORTH PLATE. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,500; Third Rs. 600. A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Mamluk al Iraq 9-0; Iraq Bahadur 8-0; Karam Allah 9-0; Jahan Ara 9-0; Yawir Awar 8-9; Vershan 8-9; Burgess 8-2; Fadhilat al Hawa 8-2; Blanche 8-0; Rajput 7-11; The Duke 7-11; Walk Over 7-11; Bahar Neel 7-9; Al Hazar 7-9; Al Ghazi 7-9; Taj Subhan 7-7; Aziza 7-5.

## *MAJ. NAYUDU TO CAPTAIN C. I. CRICKET XI*

A strong Central India Cricket XI will be selected, under the captaincy of Major C. K. Nayudu, out of the following fourteen players, to oppose Lord Tennyson's Team, in a three-day cricket match beginning on December 21, at Indore:—

1. Major C. K. Nayudu (Captain),
2. Mushtaq Ali,
3. Hazare,
4. Ziaulhasan,
5. Vandarkar Tatarao,
6. Ishtiaqali,
7. Jadhav,
8. Sardar Mohamedkhan,
9. Godrej,
10. Naidu,
11. Shahabuddin,
12. Raghunathrao,
13. Holkar,
14. Usufali.

## Surat Inter-Club Tennis:

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT, (By Mail).

The Inter-Club Doubles Tennis Tournament conducted by the Surat Tennis Club, came to a successful conclusion on Sunday last, when the final was played between Nagabhushan and B. N. Desai (Surat Tennis Club) vs T. C. Hale and S. B. Mody (Surat Gymkhana). The former annexed the trophy beating the Surat Gymkhana 6—3, 6—3.

Mr. Sladen, the Collector, who presided over the prize distribution function announced with acclamation that Dr. A. H. Patel had agreed to donate a Challenge Cup for the event.

Mrs. Sladen gave away the prizes for the winners and the runners-up

Karachi.—Wells, fireman of the ill-fated 7 Up Karachi-Lahore Mail which was involved in a collision against a goods train near Mirpur Mathelo station on Friday last succumbed to injuries on Tuesday night. His cortege took place on Thursday morning.

# Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

## Heritage II, Mythical Monk And Sea Battle Work Well:

**Racing has now been in progress for five weeks and horses which were backward early on have come on remarkably. One such is HERITAGE II whose morning work has given all round satisfaction. The following gallops were noted through the week.**

**From Our Racing Correspondent.**

HERITAGE II (Burn) easily accounted for HIS LORDSHIP (Hutchins) in a smart mile gallop on the tan. He has come on considerably within the last fortnight

INFLATION (Rook) held a slight advantage over DIGNITARY (Selby) in a run over the mile. Both are well

FIELDMARSHAL (Britt) was always going better than THERMOMETER (R. Boy) in mile gallop run at a solid pace He has never been better

LYON'S MAIL (Whiteside) and HOUSE OF LORDS (Meekings) showed to advantage in a strong mile run. They finished about level and are very well just now

CARTOON showed good speed for seven furlongs. An improving sort

MYTHICAL MONK (Selby) had HIMAT (Bullock) well beaten in a dash over the seven. He must be seen to advantage before long.

MASQUERADER (Marrable) moved well over seven furlongs.

KING OF FRANCE (Brace) shaped better than IRISH BROADCAST (Evans) over seven furlongs on the tan. One to note.

HAREM (Brace) was in front of PAPER BOY (O'Neale) at the end of a fast seven furlongs on the race-track.

OOTMAN (Burn) moved freely and well over the nine.

ETESSAM (Rook) and MR. PIP (Selby) were given a nice pace working gallop over the nine. They were well together at the end.

HERITANCE (Gethin) and HOW'S THAT (Bell) shaped well over the six. Fit horses.

NATBAY (Hutchins) held STAR OF PERSIA (Burn in a brisk mile gallop. Latter was not extended.

CASH (Riding Boy) and MASTER MINT (Britt) pleased in a dash over the six The former will bear watching.

ASSAULT-AT-ARMS (Brace) and ROYAL TASK (O'Neale) covered nine furlongs in attractive fashion. Both are fit and well.

SEA BATTLE (R. Boy) finished strongly over ten furlongs and held IRISH FORD (Brace) comfortably.

BUNNY SOUTH (Meekings) moved like a fit horse over the nine. Must be winning a nice race before many days have passed.

GORDON (Britt) had the measure of SHELLEY (Forsyth) in a run over ten furlongs.

KINGS-BOROUGH (O'Neale) beat QUICK IMAGE in a rousing ten furlongs spin. He has improved.

THURLESTONE (Mendoza) showed better speed than MISS GRENVILLE (Burn) over six furlongs. Latter's improvement is slow.

BASTION (Bullock) and SAPPHO (Selby) were seen to advantage over six furlongs. Latter shaped creditably and should be watched.

REFORMER (Maxwell) did five furlongs in good time. Improves with every gallop.

FAHAD BEG (Burn) gave all round satisfaction when sent six furlongs.

The following have worked well:—GHAZALAN, IRAQ BAHADUR, BURGESS, BLANCHE, RAJPUT.

## BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

### Civil Appointments

Mr. T A J Ayyar, Manager, Development Department Chawls, is granted leave on half average pay for four months from date of relief.

Mr. R Y Bendre is appointed to officiate as Manager, Development Department Chawls, vice Mr. T A J Ayyar, proceeding on leave.

Mr. A C Hiley, Chief Conservator of Forests, is granted from 10th March, 1938, leave on average pay for three months and 26 days followed by leave on half average pay for four months and four days.

POLITICAL AND REFORMS DEPARTMENT (HOME).

Mr. B H Taylor, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sholapur, to officiate as District Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, vice Mr. H B Kidd, transferred.

Mr. H B Kidd, on relief, to hold temporary appointment of Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr. J Albernethy, on relief to act in one of the four permanent appointments of Deputy Commissioner of Police for the City of Bombay.

A second temporary appointment of Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay is created and Mr. C W E U'ren is appointed to hold it from the date he assumes charge of the appointment till 30th April, 1938.

Mr. D S Joshi, I.C.S., to officiate as Under Secretary to Government, Home Department, and Passport Officer to Government, Vice Mr. N A Faruqui, I.C.S., transferred.

Mr. A M MacDonald, on completion of his special duty in Ahmedabad, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police (on probation), Poona, vice Mr. A E Davies.

Lieutenant-Colonel W C Spackman, Professor of Midwifery and Gynaecology, Grant Medical College, and Senior Specialist in Obstetrics with Gynaecology ,Bai Motlibai and Sir D M Petit Hospitals, Bombay, is granted leave from 22nd May 1938.

Mr. Shiv Narayan, I.E.S., Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering, College of Engineering, Poona, to officiate as Principal of the College from 1st April, 1938, vice Mr C Graham-Smith, I.E.S., retiring.

Mr. H V R Iengar, I.C.S., to be Secretary to Government, Finance Department, from 14th May, 1937, vice Mr C G Freke.

Dr. V B Gokhale, to be Consulting Surgeon at Sassoon Hospitals, Poona.

Dr. J M Damany, to be Honorary Aural Surgeon at Out-patient Department of St. George's Hospital, Bombay, for two years from date on which he reports himself for Duty.

Leave on average pay for one month and four days preparatory to retirement is granted to Mr. V. M. Sant, Officiating Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, from 13th December, 1937.

Mr. V. H. Ghanekar, Mamlatdar of Sangamner, is appointed to act as District Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, from the date of taking over charge.

Mr. S. J Ohol, Mahalkari of Karjat, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Sangamner vice Mr. Ghanekar.

## NATIONAL HISTORY CONFERENCE

### Move To Start Academy

BENARES, December 15.

More details about the forthcoming National History Conference are now available. Invitations over the signatures of Dr. Hiranand Shastri, Director of Archaeology, Baroda, Dr. Prabodh Bagchi, the leading Indian Sinologist, Acharya Narendra Dev and Sjt. Jaychandra Vidyalankar as conveners and Dr Bhagwandas, Babu Shrinath Sah and Rai Krishnadas as Chairman, Treasurer and Secretary of the Reception Committee, have been issued to about a hundred persons throughout India and ceylon, classified into two groups as 'workers engaged in research-work relating to Indian history' and some others interested in the work."

NATIONAL ACADEMY

For fulfilling these objects it is proposed to start a National Academy, a constitution for which has been drafted by the late Dr. K. P. Jayaswal and Sjt. Jayachandra Vidyalankar in consultation with Babu Rajendra Prasad. A nucleus of the Academy will be formed by a set of life members, who will vow to dedicate their lives to Indian Research. Co-operation of other scholars will be sought by enrolling them as honorary or corresponding members and of the general public by enlisting them as patrons, members and subscribers.

There will be a council elected out of the honorary, corresponding and life members to organise research on the lines laid down in the sessions of the Academy and it will also include, when considering external question relating to management of funds, etc., representatives of the patrons, members, subscribers etc.

The first conference which meets at the Bharat Mata Mandir, Benares, on December 30 and 31 will discuss and pass the constitution of the proposed Academy, elect its Provincial Council and lay down work for the ensuing year.—United Press.

## *Poona Metal Workers' Call Off Strike*

POONA, Dec. 14.

Messrs. S. M. Joshi and D. S. Lad, Joint Secretaries of the Metal Workers' Strike Committee, have issued the following statement to the Press:—

The metal workers of Poona who had many long standing grievances struck work on December 2. The strike was entirely spontaneous. After a grim struggle of 12 days the workers succeeded in getting some justice and came out of the struggle with a strengthened organisation. For the last four days Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., had been negotiating for an agreement with the Merchants' Association. An agreement giving a substantial increase of 30 per cent. in the wages of the workers was reached.

Consequently the Strike Committee with the approval of the workers have decided to call off the strike and resume work as early as possible.

With regard to the other demands negotiations will continue and there is every hope that they will be settled amicably. In order to secure the benefit earned in this struggle, the workers have started their Union.

We thank Messrs. N. V. Gadgil and Jedhe for their help and assistance in bringing about the agreement.—United Press.

## DAMAGES SUIT AGAINST POLICE OFFICER

### For Removing Flag From Private Building

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail.)

In connection with the removal of Congress flag from a private building in Vedgenhalli in Bangalore Taluk when a Congress meeting was being held, Mr. K. Sampangiramiah, Advocate, on behalf of the owner of the building has issued a notice on the Sub-Inspector demanding an unconditional apology and damages to the extent of Rs. 100.

Sjt. H. K. Veeranna Gowda, Member, Representative Assembly and Secretary, Congress Assembly Party is on a propaganda tour throughout the State on behalf of the Mysore Congress Board. He is being closely watched by the police and meetings are being dispersed. Counter propaganda by the Government against the Congress is also in full swing. The village officers and local officials are given instructions not to help the Congress.

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## TRAVEL MADE HIM CONSTIPATED

### Salesman Says Kruschen the Only Thing

TO KEEP HIM "ON HIS TOES"

"I am a commercial traveller," writes a correspondent, "and due to endless travelling by train I find that I become constipated if I do not keep myself well purged. Kruschen Salts is the only thing that will do this effectively and not interfere with my work, I take a large dose of Kruschen every Saturday night and on Sunday, when I have no work to do, the Salts act on me. On week-days I take a small dose the first thing on rising. It is necessary that I be 'on my toes' all through the day, and this is the only way that it possibly can be done. I have tried other laxatives and they have proven to be either unreliable or harsh in their action."—V.L.

Half the ills which afflict humanity can be traced to one root cause. That cause is internal sluggishness; failure to keep the inside free from poisonous waste matter.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to smooth, regular action. Your inside is thus kept clear of those impurities which, when allowed to accumulate, lower the whole tone of the system.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.



**PATHE**

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

2ND GRAND WEEK!

TO-DAY ONLY

As Thrilling as the Sea—
As Great as the Men
Who SAIL IT!

The GREATEST DRAMA Of the SEA ever Brought to THE SCREEN!

DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT!



**REGAL**

DAILY 3 SHOWS

AT 3-30; 6-30 & 10 P M.

HER DIARY told all the world wanted to know about life and love behind the throne ... Now it flames on the screen!

VICTORIA THE GREAT

Anna NEAGLE • Anton WALBROOK

H. B. WARNER • WALTER RILLA

With many scenes in TECHNICOLOR

RKO RADIO Picture

Produced and Directed by Herbert WILCOX

Also LATEST NEWS By Air

FREE LIST SUSPENDED!



**THE EXCELSIOR**

THREE SHOWS DAILY

AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day

Hindu: Margashirsha Shud 14, 1994
Muslim: Shavaal 13, 1356
Parsi: Tir 13, 1307
Hightide: 11-04 —
Lowtide: 5-22 17-17
Sunrise: 7h 4m
Sunset: 6h 5m

S. S. 'Cathay' with mails from London of the 2nd instant due at 5 a.m.

Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition at Azad Maidan 4 p.m. to 11 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Borneo Maru' left Sakito on December 13 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 8 via Singapore and Colombo.

AIR SERVICES TO KATHIAWAR

The scheduled 'plane arrived on Thursday at 5-45 p.m. from Kathiawar with 4 passengers.

MAHARASHTRA HIGH SCHOOL

The Datta-Jayanti will be celebrated at the Maharashtra High School, Lower Parel, to-day (Friday) at 8 a.m. when Mr. R. R Gadgil, will address the students.

HARI KATHA

Shrimati Kamladevi Thaker of Bhavnagar will give Hari Katha recital with music to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. at the Luxminarayan Mandir, Tagore Road Santa Cruz.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

The first meeting of the newly elected Managing Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. at the premises of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood to co-opt three members to the Managing Committee.

BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

The Secretary, B. M. C., writes:

The meeting originally fixed for the 18th instant is postponed to 15th January, 1938, on account of the lectures by members of the British Scientists' Delegation.

THE BOMBAY SHAREHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION

The second quarterly meeting of the Association will be held in its office (Agakhan Building, Dalal Street, Fort) to-day (Friday) at 5 p.m. and immediately after the aforesaid meeting is over the third quarterly meeting of the Association will be held.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Theosophical Federation, there will be a public lecture by Mr. Ardesher N. Bilimoria in Gujarati to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, on "Body, Character, and Destiny". Part 7th with Charts.

ROBERT W. CABLE MEMORIAL FUND

A meeting of the subscribers of the Robert W. Cable Memorial Fund will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Architectural Section of the Sir J. J. School of Art Bombay, to consider the scheme proposed by the Executive Committee of the above Fund.

THE BOMBAY BIOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Biological Association, a meeting will be held to-day (Friday) in the Royal Institute of Science, Room No. 2 at 1-45 p.m., when Dr. R. Ruggles Gates, F.R.S. Professor of Botany, King's College, London will deliver a lecture on "Genetics", Lt.-Col. S. S. Sokhey, Director, Haffkine Institute, will preside.

## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"100 Men and A Girl" and Prof. Ghose and His Company Variety Programme. Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR "Ever Since Eve". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Moti-Ka-Har". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Unexpected". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m

MAJESTIC "Duniya Kya Hai?". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE "Parakh". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

PATHE—"Souls at Sea". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Savitri" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

REGAL "Victoria The Great". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Vidyapati". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

THE BROADWAY—"Three Smart Girls". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m

SUPER TALKIES—"His Highness" Time as usual.

WELLINGTON—"Parnell," Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST-END—"Toofani Toli". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

## Maj. NAYUDU'S EXCLUSION

### Bombay (Suburban) Students' Protest

The following resolution was passed by the Executive Committee of the Bombay (Suburbs) Students' Union on the exclusion of Major Nayudu from the Second Unofficial Test Team which met Lord Tennyson's Eleven.

This meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union, (Suburbs), vehementally protests against exclusion of Major C. K. Nayudu, by the Selection Committee, after inviting him to play in the Second Unofficial 'Test' against Lord Tennyson's Eleven.

MALARIA BREEDERS

List of places in Bombay city where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito, was detected breeding during the week ending the 11th instant.

Reclamation Area, Block No. II—Road work. Collection of water.

Princess Dock—Merry Weather Dry Dock Overhead tank.

ADULT EDUCATION

Profs. P. A. Wadia, G. C. Saldanha and the Rev. Fr. Llorens will meet their students in Political Theory, French and Spanish in the University Buildings, Khalsa College and St. Xavier's College respectively to-day (Friday) at the usual time. There will be no classes in Metaphysics to-day by Prof. S. V. Pandit. He will resume his work after X'mas vacation from Friday, January 7, 1938.

THE KAMGAR SPECIAL ENGLISH CLASSES

Under the auspices of the Students' Debating Society of the above Institute, 'Shri Datta Jayanti Celebration' will take place under the presidency of Sjt. Dadasaheb Jagtap, M.L.A., Editor, 'Kaiwari' to-day (Friday) at 8 p.m. in the Institute's Hall at New Haji Cassum Building, when speeches will be delivered by Dr L. S. Desai, L.C.P.S. and Mr. M. K. Palav and others, and also musical concert etc. will take place. All the teachers, present and past students and their guardians and sympathisers of the Institute are cordially invited to attend.

## RAILWAY TIME TABLE

### G. I. P. Railway

| TIMINGS Trains. | VICTORIA TERMINUS Arr. H.M | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Madras Mail | 6 00 | 22 00 |
| Peshawar and Lucknow Express | 6 15 | 23 00 |
| Calcutta Mail via Nagpur | 7 40 | 17 50 |
| Calcutta Mail via Chheoki | 8 25 | 20 55 |
| Madras Express | 10 10 | 15 0 |
| Deccan Queen (on Mondays only) | 10 30 | |
| Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) | | 17 15 |
| Poona Mail | 10 25 | 17 30 |
| unjab Mail | 11 15 | 18 55 |
| Nagpur Express | 14 55 | 21 5 |
| Poona Fast Passenger | 17 0 | 11 35 |
| Poona Express | 19 24 | 8 05 |
| Allahabad Express | 20 15 | 7 0 |

### B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from October 1, 1937:—

| Trains | Arr. H.M | Dep. H.M |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 5 35 | 22 05 |
| Delhi Express | 6 00 | 22 05 |
| Gujerat Mail | 6 45 | 20 25 |
| Kathiawar Mail | 7 25 | 21 50 |
| Frontier Mail | 8 15 | 21 30 |
| Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier | 8 40 | |
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 13 35 | 13 50 |
| Kathiawar Express | 18 45 | 8 45 |
| Baroda Passenger | 20 33 | 9 25 |
| "The Flying Ranee" Mondays only from Surat | 9 48 | |
| "The Flying Ranee" daily except on Mondays | 10 58 | |
| "The Flying Ranee" Mondays only from Bulsar | 9 15 | |
| "The Flying Ranee" Saturdays only to Surat | | 15 10 |
| "The Flying Ranee" Saturdays only to Bulsar | | 15 50 |
| "The Flying Ranee daily except Saturdays to Surat | | 18 05 |

### Air Mail Timings

LONDON-BOMBAY (JUHU)

| | Arrival. | Delivery. |
|---|---|---|
| Wednesday | 1 p.m. | 3-30 p.m. |
| Friday | 1 p.m. | 3-30 p.m. |

BOMBAY (JUHU)—LONON

| | Latest hour of posting at G.P.O. | Departure |
|---|---|---|
| Wednesday | 8-30 a.m | 10-15 a.m. |
| Friday | 8-30 a.m. | 10-15 a.m |

DELHI-BOMBAY (JUHU)

| | Arrival. | Delivery |
|---|---|---|
| Monday | 1-55 p.m. | 3-30 p.m. |
| Thursday | 1-55 p.m. | 3-30 p.m. |

BOMBAY (JUHU)—DELHI

| | of posting at G.P.O |
|---|---|
| Tuesday | 8 p.m. |
| Thursday | 8 p.m. |

TRIVANDRUM—BOMBAY (JUHU)

| | Delivery |
|---|---|
| Tuesday | 6 p.m. |

BOMBAY (JUHU)—TRIVANDRUM

| | Latest hour of posting at G.P.O |
|---|---|
| Wednesday | 8 p.m. |

BOMBAY (JUHU)—KATHIAWAR

| | Departure H. M. | Arrival H.M |
|---|---|---|
| Monday | 7-15 | 17-45 |
| Thursday | 7-15 | 17-45 |

## QUESTION OF ECONOMY

### Governor On Amalgamation Of Panch Mahals And Broach

H. E. the Governor of Bombay in the course of his joint reply to the Godhra Municipality and District Local Board, Panch Mahals, on Thursday, said:—

"I am aware that political changes, which have transferred the political connection of the States from the Collector to the Political Department of the Government of India, have reduced the size and work of this district to such an extent that Government found it necessary to join Panch Mahals and Broach under one Collector for reasons of economy. You have expressed your objection to this course, but as the reasons for it have previously been given I do not think that I can usefully say more on the subject."

COLLECT ARREARS

He advised the Municipality to collect the very heavy arrears of tax which had accumulated. "If you did so you would not only remove an abuse, but you would have a very much larger amount of cash in hand."

"You already have a District and Sessions Court in Godhra and you ask that the first class Sub-Judge's Court should also be here and not at Nadiad. This question was considered in 1931 and found to be too expensive.

BRIDGE OVER RIVER

"As regards the position of the Railway Station, I find that your request to my predecessor was for the construction of an overbridge. The Railway Company then agreed to construct one on the usual terms, that is to say, that the Railway Company should bear the cost of the overbridge and of any necessary diversions of drains, etc. within the Railway limits, and that the Municipality should pay for the approaches to the Bridge and for any diversions required outside Railway limits. As you have not accepted this arrangement, the matter has gone no further. It rests with you, therefore, either to agree to the proposed agreement or to accept the existing conditions.

"For your water-supply scheme I understand that Government have asked you to raise the necessary loan in the market."

Addressing the District Local Board he said:

"The experimental scheme for the subsidy of private medical practitioners in rural areas has, I note, met with your approval. I suggest that you should make your application through the Collector to Government, and I am sure the Ministry will give it every consideration."

## LEGAL ASSISTANT TO CORPORATION

### Manbhoy Maniar Declared Elected

The Bombay Municipal Corporation on Thursday elected Mr. Manbhoy Baloobhai Maniar as Legal Assistant.

There were eight candidates for the post and nearly two hours were spent in the three rounds of ballots. The last round of ballot was between Messrs. M. J. Guzdar and M. B. Maniar, and the Mayor declared Mr. Maniar elected by majority of three votes, Mr. Guzdar having received 40 votes and Mr. Maniar 43 votes.

Mr. Maniar was articled to Mr. Thomas H. Hiscott, solicitor, in London, for four years and was solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature in England after he passed his solicitor's examination.

## PREMIER CANCELS TOUR

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister and the Hon'ble Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister have cancelled their proposed tour to the Southern Division.

## City's Health Returns

Health returns of Bombay during the 50th week of 1937, the week ended 11th December 1937, the total mortality 662 was 44 more than that of the last week and the death rate registered was 29.6 on the Census population of 1931 as against 502 for the 50th week of 1936 and the death rate 22.5. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 484 and the death rate 21.6.

Out of the total deaths, 171 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, Smallpox caused 43 attacks and 23 deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent during the week. There were 14 deaths from Typhoid.

The number of live births registered during the week was 728 as against 874 for the 50th week of 1936 and 765 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1932-1936).

Bhoore Khan Of "Kisan Kanya" fame will give recital of National songs specially composed for the occasion by Aga Khailash Kashmeri at Azad Maidan exhibition from Saturday onwards.

## BOMBAY STUDENTS BROTHERHOOD

### New Managing Committee Formed

The Secretary, Bombay Students' Brotherhood, writes:—

At the Special General Meeting of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood held on 14th instant resignation of the Managing Committee was accepted and the new Managing Committee consisting of the following members was elected.

President:—Mr. K. F. Nariman.

Vice-President:—Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

Members:—Misses Nergis Batliwalla, Sloo Dastur and Chandra Shah, and Messrs. Adoor, K. S. Amin, K. N. Choksi, D. S. Dalal, Noshir Dastur, M. M. Gandhi, Shanti Kumar Master, G. G. Mehta, D. M. Parikh, C. D. Shah, P. M. Shah, and Gulab Shroff.

## AMATEUR FILMS

### Society To Have Open Meeting

At a committee meeting of the Amateur Cine Society of India on Tuesday night it was decided that the next meeting of the Society in the projection room at Mherwan Building, Sir Phirozshaw Mehta Road, on next Tuesday evening at 6-30 should be devoted to an open session. This means that there is no particular address in order that members of the Society and their guests may be encouraged to bring their own films to show on the screen. The hope was expressed that the showing will be followed by discussion which may prove mutually helpful to all.

It was also decided to inqure about the cost of electric gramophone and loud speaker, etc., with a view to providing musical accompaniment for films.

As there were an insufficient number of entries for the Scenario Story Competition, the closing date was held over until early January.

It was reported that several members had found the projection room useful for private cinema parties. A suggestion from the Photographic Society of India to share the premises was agreed to provisionally, but it was decided to ask for further details.

## WAJRESHVARI HOT SPRINGS

### Hon. Mr. Munshi To Open Arogya Bhuwan

(From A Correspondent)

On Sunday (19th December) the Hon. Mr. Kanaiyalal Munshi, Home Member of the Government of Bombay, will perform the opening ceremony of "Sheth Kahandas Narandas Arogya Bhuwan" at Wajreshvari. It is erected near the hot sulphurous springs at Waj. Such springs are known by the name of 'Spas' in Germany. Many Indians go to Germany to avail themselves of the treatment given at the Spas, at the sacrifice of considerable time and money whereas they even do not know that such facilities exist in their own country. These springs are noted for their curative properties on diseases such as gout, rheumatism, blood pressure, eczema and such other skin ailments. Wajreshvari is only 51 miles distant from Bombay. The Bhuwan is specially built to meet a long felt want of patients who want to stay there for a long time to get permanent cure. It contains four blocks well ventilated and open on all sides, and contains the necessary furniture and cooking utensils.

In order to give facilities to casual picnickers who visit the springs on Sundays and holidays, another building is being constructed under the Bhuwan, which will be ready shortly and will be known by the name of "Bai Gungabai Kahandas Narandas Home".

# TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A SUBURBAN MAN)

With the growth of the suburbs' primary education too proceeds apace schools both Municipal and private are springing up rapidly. This has really proved a boon to the suburbs, which can be judged by the ever increasing number of pupils in primary schools.

But unfortunately the present scale of salaries in our suburban schools is simply scandalous. While one says with pride that primary education is now to a considerable extent compulsory, one has to admit with regret that the average suburban teacher cannot even earn a living wage.

EPISCOPAL VISIT

Last Sunday His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay paid an episcopal visit to St Andrew's Church, Bandra. This Sunday His Grace is to visit the Church of the Sacred Heart, Santa Cruz.

His Grace is to preach in this church at 11-30 a.m. and in the evening at 4-30 he will visit St. Teresa's Convent.

## PARTY ON "EL-MADINA"

### Over Two Thousand Enjoy Pleasant Function

BOMBAY, Thursday.

'El Madina,' the new twinscrew Pilgrim ship, profusely decorated with flags and electric lights entertained many a passer by at the Victoria Docks. People flocked in hundreds before the ship, and visited all the parts of the ship to their heart's content.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., owners of the much spoken of Pilgrimship held a party on Thursday at the Dock premises this evening.

More than 2,000 persons partook in the day's function. Among those present were Messrs. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mahadeo Desai, Sir Pheroze Sethna, Messrs. S. J. Pandya, Shantidas Askuran, Mo-Pandya, Shantidas Askuran, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, Mr. Shantikumar Morarji (Managing Director of the Company) and Mr. C. A. Booch (Assistant Manager of the Co(.

It may be recalled that Sir Firoz Khan Noon, the High Commissioner for India at London, performed the launching ceremony of the ship at Glasgow on 23rd November. On the occasion of naming the pilgrimship 'El-Madina' he observed that it was the only one hitherto built, by Bartlay Curle and Company, Glasgow, which gave special facilities to passengers of all classes.

Some of the special features, provided for pilgrims travelling to Port Jeddah (from where pilgrims travel to Mecca) are the facilities on the deck such as arrangements of fans, lights and separate W. C.s and bathrooms. Women passengers are provided with every convenience separately, including hospital arrangements.

'El-Madina' is stated to be the first pilgrimship to reach Port Jeddah in seven days, whereas other steamers take double the time. It has also a special library on board the ship, containing mostly books on Islamic literature.

All those present partook of tea and enjoyed a cinema show. The picture was the one shot at Glasgow, when Sir Firoz Khan Noon launched the 'El-Madina,' at Glasgow.

## A. I. HINDUSTANI SHORT-HAND COMPETITION

### Gold And Silver Medals To Be Awarded

(From A Correspondent)

BEAWAR, (By Mail)

The Reception Committee of the Ajmer-Merwara Provincial Political Conference at Beawar (Rajputana) has decided that along with the session of the Conference on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd January, 1938, an All-India Hindustani Shorthand competition may be held. Those coming out first and second will be awarded gold and silver medals respectively.

## Fined For Adulteration Of Tea

Mr. Suleman Shamji was convicted and fined Rs. 75/, or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment, by the Municipal Court of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Esplanade Police Court on 29-11-1937, on a charge of adulteration of tea, which, in the opinion of the Chemical Analyst was injurious to health.


CAPITOL

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P M.

ON THE STAGE

PROF. GHOSE and HIS COMPANY of 8 GIRLS in MAGIC, ILLUSIONS & INDIAN DANCES

ON THE SCREEN

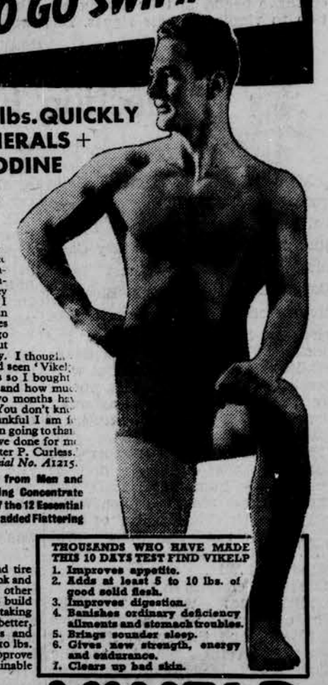
DEANNA DURBIN in NEW UNIVERSAL'S

100 MEN & A GIRL

COMEDY, MUSIC, SONGS!



SO THIN... HE WAS ASHAMED TO GO SWIMMING



...BUT HE GAINED 2 st. 2 lbs. QUICKLY ON "VIKELP'S" 12 MINERALS + 6 VITAMINS + FOOD IODINE — NOW FEELS GREAT!

Read His Actual Letter

"Gentlemen:

"I had been skinny since childhood. Last September was my nineteenth birthday, so you see how long I have been skinny. Almost every Sunday kids in the neighbourhood would go swimming. I did not go with them. I suppose they knew why. I was ashamed of my skinny body. I was nervous, too. Even when I went to picnics in the summer I was ashamed to have my sleeves rolled up like other fellows did. A few months ago I stepped on a pair of scales. I weighed about 8 st. 8 lbs., and me a young man going on twenty. I thought the future — I would always be skinny? I had seen 'Vikelp' Tablets advertised in the papers and magazines so I bought a tin. I was really amazed how much I gained and how much better I felt. I bought 4 more tins. Over two months have passed. I have gained more than 2 st. 2 lbs. You don't know how much better I feel and look and how thankful I am for what 'Vikelp' Tablets have done for me, so I am going to thank 'Vikelp' Tablets for what their sea minerals have done for me.

Yours very truly, Lester P. Curless.

(Testimonial No. A1215.

Our Files Contain Thousands of Testimonials from Men and Women who Report how "Vikelp," this Amazing Concentrate from the Pacific Ocean—Richest Known Source of the 12 Essential Minerals, all the 6 Vitamins and Food Iodine—Has added Flattering Extra Pounds, New Strength and Energy.

Make This Simple Test

If you are skinny, weak, rundown, nervous and tire easily, first put on a bathing suit, see how you look and then weigh yourself. Even if you have taken other things and even if the best foods have failed to build up your weight, strength and energy, start taking "Vikelp" Tablets today. Notice how you feel better, sleep better, eat better, have stronger nerves and fill in the scrawny hollows of your body with 5-10 lbs. of firm flattering flesh. Your own doctor will approve this way. "Vikelp" costs but little. Obtainable everywhere.

SPECIAL FREE OFFER!

Cut out this paragraph at once. Send it to us with your name and address and we will send you absolutely free a fascinating new 64-page book on How to Add Weight Quickly, Build Strength, Energy, Strong Nerves and Rich Red Blood. Mineral contents of Food and Their Effects on the Human Body. New facts about MINERALS, IODINE and VITAMINS. Standard weight and measurement [illegible]

Muller and Phipps (India) Ltd., 123b, Contractor Building Ballard Estate, Bombay.

THOUSANDS WHO HAVE MADE THIS 10 DAYS TEST FIND VIKELP

1. Improves appetite.
2. Adds at least 5 to 10 lbs. of good solid flesh.
3. Improves digestion.
4. Banishes ordinary deficiency ailments and stomach troubles.
5. Brings soundez sleep.
6. Gives new strength, energy and endurance.
7. Clears up bad skin.

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Telephone No. 22557
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1937

# CONGRESS AND KISANS

There will be wide-spread satisfaction at the success of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in bringing about a compromise between the landlords and Kisans of Bihar with regard to the Bihar Tenancy Amendment Bill. We published yesterday the main terms of the compromise as reported by our Patna correspondent, and it is unnecessary to discuss the terms here. What matters most is that they have been acceptable to the bulk of the Zamindars and of the Kisans. Like most compromises this one, too, may be unacceptable to a few extremists on either side. But it will be in their own interests to give the compromise an honest chance which alone will be conducive to measures of a still more conciliatory character. That will also frustrate the mischievous attempts of the opponents of the Congress Government who are out to create trouble for it by, among other means, exaggerating the differences between the landlords and the Kisans.

## *Most Pleasing Feature*

The most pleasing feature of the compromise is that it illustrates the anxiety of the Congress not only to do justice both to the Kisans and the landlords but also to enable them to realise that justice is being done to them. It is but natural that, as the Kisans are the weaker side, the Congress specially champion their cause; but in doing so the Congress would not consciously inflict injustice on the landlords. That would be a violation of the principle of truth and non-violence for which it stands. It will be a great service if the landlords, Kisans and their advisors also follow the same principle scrupulously. It sometimes happens that thoughtless landlords take the law into their own hands in enforcing their legal rights, paying no heed whatsoever to equity or any considerations of humanity. This drives distressed Kisans into desperation in vindicating what they consider to be their moral rights. This in its turn exasperates the landlords, makes them more vindictive and sets up a vicious circle most deplorable in its results. Such a class war may sometimes be inevitable. But for that reason it should not be encouraged as if it were desirable.

## *Duty Of Congressmen*

Reports from Bihar show that some Kisans there and their leaders have begun to take strong action to vindicate their rights. But they should take care not to spoil their just cause by resorting to questionable methods. The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, which surely cannot be accused of prejudice against Kisans and their leaders, has felt it necessary to adopt a resolution which deserves to be seriously considered by all those who are interested in the welfare of the Kisans. The resolution says: "In the opinion of this Committee the kind of propaganda that is being carried on in this province has been responsible for producing a poisonous atmosphere and attacks are being made on the principle of 'ahimsa' which is the cherished creed of the Congress. The atmosphere is developing in certain parts of the province which, it is apprehended, is likely to do much harm to the country and put obstacles in the way of the country's march towards freedom." The resolution goes even so far as to call upon all Congress workers "to keep themselves aloof from such activities" and even to "fight those who may be found indulging in them." The Council of the Bihar Provincial Kisan Sabha, while protesting against this resolution, has declared that "the Congress Committee could have taken disciplinary action against Congressmen if they had gone astray but there was no justification for banning the Sabha which never followed violence." It further adds that it has never either preached violence or practised it and that it is willing to take action if any particular case is pointed out and asserts that, on the contrary, violence is being exercised by the Zamindars on the Kisans. We welcome the assurance given by the Kisan Sabha. So far as Congress organizations are concerned we think that a mere negative or combative attitude on their part will not suffice. Congress workers should quietly but actively do constructive work for the Kisans on an extensive scale under the auspices of the Congress and on Congress lines. Soon enough the Kisans, who are already devoted to the Congress and its leaders, will learn to organise themselves and agitate on the Congress principle of truth and non-violence. In Bihar and elsewhere, with regard to the peasants and also factory workers, the right method for Congressmen is to do constructive work for them and not to leave them to be organised by men with non-Congress or Anti-Congress mentality and then to fight the undesirable consequences of wrong leadership.

# Election Figures

Many interesting figures about voting at the last provincial general elections are furnished by the just published Parliamentary Command Paper entitled "East India Constitutional Reforms—Elections Return showing the results of elections in India, 1937." The document contains abundant statistics about the votes that were possible, votes actually cast, voting by women, and about many other details of great constitutional interest. The return shows that throughout India the number of seats for which candidates had to be elected numbered 1,585, and that of these 206 were filled without contest. The number of candidates for the remainder was 3,757. The total electorate numbered 30,137,914, and the total number of electors in the contested constituencies was 28,424,342. The number of votes polled was 15,506,454, and this made the percentage of votes polled to the number of electors in contested constituencies 54.55. But since in the case of a constituency returning more than one member each voter was at liberty to poll more than one vote. The percentage of voters who voted is therefore slightly lower than the percentage of votes to the electors. Considering the poverty and the illiteracy of the electorate the figures are certainly very encouraging.

Of outstanding interest are the figures for the Frontier Province. This province was foremost in the percentage of votes polled to the number of electors in contested constituencies, and in the percentage of women's voting to the number of women enrolled on the voters' roll. The votes cast in contested constituencies numbered 72.8 per cent. of the number of electors. And out of 4,895 women enrolled as voters in regard to reserved and unreserved seats in contested constituencies 3,498 or 71.4 per cent. actually went to the poll. The province in which the women voters who voted made the next highest percentage possible was Bombay. Here, the number of women voters in reserved and unreserved seats was 3,35,890 and the number in contested constituencies 3,05,750 while the number who voted was 1,29,535 or 42.4 per cent. It is remarkable that even in respect of women's voting the Frontier Province has excelled such a progressive province as Bombay. The sudden surging up of political consciousness among the Frontier people is indeed an historic event and is doubtless due to the influence of the Congress and the leadership of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, appropriately called the Frontier Gandhi.

## *FROM ACROSS THE SEAS*

### *Gleanings From The World Press*

(From Our London Correspondent.)

Representatives of the Egyptian Government, ruling Indian Princes, Lord Lloyd, the Minister for Irak, and Lord Castlerosse, among others, attended, according to London press reports, a reception given in London by Mr. Wentworth Day to explain his plans for developing sport in India and Egypt.

Indian capital and the co-operation of various Princes, including the Maharajahs of Mysore, Travancore, Cooch Behar and others, have enabled Indian sport to be brought within the range of the ordinary well-to-do Englishman.

Mr. Day says that a two to three months' tour of India can include every form of shooting, from sand grouse to the pursuit of the royal Bengal tiger, with the aid of a special train, at a daily cost equal to that of a gun in a good English peasant shoot.

**Duke of Kent Story**

After lunch in the dining-room at Newcastle Abbey, a Scottish Workers' college, on Thursday December 2, the Duke of Kent and some of his party lit cigarettes.

Whereupon the Chairman of the Students' Committee, Edmund Hughes, an iron worker from Coatbridge, rose and said:

"Your Royal Highness, ladies and gentlemen, I beg to remind you that no smoking is allowed in the dining hall."

The Duke smilingly acknowledged the reprimand, and he and others of the party went into a lounge, where coffee was served.

This reminds us of an incident which took place about a year ago. A former Viceroy of India arrived in a hurry at the Victoria Station and tried to enter the main boat platform without a ticket.

The railway inspector immediately said to his lordship:

"Your Lordship, there is a slot for the platform ticket. Would you get one to enter the platform?"

His Lordship hurried and returned with a platform ticket.

**Victory For London Taxi Drivers**

The King has just been telling his family not to park their cars where other people may not. "In future, Royal cars will be parked in the same way as others when visiting places of amusement or friends' homes."

This is a victory for the taxi-drivers of London. In the middle of October they made a protest procession in their taxis by driving very slowly from Leicester Square to Picadilly Circus.

And they did this because they said that when the Duchess of Kent had dinner at the Cafe de Paris, her car was allowed to remain outside, though there are a lot of garages and parking places near, while taxis were moved on. The protest has succeeded.

**Woman Member of Ulster Government**

A woman now holds office for the first time in the Government of Northern Ireland. She is Mrs. Dehra Parker, M.P. whose appointment to the Parliamentary Secretaryship of the Ministry of Education in Ulster was announced recently. She succeeds Mr. J. H. Robb, K.C., M.P. whose promotion as Ulster Minister of Education was also announced officially.

Mrs. Parker, who has been identified with the Unionist Party for many years, was a member of the first Ulster House of Commons. She sat for Londonderry from 1921 to 1929, and has sat for South Londonderry since 1933.

Her first husband, Colonel Spencer Chichester, M.P. died in 1921, and in 1928 she married Admiral H. W. Parker, who commanded H. M. S. "Benbow" at the battle of Jutland.

**"Nosey Parker"**

The unkind dubbing of the Population (Statistics) Bill as the "Nosey Parker Bill" prompts the inquiry, "Who was the original Mr. or Mrs. Parker?"

The phrase, according to the Oxford English Dictionary, did not occur in print until 1912—in Mr. Compton Mackenzie's "Carnival." In 1915 it recurs in Mr. P. G. Wodehouse's "Something Fresh." This time there is a definition: "he minds everybody's business as well as his own."

However, according to general belief, the original "Nosey Parker" was none other than Matthew Parker, Archbishop of Canterbury in the 16th century. He acquired his reputation for inquisitiveness through his zeal for reform and his habit of prying into the private lives of his clergy, allied to his heavy, prominent nose.

**Hitler as Master Builder**

"Adolf Hitler, master builder of the Third Reich," is a translation

(Continued on page 8, Col. 4)

# COLONIES DEAL WITH HITLER

## Means Peace With Dishonour

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

What has emerged from the conversations between the heads of the British and French Governments after the Halifax mission?

The wordy official communication told us very little, but something can be learned from it.

In the first place, the British and French Governments, wherever they are going, are walking arm-in-arm. Secondly, the Halifax mission will have a sequel; in other words, the two Governments will try to come to terms with Hitler.

Thirdly, in some way or ways they will try to meet his colonial claims.

**Fourthly, one may safely conclude that the two Governments jointly will not give Hitler anything approaching "a free hand" in Central Europe.**

Whether, in any less degree, they will try to meet his ambitions there is not clear. One cannot draw the inference that the British Government (Whatever the French may do) is any nearer a decision to resist a forward German move in Czechoslovakia or Austria.

Finally, we may conclude from Mr. Chamberlain's few additional words in Parliament that any colonial concessions must be part of "a general settlement."

In other words, Hitler must reciprocate in some way, perhaps by coming into a scheme for limiting armaments (the statement mentioned "disarmament"), or by signing pacts, or even by joining the League of Nations, though it may be significant that no mention of that institution occurred in the official communication.

It spoke with unruffled complacency of the happy consequences of "non-intervention" in Spain.

## *French Barter Plan*

There is one new fact, then. For the first time since 1918, in their doubtless commendable wish to "improve the atmosphere," the two victor-Powers have been brought to perceive that they must meet Germany over "the colonial question."

They reached no final conclusion; others will have to be consulted—meaning, doubtless, Belgaum and the Dominions, which also had a share of the loot.

**Moreover, the question cannot be "considered in isolation"—a polite way of saying that they contemplate some sort of bargain.**

There are, of course, ways in which German economic grievances might be partially met without any territorial concessions. The French have a barter plan, for example, that neatly avoids Dr. Schacht's financial difficulties. They will take German machinery for their colonies, and pay for it with raw materials.

But such suggestions are a mere evasion of Hitler's real demand. He claims the return of the lost colonies as a matter of right, about which (so he says) he will not bargain.

It would be simple-minded to take such statements literally. It may be that he calls for colonies in the hope of getting something else. One must not forget that in "Mein Kampf" Hitler said that the Kaiser's great mistake was to aim at an overseas empire.

**He may shout for colonies on the platform, but at the suitable moment he may whisper into a sympathetic ear: "Very well; if if you won't give me back all my colonies, what may I take instead? Shall it be Austria, or a share in Spain, or the Russian Ukraine?"**

## *West Africa Deal*

Hitler's friends in this country are, however, doubtless right when they argue that he must have something in the shape of a colony for reasons of prestige. A great Power must have a colony, much as a gentleman must have a country seat.

This was in brief the argument of the "Times" (October 28), which is the mouthpiece of that powerful section of the governing class which, as "Reynolds" stated last week, sent Lord Halifax to Berlin. It has even reached the point of considering some nominal sacrifice in order to buy the Fuhrer's friendship.

There can, it said, be no question of returning all the German colonies. The Dominions will surrender nothing. Nor can this country give up Tanganyika. (I found myself recollecting as I read this, a speech in which Mr. J. H. Thomas reminded the House that the City had already invested £9,000,000 in Tanganyika, and was about to invest another million.) But something might be found elsewhere.

The more generous of our imperial thinkers had already suggested that perhaps the Cameroons (divided between Britain and France) might be restored to Germany. For this purpose it is ideal; it is run at a considerable loss.

**The "Times," however, was still more lavish. It urged that "some acceptable field for development" should be opened to Germany "by the common action of three or four of the great colonising Powers with contiguous African territories."**

This is less vague than it sounds. If the territory is to be contiguous and African, and if three or four Powers are to contribute, it must be western tropical Africa that our pro-Germans have in mind.

This future German colony may include both Togoland and the Cameroons, with part at least of the Belgian Congo. In that case, Portugal must be the fourth Power which would have to give up part, at least, of Angola. That, one recollects, was once a project of Sir Edward Grey.

That was my guess on reading the "Times" article. In the past day or two French journalists in close touch with the Quai d'Orsay have confirmed it.

**The idea is that Belgium and Portugal might lease part of their territories to German chartered companies. This would hardly be an equivalent for all Germany's lost colonies, but it would be a substantial "token" payment.**

## *Might Of Arms*

I have no intention of discussing the moral aspect of this proposal; morals have no bearing on Imperialism. But it is important to ask ourselves whether any real

(Continued on page 11 Col. 4.)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**ILL-ADVISED.**

It is distressing to learn that persons in close contact with Mahatma Gandhi are apprehensive of a setback in his health if the Andamans political prisoners go on a hunger-strike as they have threatened to do if they do not receive immediately, from him or the Government, a satisfactory reply to their representations to them. Even apart from this risk of a set-back, the threatened hunger-strike is most ill-advised as there are various other ways still to be tried to obtain redress for the prisoners' grievances. The release of a thousand detenus justifies the hope that the Andamans prisoners' case too will be sympathetically considered. The proposed hunger-strike is also most unfair to Gandhiji, who is known to have been fully alive to his duty to the prisoners even during his illness and who is now physically unable to resume his negotiations in the matter. We trust the leaders of Benga are making earnest efforts to persuade the Andamans politicals at least to postpone their hunger-strike.

**UNCONSCIONABLE DELAYS**

Law's delays have long been proverbial. But we doubt if any serious attempts are being made in India to minimise them. According to the report on the administration of civil and criminal justice in Bombay Presidency for the year 1936, the total number of original suits decided by the High Court was 2,617, and the number left undisposed of at the end of the year was 1,900. Of these one was ten years old; one, 8 years; four, 7 years; twelve, 6 years; thirteen, 5 years; twenty-eight, 4 years; one hundred and twenty, 3 years; two hundred and seventy-nine, 2 years; four hundred and twenty, 1 year. Nearly the same story is told by appeals from the Subordinate Civil Courts which numbered 4,311 of which 1,366 were disposed of, leaving 2,945 pending at the end of the year. The average duration of first appeals confirmed, modified, reversed or remanded was 1,580 days and those dismissed or not prosecuted was 229 days. In the Civil Courts subordinate to the High Court, 4,529 appeals were instituted during the year and 4,424 were disposed of, leaving 4,435 pending at the close of the year. The proportion of pending cases is too high, which also means that the average time taken up by each case is unconscionably long. The judges must work harder and where necessary more judges should be appointed. In any case the administration of law must be much speedier. Undue delays are not only vexatious but also costly and make it hard for the poor people to get justice. It is time, too, to make every possible effect to simplify the law itself, particularly legal procedure.

**A SAVAGE SENTENCE**

Great amazement and indignation will be caused by the drastic sentence of two years' imprisonment pronounced by a Bengal Magistrate on detenu Bisweswar Chowdhury. The latter's offence was primarily of a technical nature, and moreover the disobedience of the order, for which he was prosecuted, was only done as a last and desperate attempt to get his grievances redressed. It must be mentioned again that Bisweswar Das had to resort to a hunger-strike earlier towards the same end. The learned magistrate may have been justified from the strictly legal point of view in imposing this draconian punishment. But we are afraid he entirely ignored the extenuating circumstances of the case. This heavy sentence, moreover, is likely to exacerbate public feeling in Bengal and elsewhere, and appears to us to be directly contrary to the policy of appeasement adopted by the Bengal Government. We trust, therefore, that the Huque Cabinet will immediately take steps to reduce if not altogether commute this savage sentence. It is inflictions like this which often drive young men into desperation.

**NEW EDUCATION FELLOWSHIP**

The Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University has issued an appeal asking the public to co-operate in welcoming the new Education Fellowship Delegation to Bombay. At a time when Education has seriously engaged the attention of our greatest leaders the visit of these distinguished European educationists must be of great interest to us. The aims and achievements of which known as the "New Education Fellowship" has not received enough recognition in India, though there are many in this country, who have been practising the principles of New Education. As an Educationist correspondent puts it, New Education is not new in the sense of being new-fangled or devised with the object of sensational publicity; it is new only in so far as it is a "protest against traditional and mechanical conceptions of education." It lays stress not so much on curriculum, examinations and inspection as "on the Child, his needs, his creative urges and his pulsating life". Any information regarding the N. E. F. can be had from the Secretary, N. E. F., New Era School, Hughes Road.

**A REVEALING BEQUEST**

The munificent donations amounting to nearly three and three-quarters lakhs of rupees announced by Lady Bose in accordance with the last wishes of her distinguished husband testify as much to the generosity of heart as to the catholicity of outlook of the late Sir Jagdish Chandra Bose. It was natural that a major portion of the gifts should be earmarked for the furtherance of science, which remained the first and last love of Sir Jagdish. A lakh of rupees have been devoted for the promotion of primary education in Bengal. Particularly gratifying to the public at large will be, however the gift of rupees one lakh for temperance propaganda in Bihar. The fact that this endowment will be managed by Babu Rajendra Prasad, and after him by the president of the A. I. C. C., reveals mereover the strong nationalist sympathies of the departed savant. It is profoundly to be hoped that the main purpose of this gift—which is to cement interprovincial sympathy and goodwill between Bengal and Bihar—will be amply fulfilled, apart of course from preparing the province for complete prohibition.

**WITHOUT COMMENT**

**The Bishop of Birmingham, the Right Rev. Earnest William Barnes, agreed with Ervine that there was widespread polygamy, but he blamed it all on war.**

**Future wars may have a more equalizing effect, however, because airplane raids will "destroy men and women without discrimination", the bishop said.**

**"This would be valuable," he added.—**

**From a dispatch from Cambridge, England, published in an American paper.**

* * *

According to a Tokio message, it has been suggested to start a national subscription to construct a gunboat for presentation to the United States to replace the "Panay".

Very generous, no doubt. All that remains now to wipe off the national debt is to "construct" a hundred men to "replace" the crew that was killed.

* * *

"It is not only the essence of good government, but essential to the avoidance of upheavals, that sectional interests should be subordinated to the interests of a country as a whole."

Can you guess who said that? Abraham Lincoln? Voltaire? Lenin?

No. None else indeed, than our worthy local Anglo-Indian contemporary.

* * *

In case you have survived the nasty shock let us tell you that the above quoted passage prefaces a lengthy editorial which pleads that "sectional interests" of the working classes should be subordinated to the interests of the "country as a whole"—which, of course, means the mill-owners.

Which explains everything—or doesn't it?

* * *

A move is reported to be afoot in Japan to set up a Fascist regime in the country.

All preparations seem to have been completed in this connection but the scheme is likely to fall through for they cannot decide whether a Charlie-Chaplin moustached Hitler or a big-jawed Mussolini would be more in harmony with the national genius of Japan.

* * *

"Little has been heard of the Muslim League", complains Bori Bunder, "since its defiant session at Lucknow in October and the debacle of the Bijnor by-election."

Which is strange—isn't it?—as the old lady has been herself assiduously telling everybody all about the activities and utterances of Mr. Jinnah and Co.

* * *

Says an American writer:—

"To the Indians of all types and classes the villain of the piece is the British Government. To the more detached onlooker.....a host of other gigantic and evil forces looms up—dirt, disease, illiteracy grinding poverty, exploitation."

Maybe the two "villains" are in an unholy alliance with one another!

* * *

A number of addresses from various organizations were presented to Lord Brabourne, the new Governor of Bengal.

In reply to one of them, speaking from his experience, His Excellency observed that he believed that the framework of the present constitution would be found in practice to be much more ample than it at first appeared.

Yes, that is the characteristic of all things hollow—they all appear to be ample!

* * *

**TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS**

(1) Since the Hindu Gymkhana has refused to participate in the Pentangular Cricket Tournament, the All-India Hindu Mahasabha will send a team under the captainship of Doctor Moonje to vindicate the honour of the community.

(2) At the forthcoming session of the All-India Liberal Federation the activities and achievements of the organization will be reviewed at considerable detail.

(3) The authorities of the Indian Universities have liked the Educational Scheme prepared by the Zakir Hosain Committee and that several Vice-Chancellors have decided to resign and seek jobs as Primary School teachers—if they can get them!

* * *

Voter: Don't you think that the term of office of our legislators should be limited to one term?

Second Voter: It depends upon where the term is to be served.

*Jairamdas Assures:*

# No Intention Of Upsetting Arbitration Machinery

## Ahmedabad Millowners On Wage-Standardisation

## "INCREASED PRODUCTION, NO CORRECT INDEX TO PROSPERITY"

**A SUGGESTION THAT THE CONGRESS MINISTRIES SHOULD TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE TEXTILE LABOUR INQUIRY COMMITTEE TO ADOPT A SCHEME OF STANDARDISATION OF WAGES WAS MADE BY MR. KASTURBHAI LALBHAI, WHEN HE ALONG WITH MR. NANDDAS HARIDAS APPEARED BEFORE THE COMMITTEE TO TENDER EVIDENCE ON BEHALF OF THE AHMEDABAD MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.**

**AT THE SAME TIME MR. KASTURBHAI SAID THAT THERE WAS AN ARBITRATION MACHINERY IN EXISTENCE IN AHMEDABAD TO CONSIDER ALL QUESTIONS OF WAGES AND HIS ASSOCIATION DID NOT RELISH THE IDEA OF THIS MACHINERY BEING REPLACED BY ANOTHER COMMITTEE.**

### *Wage-Adjustments*

**Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, the Chairman of the Committee pointed out that there was a certain amount of inconsistency in this attitude and that the question of standardisation of wages, could not possibly be considered without going into the question of wage adjustments and since the Committee had the fullest co-operation of both the interested parties they would make as adequate an investigation of the question of wages as the arbitrators themselves.**

### *Wage Equalisation Fund*

**Mr. Kasturbhai also welcomed the establishment of a Wage Equalisation Fund and said that would be the best thing in the interests of all concerned.**

Mr. Jairamdas, suggested that the Ahmedabad Millowners Association should submit a balance sheet on the lines of the Bombay Millowners Association, showing the separate items of income and expenditure.

To a question whether it would not be profitable to the Industry to prepare annual Balance sheets showing the expenditure under each head, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai said that such a practice was undesirable as there were certain trade secrets which individual firms would not like to divulge. It was the custom to submit total figures even in British and continental firms.

The Chairman read out figures of gross commission given to agents in Ahmedabad and pointed out that it was as high as 20 to 25 per cent. of the profits and asked how they justified such high figures, when the Tariff Board had recommended 10 per cent. as a fair figure.

WHY SUCH A HIGH COMMISSION?

Mr. Kasturbhai answered that, considering the peculiar services rendered by Ahmedabad agents and considering also that this figure included commission for financing, sales and management, the figure was not unfair. To the argument that apart from the fairness of the figure, the Industry, which could not afford a depreciation of five per cent. could not also afford such a high rate of commission. Mr. Kasturbhai said that in such cases the agents had surrendered a good portion of their commission.

UNDER MAHATMA'S GUIDANCE.

Continuing, Mr. Kasturbhai said that under the guidance of Mahatmaji, the Mill-owners Association had established good relations with labour and during the last 18 years they were carrying on a principle of arbitration.

The industry had fared badly since 1933 but the year 1936 was in many ways worse. A wage cut had been proposed by the Association last year but had not been allowed by the Umpire. Similarly in 1928, the Labour Association had demanded an increase in wages but Gandhiji had found that such a demand could not be justified in the conditions then prevailing.

He also stated that the market had been favourable during the last few months, because the Sino-Japanese conflict had resulted in lessening the quantities of Japanese import. But this, according to him, would not be a permanent factor. Though Japan might find fresh markets in China, she would continue to send every yard of the quota of 400 million yards of cloth, which she was entitled to send under the Indo-Japanese trade agreement. The fall in the prices of cotton was also not a factor that had accrued to the advantage of the Industry because, if the average price of cotton for the years 1936, and 1937 were taken, the prices in 1937 were higher than in 1936.

ECONOMY SCHEMES.

Outlining the schemes of economy undertaken by the Ahmedabad Mills witness stated that they had installed a new kind of ventilation plant to increase efficiency; they had cast off old engines burning large quanties of coal and had established newer ones in their stead; the bill on stores had been cut down; Rationalisation had been ushered in since 1935 bringing higher wages to individual workers and increased production; and the sale and marketing of goods had been organised.

He agreed that the burden of losses should not fall on the workers alone but should be shared by all factors in the Industry. He thought it a prudent and wise thing that there should be a wage equalisation fund and that the establishment of a machinery for temporary adjustment in the wages would be the best thing in the interest of the owners, the labourers, and the public.

But the first condition of the success of a scheme was the adoption of a principle to decide the prosperity, normality or adversity of the Industry. It should be recognised that depreciation was a first charge on the industry and should be reckoned as cost of production.

AGENTS AND COMMISSIONS.

Answering question put by Mr. V. L. Mehta, the witness stated that the conditions of financing block accounts in Ahmedabad was very different from other centres. The public of Ahmedabad would not touch the debenture of preference shares. Higher commissions had to be allowed to finance the concerns. The Ahmedabad mill agents financed the mills at rates of interest which were cheaper by 2 to 2½ per cent. than in Bombay.

The position in respect of stocks was much healthier and dispatches from Ahmedabad were on the increase during the current year. Witness could not say it was a normal feature but most mills had been able to dispatch satisfactorily. Regarding depreciation he agreed that no dividends should be paid until depreciation had been allowed and that the older the machinery of the mill the lesser the depreciation that should be allowed.

Witness said that there had been an increase in the system of night shifts but no extra remuneration was allowed for night work. Referring to the demand of Labour for a special night allowances witness explained that the cost of production in India was higher than in any other country and it was to reduce this cost of production that the Night shift system had been introduced. With its introduction they had been able to withstand foreign competition but it would not be possible to continue to do so except on the present basis.

INDEX TO PROSPERITY.

Answering questions put by Prof. D. R. Gadgil witness said that increased dispatches, greater resort to night shift, and increased production observed during the year could not be correct indices of the prosperity of the industry. He pointed out that during the past four years production had shown a definite upward trend but the industry had not been doing well. Only actual figures for 1937 could show the extent of actual results and these, he thought would not show an increase of more than 10 per cent

JAPANESE COMPETITION.

Though agreeing with the theory that quotas acted as a check on the downward trend of prices witness pointed out that Japanese cloth had actually been competing with Indian manufactures in spite of the quota.

Replying to other question, the witness urged that no adjustment of wages could take place unless the condition of the industry was envisaged over a period of at least, two years. Shorter spells of prosperity could not be the basis of any wage readjustments.

Answering Mr. S. A. Brelvi, witness said that the sacrifices made by the agents were proportionate to the sacrifices made by the labourers. Witness did not agree with the opinion of the British Premier who had said that there was no slump coming Witness declared that wages in textile industry should have relation to wages paid in other occupations. He said that wages formed 50 per cent. of the manufacturing costs, excluding cotton which was the ran material.

Mr. Brelvi asked whether with increase in population and exports reduction of imports and saving affected by night shifts, the industry had not gained the witness said that he would not admit that Indian Industry had attained any status till India was self-sufficient to the last year. Witness admitted that there was a 10 per cent. betterment in Industry; but the advantage gained thus far would be lost if they could not place their goods in the foreign markets in the same competitive position as at present.

JAIRAMDAS EXPLAINS.

In reply to Mr. Saklatvala, Mr. Kasturbhai maintained that Ahmedabad Mill-owners financed the mills cheaper than the Bombay Mill-owners. Replying to Mr. Sakarlal, the witness said that by the present condition of industry he would understand its condition in the last three or four months, but in order to judge whether the industry was doing well a period of at least two years must be taken into account.

Mr. Khandubhai Desai examined the witness at great length regarding cut in wages and commissions charged by agents by various services rendered by them. To Mr. Kedgikar the witness replied that the improved conditions were likely to continue for six months more.

After some more questions put by the advisers were answered, Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, said that it had been suggested by the witness that Congress Governments should take up the problem of wage standardisation. But the attitude of the Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Association had been different. They seemed to look upon the Inquiry Committee as a disturbance of their arbitration machinery, Government had no intention to come between the owners and the workers but they could hardly help going into the wage question, if they had to consider any scheme of wage standardisation. The fact that the Committee was considering the question of wages was one of the factors, which had contributed to the settlement of the recent dispute in Ahmedabad. It would not be right to regard the proceedings of the Committee as a disturbance of the Arbitration machinery.

Mr. Kasturbhai, voicing the feelings of the Mill-owners' Association, said that it was in the interests of both the owners and the workers that the question of wages should be decided by arbitration. They did not object to the Inquiry Committee considering any other questions pertaining to the industry as a whole.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram replied that the Committee had no intention of upsetting the Arbitration machinery but since both the interests concerned were co-operating with the Committee, they should make as adequate investigations into the question of wages as the arbitrators might have done.

Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai: Yes.

The Committee then adjourned to 12 p.m. to-day.

# FOR NATIONAL DEFENCE

## French Employers And Workers Agree To Extensions Of 40-hour Week

PARIS, Dec. 16.

Exceptional extensions of the forty-hour week system in trades and industries working for the National Defence, with a view to overcoming delays in delivery, have been unanimously agreed to by the Employers' and Workers' delegations.—Reuter.

# INDIAN TEA PLANTATION LABOUR IN CEYLON

## Questions In Commons On Payment Of Wages

LONDON, Dec. 15

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Sorensen who suggested that the earnings of the Indian tea-workers in Ceylon indicated a very low standard of living Major Ormsby-Gore said it was quite beyond his power to take action guaranteeing a higher standard as the matter was entirely one for Ceylon.—Reuter.

# MUNSHI ON DEMOCRACY

(Continued from page 1.)

tent is enough to coerce her husband to stay away from his work and to keep her company. Abuses and threats often compel men to give up their liberty. If civil liberty is to exist such attempts must be restrained. As Laski puts it "Liberty thus involves in its nature restraints because the separate freedoms I use are not freedoms to destroy the freedoms of those with whom I live."

GOVERNMENT'S DUTY

Such restraints on coercion can be imposed only in two ways. The public can set their face against such coercive methods and run to the rescue of the party coerced or Government can restrain those who are coercing others. It is of the very essence of the duty of a Government which believes in civil liberty to see that each citizen exercises his civil liberty without infringing that of others. If this is not done democratic Government loses its "raison d'etre".

INDIVIDUAL FREEDOM

But the important question is: What is the limit to be placed on restraints consistently with individual freedom and democratic institutions? First, such restraints must be as limited in their scope as practicable under the circumstances. Secondly, the Government which imposes the restraints must be such as can be called to account by the people either in the legislature or at elections.

WHAT CONGRESS STANDS FOR

The Congress stands for the liberty of the individual, because it has an unshaken faith in democracy and non-violence. Liberty for us is not a matter of material benefit. It is not to be weighed in the scale of a materialistic interpretation of history. Liberty with us has its own charms. To speak, to act, to breathe freely under the Government of God and laws is a sacred privilege. We believe in it irrespective of the benefit it brings with it; and to the last breath will every Congressman who believes in democracy stand by liberty irrespective of anything else. The reason is very simple. Civil liberty is really the foundation of democratic government. Democracy implies a faith that society can evolve gradually and properly by mutual discussion and persuasion rather than by breaking each other's heads. But civil liberty presupposes that there must be an atmosphere of non-violence in which people can discuss each other's opinion freely without the coercion of individual or mass violence. That is a fundamental limitation of the principale of civil limitation of the principal of civil liberty in an atmosphere surcharged with such excitement as seeks a breach of the peace.

STATE NOT AN OCTOPUS

It is the lack of respect for liberty, individual again, which popularises the state idea which dominates central and Eastern Europe. State is not an octopus. It is an instrument of expressing the collective will of a society consisting of free individuals.

It is almost becoming fashionable now that some who never helped the Congress to secure the strength on which its Governments are based try to make unfavourable comparisons with earlier bureaucratic governments. The fact is no Congress Government in India wants to resort to the rigour of law. The only want an atmosphere of non-violence to put through their constructive programme. They have been brought into power by people; they took office only to lay the foundation of a free and independent democracy in India; and they do not want to continue a minute longer if the object can not be achieved. But when attempts are made by persons or parties who do not believe in non-violence or democracy to force Congressmen to use the rigour of law against violence two alternatives are only left to Congressmen: Either to abdicate and betray democracy or to be true to the trust placed upon them by the country. And God willing Congress shall discharge its duty.

The speaker referred to another aspect of Civil Liberty. They wanted Civil Liberty not to destroy but to build. At present in the non-democratic countries the individual was lost in the State. Hegel's idea of State was something of an octopus, having its tentacies over every individual. Great democracies of the world were ranged on one side and the non-democratic countries on the other The fate of mankind would be decided either through war or in the peaceful manner, one way or the other. Nearer home, the Congress Government rested on the support of the people.

THE INDIAN EXPERIMENT

A great experiment was going on in India, Mr. Munshi said. For the first time the people had, in the very limited range, popular Government and in these provinces of small democracies, the Government were inspired by the ambition to relieve the wretchedness of the masses and try to bring them economic salvation. If this experiment failed, it would be one of the greatest misfortunes that befell not only India but the rest of the world. For India wanted to evolve for herself a full-fledged democratic Government and if she were prevented from doing so, chaos would follow.

Mr. Munshi asked the non-Indians to visualise the force generated by non-violence. Non-violence had been elevated from a personal virtue to corporate activity for the social and political amelioration of the masses. If India succeeded, the world could solve its problems.

Indians were subjected to British domination and the Indians were struggling to shake it off. They might win or lose. But India could no longer continue to be merely a dependency in the British Empire Indians could not be second class citizens of an all-white Empire. What Indians wanted was to be first class citizens of a free Commonwealth.

RUSSEL'S TRIBUTE

After a few questions were answered by the speaker. Mr. W. W. Russel, Chairman of the European Progressive Group, thanking the speaker of the evening, said that Mr. Munshi had lucidly put before them his views on Civil Liberties. The world was torn between two rival philosophies,—one of the 18th Century France and Britain, which held that the State existed for the individual and the other which held that the individual existed for the State. It was gratifying to learn that a democratic State was growing successfully in India under the aegis of the Party to which the speaker belonged.

# PROBLEM BEFORE U. P. CONGRESS

## Need Of Augmenting Election Machinery

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 16.

With reference to the U.P. Congress Leaders' meeting going on here from yesterday, it transpires the Ministers' policy came in for criticism, because it was not "revolutionary" in character. They had no clear cut programme about education and several other matters owing to heavy burden of routine of work.

It is understood certain new features in the Provincial policy of Ministers is due in the near future in the light of these discussions.

One other thing dealt with in the meeting is that the U.P. Provincial Congress has felt the necessity of revising the machinery to conduct Congress elections in the province as well as to decide the election petitions. This necessity has arisen as a result of the enormous increase of Congress membership in the Province amounting nearly 10 lakhs.

The meeting discussed this matter as also the legal stand of the President of P.C.C. being the same as President of the annual Provincial Conference.

This meeting again started today from noon.—United Press.

# Masani's Talks With Kisan Leaders

PATNA, December 16.

On urgent summons by the Bihar Provincial Kisan Sabha, Mr. M. R. Masani arrived here this evening.

It is understood that he discussed with Kisan leaders the situation created by the resolution of the Provincial Congress Working Committee on Kisan activities in the province.

Mr. Masani leaves for Bombay to-night.—A. P.

# *BIHAR TENANCY AMENDMENT BILL*

PATNA, Dec. 16.

As a result of the settlement between the representatives of the Zamindars and the Congress, the Bihar Tenancy Amendment Bill is having an easy passage in the Assembly.

The House to-day disposed of 10 clauses of the Bill, several of the Opposition amendments being either not moved or accepted by the Government without much discussion.—A.P.

# *KRISHAK SAMITY WORKERS ARRESTED*

## *Basirhat Agrarian Trouble Sequel*

BASIRHAT, (24 Perganas), December 16.

Three other office-bearers of the Basirhat Krishak Samity were arrested yesterday in connection with the Agrarian trouble in the area.

Srimati Tarulata Mandal and two others, who were arrested in the same connection on December 12 have since been released on bail.—A.P.

# Constitutional Crisis In Egypt

## King Farouk Hesitates To Sign Decree Submitted By Cabinet

### No Tolerance Of Dictatorship By Any Party

CAIRO, Dec. 15.

**Reports published abroad of a crisis in the relations between the palace and the Government of Egypt are referred to at great length by vernacular papers which have admitted that there is certain amount of tension owing 'inter alia' to King Farouk's hesitancy to sign certain decree of laws submitted by the Cabinet.**

"Alahram" says no party in Egypt would tolerate dictatorship and whatever the questions standing out between the palace and the Cabinet they should not infringe the constitution which is equally sacred to the palace and the Government.

A Government spokesman said the few questions standing out between the palace and Government were merely routine ones and not construable as a likely cause of the crisis.—Reuter.

# Fight Federation And Win Freedom

## *PT. JAWAHARLAL'S APPEAL FOR STRENGTHENING CONGRESS MINISTRY'S HANDS*

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 16.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru delivered a powerful speech to-night at a public meeting in Purushottamdas Park.

Prominent among those who attended the meeting were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Dr. Syed Hussain, Dr. Katju and Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon.

FIGHT FEDERATION.

Pt. Jawaharlal declared: Congress was never stronger than today they must carefully study the international situation and take advantage of it and the psychological background in India to fight Federation and win freedom.

Pt. Jawaharlal said these were undoubtedly "conflicts" which the Congress ministries had to face in office but these were minor issues compared to the big issue facing the country viz. Independence. Congress was the only organisation which could lead the nation successfully through the impending crisis and they must strengthen the Congress whereby alone they could combat any opposition to the freedom movement. At present, Europe was like a boiling cauldron. Any moment flames might leap out and destroy the continent. After a few years he thought the whole map of the world would have to be changed.

CHINA AND SPAIN.

Pt. Jawaharlal referred to China and Spain and pointed out even in Palestine, British Government was carrying an intensive campaign to crush the Arab freedom movement, although India heard very little about it owing to censor.

CONGRESS MINISTRIES.

Referring to Congress ministries, he said they deserved pity because they were working under serious limitations of law on the one hand and insistent demands of Kisans and labourers on the other. He did not think their troubles could be ended under the present circumstances. He advised people that democracy demanded discipline as well as freedom of expression of views on the part of the public for the formulation of national policies.

Pt. Jawaharlal deprecated violence.

A. I. C. C. AND FEDERATION.

Referring to Federation, Pt. Jawaharlal said that the A. I. C. C. had sent out a sort of "diplomatic" note to the Government at its last meeting. Some people said the resolution was very mildly worded. He wanted to tell them that Congress was in the position of Government now and they had couched their resolution as one Government would do in sending a note to another Government. It was the power behind that note that mattered.

PREMATURE

As for steps to combat Federation he thought it was somewhat premature to discuss it at present

Replying to a question from the audience as to why Pt. Parmanand had been arrested under Sec. 124-A, Pt. Jawaharlal said he did not know the facts of the case but in broad outline, he laid down what should be the Congress policy in such matters. He said, Congress Ministers could not countenance speeches tending to cause violence and create danger and breach of the peace. If a speech tended to cause riot or bloodshed and was of sufficiently grave nature, action had to be taken against speakers. But he was definitely against resort to arrests such as were common in the old bureaucratic regime when people were arrested and sentenced on the slightest pretext.

That was not possible or desirable for the Congress Ministers to do because they had to rely upon the goodwill of the people.

After Pt. Jawaharlal, Dr. Syed Hussain and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu spoke.

Dr. Hussain stressed Hindu-Muslim unity and Mrs. Naidu in a short speech exhorted people to be brave and manly. Then alone they could uphold the honour of the national flag.

# *FRANCO-TURKISH TALKS*

## *Sequel To Alleged Ill-Treatment In Syria*

ISTAMBUI, Dec. 16.

Important military conversations are opening to-day between the Turkish General Staff and the French Military Mission headed by Gen. Hutzinger, commanding the French troops in Syria dealing with the demilitarisation and security of Sandjack and Alexandretta.

Many Turks are accusing France of neglecting the terms of the agreement signed in May, alleging that Turks of Alexandretta and Antioch have been badly treated by Syrians, encouraged by French officials.—Reuter.

COUNTRY-WIDE AGITATION

Harsh attacks are being made on France in the Turkish Press and Mass protests are being held all over Turkey. It is believed the present conversations are a preliminary to the negotiations between M. Delbos and the Turkish Government, when M. Delbos visits Ankara.

MOVE FOR NEW PACT

It is understood he will be asked to conclude a new Franco-Turkish Agreement, confirming the complete Independence of Sandjak.—Reuter.


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*B. P. C. C. Elections*

# Bombay's Delegates For Haripura

## ELECTION FROM CITY WARDS ON SUNDAY

## Polling Booths And Hours Of Voting

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:

The election of delegates to the Indian National Congress, who will also be members of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will take place on Sunday, the 19th December, in all the seven Ward Constituencies in the City of Bombay.

METHOD OF ELECTION

The election will be conducted by the B.P.C.C. through its own polling officers, in accordance with the Committee's Constitution.

The system of voting is what is known as "Cumulative." That is to say, a duly qualified member will have as many votes as there are seats to be filled and he may give all those votes to one candidate, or may distribute them between such candidates and in such manner as he thinks fit.

The hours of polling will be from 8 a.m. to 12 noon and from 3 p.m. (ST) to 7 p.m. (ST).

POLLING BOOTHS

The polling booths for the different constituencies are fixed as under:

'A' Ward: Office of the 'A' (Fort) Ward District Congress Committee, 181, Bazaar Gate.

'B' Ward: Cutchi Lohana Mahajan Wadi, Vadgadi, Mandvi.

'C' Ward: Liladhar Wadi (behind Gold Filled Leather Works, Princess Street).

'D' Ward: People's Jinnah Hall, Near Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay, 4.

'E' Ward: Savata Mali Bhuvan, Meher Hall, Opp. Byculla Railway Station, Near Victoria Gardens.

'F' Ward: R. M. Bhatt High School, Gokhale Society Road, Poibavdi, Parel.

'G' Ward: C. K. P. Hall, Ram Maruti Road, Dadar.

### NOMINATIONS FOR B. P. C. C.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee send the following announcement:

The undermentioned candidates have been found qualified and their nominations have been held valid. There are some nominations of certain persons sent in as to whom the matter is under inquiry whether they satisfy the Khaddar clause of the Constitution:

Name of candidate. Symbol allotted.

**A Ward—2 seats:**
1. Sjt. F. M. Pinto (Plough).
2. Sjt. Madan Shetty (Tiger).
3. Sjt. S. A. Brelvi (Aeroplane).
4. Sardar Thamansingh (Motor).

**B Ward—5 seats:**
1. Sjt. Bhawanji A. Khimji (Flower).
2. Dr. Dhirajlal T. Anklesaria (Horse).
3. Sjt. Hansraj Virji Shah (Bell).
4. Sjt Hatim L. Darbar (Clock).
5. Dr. Jethalal V. Vora (Cow).
6. Smt. Maniben Kara (Tiger).
7. Sjt. Narbheram Narshidas (Motor).
8. Sjt. Shivdas Champsi (Sun)

**C. Ward—5 seats:**
1. Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai (Star).
2. Sjt. Bhagwandas Kapadia (Plough).
3. Sjt. Bhanushankar Manchharam Yagnik (Bell).
4. Sjt. Gajendranath G. Sharma (Moon).
5. Sjt. Ganpati Shanker N. Desai (Cow).
6. Sjt. Gunottam P. Hathising (Elephant).
7. Sjt. Jethmal Narandas (Motor)
8. Sjt. Mahadeo Prasad Misra (Sun).
9. Sjt. Manilal Jemal Sheth (Bicycle).
10. Sjt. Nagindas T. Master (Aeroplane).
11. Sjt. Soondardas Morarji (Bugle).
12. Sjt. Umashankar Ramswarup Dixit (Horse).

**D Ward—5 seats.**
1. Sjt. Achyut Mahadeo Nanivadekar (Aeroplane).
2. Sjt. Asoka Mehta (Star).
3. Sjt. C. V. Varad (Elephant).
4. Sjt. Gunvantlal Varajdas Kapadia (Motor).
5. Sjt. K. F. Nariman (Cart).
6. Sjt. Mahadeo Shastri (Horse).
7. Sjt. M. R. Masani (Bugle).
8. Sjt. N. B. Panthaki (Moon).
9. Sjt. R. R. Lele (Tiger).
10. Sjt. Ramdas D. Pratap (Sun).
11. Sjt. S. K. Patil (Plough).
12. Smt. Sundar Anandrao Powdwal (Clock).

**E Ward—3 seats:**
1. Sjt. Abdul Hamid (Tiger).
2. Sjt. Abid Ali Jaffarbhai (Plough).
3. Sjt. Hiralal A. Dave (Cart).
4. Sjt. Keshav Laxman Borkar (Club).
5. Sjt. Rajaram K. Achrekar (Sun).

**F Ward—3 seats:**
1. Sjt. C. K. Narayanswami (Flower).
2. Sjt. Jhinabhai P. Joshi (Plough).
3. Sjt. K. Vithal Rao (Cow).
4. Sjt. Kashiprasad Sinh (Sun).
5. Sjt. L. V. Kondaye (Bicycle).
6. Sjt. S. B. Mahadeshwar (Clock).

**G Ward—3 seats:**
1. Sjt. Govindbhai Jairambhai Patel (Clock).
2. Sjt. I. S. Patel (Cow).
3. Sjt. Mulraj Karsondas (Elephant).
4. Sjt. Purshottam Trikamdas (Bugle).
5. Smt. Shantabai G. Vengasarkar (Motor).
6. Sjt. Tajuddin F. Ajmari (Horse).
7. Sjt. V. M. Nagwekar (Aeroplane).
8. Sjt. Vasant Bhagwant Karnik (Tiger).

# Meherally And Congress Membership

## B. P. C. C. PRESIDENT RULES OUT MOTION TO INCLUDE HIS NAME IN REGISTER

At a special meeting of the B. P. C. C. on Thursday night, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, President, ruled out of order a resolution moved by Mr. F. M. Pinto and seconded by Mr. Kasiprasad Singh, that the name of Mr. Meherally (Congress Socialist) be added on the roll of the primary membership of the Congress from Bombay City from the "D" ward and that he be permitted to contest the ensuing election of delegates to the B. P. C. C.

After the Secretary read the requisition letter for the meeting signed by Mr. Sunderdas Morarji, Mr. M. R. Masani, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Manilal Seth, Mr. Kasiprasad Singh, Mr. F. M. Pinto, Mr. Hutheesingh and Mr. Hatim Durbar, the resolution was moved and seconded. It was pointed out that in a similar case last year Mrs. Munshi lost three membership books in one of which she had been enrolled as a Congress member. Mrs. Munshi was allowed to contest an election on a resolution moved by Mr. Meherally.

Mr. Ganpati Shankar Desai raising a point of order said that the resolution before the House was out of order because the speaker did not find on the rolls the names of Mr. Meherally. There was no application sent to the B. P. C. C. office and that Mr. Meherally did not apply in time.

Mr. Meherally explained that he had enrolled himself as a member in "D" ward in Mr. Masani's book and that Mr. Masani had lost two of his books in one of which he had been enrolled.

Mr. S. K. Patil supporting the point of order said that according to the law of the constitution of the Indian National Congress, it was absolutely necessary that every member should sign and fill the form and that unless he had done such a thing and was duly enrolled in one of the District Congress Committees, he could not be a member.

After reading the relevant portion of the articles of the constitution of the Indian National Congress, Mr. Patil observed that if the President held the resolution in order, then he would be setting a precedent and a dangerous precedent, as it would be open to any member at all times to say that he had lost the membership form and that he should be allowed to contest the election.

It was true that Mrs. Munshi had lost three books last year in one of which she had been enrolled but she had personally come to the office before the expiry of the time and had duly notified the fact. He added that the form must be traced or the circumstances leading to its loss must be adequately explained.

The very words that Mr. Meherally's name be "added on to the roll of the primary membership", contained in the resolution, indicated that he had not enrolled himself as a member.

The President ruled the resolution out of order in accordance with articles 3 and 5 of the constitution of the Indian National Congress. The former article stated that the applicant on being enrolled "shall receive a certificate of the membership as per form" either in language and script of the Province in which he resided or in the Hindustani language written in Devanagari or Urdu script

Article 5, the President read, stated that "no member shall be entitled to exercise his vote at any election unless he had been continuously on a Congress register for three months prior to the date of the election".

After ruling the resolution out of order, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai announced that the meeting was dispersed.

*Ahmedabad Letter*

# Interests Of Workers First

## GOVERNOR'S ADVICE TO MILLOWNERS

### More Recruits To Congress

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay had a busy programme when he visited the city. In his reply to the address of the Millowners His Excellency sounded a note of warning to them to be careful about the interests of the workers.

In the evening he received an address from the Local District Board and the President Sjt. Motilal Tricumlal was 'at home' to the Governor. In his reply to the address His Excellency told them that they could not expect any monetary help from the Government and asked them to supplement their sources by fresh taxes, if necessary.

His Excellency then inspected several important municipal works, such as water works, Jamalpur Pumping Station, the sites of the Jamalpur and Sholapur bridges, etc. He also paid a visit to the municipal houses rented to the public at low rents and expressed his appreciation for the Municipal administration.

INTER-CASTE MARRIAGE

The inter-caste marriage of the daughter of Sheth Ambalal Sarabhai with the son of Sheth Mangaldas Girdharlal was celebrated on Saturday. A compromise was effected due to orthodox opposition and the marriage was registered at 10-30 a.m., and the Vedic ceremony was performed at about 5 in the evening. The families of two big mill agents of the city, one a Jain and the other a staunch orthodox Vaishnav, have been united by this marriage.

LATE SIR B. H. NANAVATY

Sir Behramji H. Nanavati expired in the early morning yesterday. The deceased served as assistant surgeon in the local civil hospital for a number of years and was for some time civil surgeon at Surat. He was for several years examiner in the Bombay University L. M. and S. examination and had obtained a gold medal for his services in the riots of 1929. He was a nominated member of the Ahmedabad Municipality for the last thirty years.

He died at the age of 76 and is said to have spent some of his money in charities for his community.

INDEPENDENTS JOIN CONGRESS PARTY

Three Independent members in the Municipal Council have joined the Congress Party and signed the pledge. They all opposed the principle of party administration but they have now realised their mistake.

### Prince Bernhard's Injuries Serious

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 16.

It is now revealed that Prince Bernhard's injuries in the recent car accident are more serious than revealed in official bulletins

The Prince's condition continues to improve but he is still confined to bed and is not allowed to talk to anyone not even Princess Juliana.—Reuter.

# KISANS AND CONGRESS

RAJAHMUNDRY, (By Mail.)

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A., (Central) President of All-India Kisan Sabha has issued the following statement through the "United Press":—

I do not have all facts before me pertaining to the misunderstandings that have arisen at Meerut between Congressites and Kisan Sabhaites. But I do know that not only in Meerut but also in many other places all over India, the feelings betweeen these two groups are not as cordial as they ought to be.

I am surprised to note the President of the Congress thinking that one party alone is to blame and proceeding to chastise the Kisans without ordering for an impartial enquiry. I strongly deplore Panditji's threat hurled at all Kisan Sabhas merely on the basis of what is supposed to have happened at Meerut that unless the Kisan Sabhaites behaved properly, he would be obliged to withdraw all Congress workers from the Kisan Sabhas.

I appeal to both the Congress workers and Kisan workers to do their best to sink their local differences and work together for the welfare of the Kisan masses and thus avoid recurrences of such utterances from Congress leaders. —United Press.

### U. P. GOVT.'S LAW OFFICERS IN HIGH COURT

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 16.

Government announced important reform in the system of the Law officers of the High Court. Instead of Government Advocate, Assistant Government Advocate and Government Pleader, now drawing Rs. 1,500, 950 and 500 respectively there will be a Government Advocate, Deputy Government Advocate and Assistant Government Advocate drawing Rs. 750, 500 and 500 respectively. The Government Advocate in future will be employed for Criminal work only. For civil work it has been decided to appoint a senior counsel, to be called Standing Counsel, who will be assisted by one or two junior counsels to be called Standing Junior Counsel. Neither Standing Counsel, nor his Junior will get a fixed pay, but will be remunerated by fees at scales fixed by Government Junior Counsel, to be entrusted with all civil work the fee in which does not exceed Rs. 50 and in other cases, he will assist Standing Counsel and the fee be divided between him and the Standing Counsel in proportion of 1/3 to 2/3. The Standing Counsel and his junior will have the right to private practice, but they cannot appear against Government or the Court of Wards. Cases (Civil) of exceptional importance, which raise important points of Constitutional law or Government's policy may be entrusted to the Advocate General by Government.

The following appointments have been made:—

Government Advocate:—Dr. M. Wallullah.

Deputy Advocate: Mr. Sankarsaran.

Assistant Advocate:—Mr. Vishwamitra.

Standing Counsel: Mr. Shyamkrishna Dar.

Junior Standing Counsel: Mr. A. M. Khwaja.

### FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from page 6)

of what is learnt will be the title, of a new book to be published by Professor Speer.

Under the Fuehrer, Dr. Speer is responsible for most of the new city planning now proceeding in Germany. Where architectural enterprises are concerned Herr Hitler is by no means a sleeping partner. When he is in Berlin Professor Speer is called in daily for consultations, which often last several hours. The Professor's opposite number for interior decoration is Frau Troost, the young widow of Professor Troost, who was responsible for the monumental buildings on the Koeniglicher Platz in Munich. She is at the moment collaborating with Herr Hitler in the decoration of the new Chancellery rooms. They are also working on a fountain to be erected in the garden.

### Alleged Stabbing Of Wife

Inquest was resumed on Shirinbai Merwan Rustom Irani who was alleged to have been stabbed to death by her husband at Parsi Colony, Dadar on November 21.

A six-year-old girl who was witnessed spoke to the Coroner in soft and low tones about the details as she saw them.

The husband made no statement. The Jury held that Shirinbai died of injuries inflicted on her and recommended his prosecution for murder.

# Gidney Goes All Out

## ACCUSES MAHATMA AND AGA KHAN

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), (By Mail).

Accusing Mahatma Gandhi, H. H. the Aga Khan and Mr. Jinnah of the Muslim League, Sir Henry Gidney President of the Anglo-Indians and Domiciled European Association, addressed a meagre gathering at Hyderabad Y.M.C.A., during his stay at Hyderabad. He said that the youth of India should realise that the future of their country was in their hands.

GOES ALL OUT

Speaking of India Sir Henry referred to conditions twenty years back and felt certain that these Y.M.C.A. scouting and Girl Guide movements had not taken them further. Leaders of India fifteen years back realised the strength of the youth movement, but loosened this force in wrong directions and instead of leading it in constitutional channels misguided them and lost a golden opportunity of building a reconstructed India. Ideas of indiscipline, lawlessness, manufacture of bombs and all destructive acts culminating in murders were widespread. The fair name of Bengal was spoilt and drastic action by the Government became necessary. The movement had spread like lightning and even South India had been taken up by that, as was demonstrated by the recent strikes and indiscipline of students. Disrespect to elders was the order of the day.

APPEAL TO YOUTH

Referring to Hyderabad, he asked why the seeds of political Government cannot be sown. Why continue the apathy? As he looked at this terrible tragedy in India, he felt democracy was a hypocracy. He saw before him a political chess-table manipulated by the leaders. Mahatma Gandhi, on one side, and Mr. Jinnah and Aga Khan, on the other were playing a game. These leaders refuse to give the right lead, but there can be no failure in a national movement and he urged the youth to build up a united nation.

He said that there were two fundamentals that can liberate India, women and the youth. If they wanted to see India as a nation, the speaker appealed to the youth to do what their leaders failed to accomplish, and to commence where they ended.

### STRONG CASE FOR LARGER GRANT

#### What Mechanisation Of Army In India Implies

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, December 16.

A strong case exists for India to press for a larger grant from the British Government for meeting the cost of army mechanization in India. According to information now available a grant of £600,000 announced by the British Cabinet will only meet part of the cost.

At the last session of the Council of State questions were addressed to the Commander-in-Chief in order to find out the exact amount claimed by the Government of India from the British Government and also to ascertain whether further representations were being made for additional grant but His Excellency would not give any information.

The present programme of army mechanization in India which is expected to cover four years is intended to convert four troops. The question of mechanizing Indian fighting units in Indian Army is reported to be still under consideration. It is admitted that mechanization of British units in India follows as a necessary, complementary process to wholesale mechanization completed in the United Kingdom which inevitably affects the Army in India—specially as regards reliefs, organization and training.

It is therefore legitimate to demand that the British Government should pay the whole cost of mechanization of British units in India. It has to be remembered that apart from heavy initial capital cost which mechanization involves, the Indian Exchequer will have to bear additional recurring charges, every year, for maintenance.

### Rural Development In Bombay Presidency

MORARJI DESAI TO ADDRESS MEETING AT TAJ MAHAL HOTEL

A joint meeting of the Indian and European Progressive Groups will be held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on January 6, 1938, at 6-30 p.m. when the Hon'ble Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, will speak on "Rural Dvelopment in the Bombay Presidency."

# Bihar Kisan Council's Protest

## BAN BY CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE AND ITS SEQUEL

### "Kisans Never Advocated, Nor Stood By Violence"

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, December 16.

The Council of the Bihar Provincial Kisan Sabha expressed its sense of resentment against the resolution adopted by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee and by Champaran and Monghyr Congress Committees against the activities of the Kisan Sabha asking Congressmen not to participate in the meeting of the Provincial Kisan Sabha and stating that the propaganda carried on by the Sabha is spreading poison in the Province.

The resolution passed by the Council states: "The Working Committee by taking such an attitude has encouraged other Districts to follow Monghyr by breaking asunder national forces and thwarting the peasant movement in the name of non-violence. The Committee could have taken disciplinary action against Congressmen if they had gone astray but there was no justification for banning the Sabha which never followed violence."

The Council directs the Monghyr Kisan Sabha to carry on its work as it considers that the peasants have every right to organize themselves and press their demands which mean a step towards freedom. Besides Kisan Sitak situation in Monghyr is critical and if the Sabha slept over it, it would be accused of betraying its trust.

Regarding violence, the Council asserts: The Sabha never either preached violence or practised it. The Sabha is willing to take action if any particular case be pointed out. It asserts the fact that on the contrary violence is being exercised by Zamindars over Kisans.

The Committee opines that the Working Committee resolution cannot improve the situation. Mentioning the fact of compromise between Zamindars and Kisans which took place on the same day, the Council seems to infer that the Working Committee is inclined towards the Zamindars. It appeals to Congressmen to reverse the decision.

A local Kisan leader is reported to have been arrested in the Gaya District for taking out a procession and instigating Kisans to cut crops from Baskat-land belonging to the Tikari Raj. It is stated that Swami Sahajanand, the Kisan leader visited the place recently and addressed several gatherings of Kisans.

### RECEPTION OF SAHAJANAND

#### Cries Of "Go Back" At Bibarpur

Swami Sahajanand is always touring among Kisans in this district or that. Here is an extract from a speech at Patehpur, Jawahar Ashram. Swamiji said as reported in the "Indian Nation" of December 14:

"Our relations with zamindars must improve. It is time when their treatment should be fair and just. We must do away with their illegal exactions. We must tell them plainly that we cannot tolerate these now", said Swami Sahajanand at the meeting.

He was not received well at Bibarpur as the following account in the same paper shows:

Then the meeting was held at Bibarpur, a neighbouring village.

After the election of Babu Kishori Prassanna Singh as the President of the meeting the Swami stood up to deliver his usual speech when he was interrupted by Babu Ram Janam Singh, who inquired of him about the necessity of maintaining a separate flag for the Kisan Sabha. The atmosphere was getting tenser and tenser and the meeting became very stormy when the Majoors entered the meeting, shouting "Go Back Swami!", "We Don't Want You", "Traitor is not Wanted", etc., which was a signal for pandemonium. The atmosphere became very disorderly and the President and Pandit Chandrika Jha, Joint Secretary, Thana Congress Committee had to face a fiery ordeal in restoring order. With the greatest difficulty the tense situation was cooled down.

### "PROBLEMS OF INDIAN INDUSTRY"

#### Socialist Party's Lecture Series

Mr. Asoka Mehta, Editor of the "Congress Socialist" Weekly, will deliver the second lecture in the "Problems of India to-day" Lecture series, organised by the Bombay Congress Socialist party, on Friday 17th December 1937, at 6-45 p.m. at the Jinnah Hall.

The subject of the lecture will be "Problems of Indian Industry".

Other lectures in the series will be delivered by Smt. Kamaladevi, Achyut Patwardhan, Purshotam Trikamdas, Prof. M. L. Dantwala and Yusuf Meherally.

Admission tickets of 4 annas each for the whole series are available at the office of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House and at the office of the "Congress Socialist" Weekly, 139 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

### 'DON'T HONOUR RAJA OF COCHIN'

#### Birla's Protest To Hindu University

CALCUTTA, Dec. 16.

Seth Jugal Kisore Birla, a millionaire and philanthropist, whose charities in the cause of Hindu religion are well-known, has sent the following wire to the Vice-Chancellor of the Hindu University, Benares:—

"Strongly protest against the Hindu University's conferring a degree of Doctor of Literature on the Maharaja of Cochin of the most reactionary views who has done immense harm to Hinduism by his efforts to perpetuate the curse of untouchability."—United Press.

A Khambhalia message says His Highness arrived at Khambhalia on Thursday morning. A huge procession was formed. The hostel opening ceremony was attended by thousands.

*New Alkaline Way to Relieve*

**Sour Acid Stomach**

**Alka-Seltzer Tablets Relieve Millions From the Discomfort of Stomach Troubles**

Now you can say "Good Bye" to Acid Stomach and all its attendant aches and pains. Here's a new way to get rid of those common ailments that drag down your health. Now science has developed a remarkable Effervescent Alkaline tablet that gives amazing relief. It is called ALKA-SELTZER because it makes a sparkling, alkaline drink that first relieves the pain and then removes the cause of the trouble. It is the newest scientific way to get well and keep well. No other product has ever been developed that brings such prompt, complete relief to stomach sufferers.

Most of our everyday aches and pains are the result of excess acid in the system caused by overeating, drinking, smoking too much, loss of sleep, late hours, over-work, or over-indulgence. To keep healthy, the body must be slightly more alkaline than acid. Rich food, over-eating, late hours, over-work or over-indulgence, all cause EXCESS ACIDITY. Then your resistance goes down—vitality is lowered and you become an easy victim of stomach disorders, colds, headaches, and other common aches and pains.

Alka-Seltzer is the newest, scientific way to correct this excess acid condition. It is the safe, harmless way to relieve the pain and remove the cause of these common ailments. An Alka-Seltzer tablet or two in a glass of water makes a sparkling, anti-acid drink—a bubbling glassful of alkaline salts your body needs to reduce excess acid. There's nothing like it for sweetening the stomach and correcting digestive troubles. And the way it relieves the pain of Colds, Headaches, Neuralgia, and other everyday ills will amaze you.

Try Alka-Seltzer. You'll be delighted with its refreshing, pleasant taste, and you'll be equally delighted with the quick relief it gives you. Your pain and discomfort will disappear almost immediately. Your normal alkaline balance will be restored, and you'll be healthy and happy again.

Alka-Seltzer contains no harmful drugs—it is safe for children as well as adults. It is not a laxative and can be taken any time, any where. Try Alka-Seltzer the next time you want relief.

*At all Chemists in two convenient sizes. Try it today.*

If unobtainable at your Chemists send Rs. 2 for large size, or Re. 1 for small size, with your chemist's name to Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3, Wittet Road, Bombay.

Q: "What do you recommend for Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds ?"

# ANGIER'S is the answer

If your chest is your weak spot ; if you catch cold easily and are seldom free from catarrh or a cough, a course of Angier's will have a wonderful influence on your powers of resistance.

Angier's Emulsion is recognised everywhere as a standard approved treatment for colds, coughs, bronchitis, and all catarrhal affections of the respiratory or digestive system.

Angier's is soothing, and strengthening to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, and it has a most invigorating tonic influence upon the general health. No other emulsion is so highly recommended for its inflammation-allaying and healing properties. It is the ideal tonic restorative after influenza. It promotes normal, healthy appetite, overcomes nervous depression, greatly increases vitality, and corrects bowel irregularities.

Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. It is equally useful for adults and children. To keep your family well all Winter, put them on a course of Angier's now.

**" Result was very pleasing "**

*A Doctor writes:* " I have to thank you for the Angier's. At the time, I was suffering from a cough which had hung on after a bad cold, so I decided to take the emulsion myself. The result was very pleasing — after a couple of doses the cough became free — expectoration easy — and in a few days it had gone altogether. I am now prescribing it in my practice with good results." (Sgd.) ———, M.B., Ch.B.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

**Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.**



Clean, fresh, wholesome TATA'S COCONUT OIL

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DON'T use coconut oil of doubtful origin and quality. Too often, it is unclean and a menace to health.

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# Motoring & Aviation

## That "Get-Out-Of-My-Way" Complex!

### W. I. A. A. President Asks Motorists To Observe "Courtesy Of The Road"

That the membership of the Western India Automobile Association has risen to 7,074 as compared with 5,912 last year, was one of the several announcements made by Mr. Ormerod, the President, at the W.I.A.A. dinner held at the Taj on Wednesday-night.

Mr. Omerod was also glad to announce that the Bombay Government have formulated plans to reconstruct the Bombay-Poona road.

In conclusion he appealed to all motorists to observe "courtesy of the road" while driving and not to consider themselves to be "heaven-born" creatures who had a right of precedence over every other vehicle. He deprecated the "Get out-of-my-way" complex from which most motorists suffer.

The following are extracts from Mr. Ormerod's speech:—

"Sir Stenson Cooke whose name is famous throughout the motoring world as the Secretary of the Automobile Association of Great Britain, will be arriving in Bombay early in February and it is proposed to hold a Dinner on February the 8th to give members an opportunity of meeting him.

"A further important announcement is that we have decided to extend the benefit of Free Legal Defence to the whole of the area administered by the Association as from 1st January next.

"With the January issue of the Magazine you will find a change of title. The main object of the change in name is to make a wider appeal to motorists who are non-members of the Association because they are obviously the people whose interest we want to gain. The old title "W.I.A.A. Magazine" conveys the idea that the publication is a house organ and therefore only of interest to members whereas the new title 'Motoring in India" is likely to make a wider appeal.

BOMBAY-POONA ROAD

"On the subject of the Bombay-Poona road, you will be glad to know that plans have been formulated by Government to rebuild this road and there is every hope that the work will be commenced in the near future. You will also be glad to hear that in the re-construction of the road it is proposed to encourage segregation of slow from fast moving traffic by a design similar to the newly constructed portion of the road between Kirkee and Poona. If this is done, it will be a milestone in the progress of road construction in India for it is obviously wrong, as any Railway Engineer will tell you, to build any form of track, whether it be for railways or road vehicles, and to expect it to accommodate fast and slow moving traffic at one and the same time (unless the use of the track is controlled by means of signals which is the case with Railways but cannot be the case with road).

SIGN OF PROGRESS

"It is largely on this account there has been a heavy increase in the toll of the road in recent years both in India and in the rest of the world. The question of segregation is really more important in India than in other countries for bullock cart and pedestrian traffic move at a speed of 3 to 4 miles an hour and have to use the same central section of the road as motor buses and other vehicles which are travelling at 40 to 50 miles an hour.

"This important question was raised at the last meeting of the Board of Communications, Bombay held on 16th November 1937 and it is a welcome sign of progress that the Bombay Government have taken it into account in their proposals to re-construct the Bombay-Poona Road."

## MILLION CARS IN TEN MONTHS!

### Record Production By Chrysler Corporation

One million cars were produced by the Chrysler Corporation in the first ten months of this year as compared to eleven and a half months of the last year. This exceeds production records for any ten months period in the entire history of the Corporation and is greater than the production reached in any full year with the exception of 1936.

This production record of one million Chrysler-Plymouth, Dodge, De Soto and Chrysler passenger cars, and Chrysler-Plymouth, Fargo and Dodge commercial cars and trucks, within a ten month period was achieved only thirteen years after the Chrysler Corporation came into existence.

The record production resulted from demand for Chrysler Corporation products coming through over 7,000 distributors in 109 different countries, and reveals increasing use of this Corporation's motor cars in every country throughout the world.

Present indications are that total production of the above cars will this year exceed all other years, and it is possible that the number will be in excess of 1,200,000 for all of 1937.

## MOTOR TRACKS SOLVE TRANSPORT PROBLEM

### Huge Fleet Ordered By Afghanistan Government

The emergence of Afghanistan as a cotton-growing country may come as a surprise to many people, and yet this is but the realisation of the forward policy initiated in recent years by the present Government to develop the material resources of the country and bring it in a line with other modern countries of the world. For many years the North-Eastern part of the country has been not only a very fertile cotton-growing centre but the cotton produced in that area is of a very high quality. While previous governments were aware of these conditions, it was left to the present Government to invest large sums of money in its development.

In the absence, of course, of local manufacturing facilities the Government has decided to export the cotton. It is understood that negotiations were recently concluded with Japan and Germany who have contracted to buy the entire cotton output of Afghanistan.

TRANSPORT PROBLEM

The Afghan Government were next faced with the problem of transporting the cotton to Japan and Europe;—and of how this could be done rapidly and economically. It should be mentioned here that there is not a single mile of railways in the entire Kingdom of Afghanistan. The run from Mazara-Shariff (the district where the cotton is grown) to Peshawar (the rail head in India whence it will be dispatched to the port of Karachi for shipment to Japan and Germany) takes seven to ten days and it should be remembered that the whole route is through a rugged and hilly country and over the most primitive of roads.

It was estimated that to transport even what is now grown required about 400 lorries and the type of vehicle needed was one that could stand up to the ardous conditions of the Frontier country. Accordingly several makes of motor lorries were examined and tried out on experimental runs, and finally, after an exhaustive test an initial order for 350 Bedford chasses was placed with General Motors India Limited.

This order is stated to be the largest ever executed in this country at any time. Not only were General Motors required to supply the chasses, but dropside bodies had to be built within a very short space of time, with the stipulation of a heavy penalty for failure to adhere to the delivery schedule.

General Motors India Limited have sent out an experienced Service Representative to assist the Afghan Government to organise Service Stations and Garages to maintain this large fleet as well as to train local men who will be ultimately responsible for supervising the Governmental transport system.

## To Hang For 12 Murders On One Night

LUCKNOW, December 16.

In the Oudh Chief Court, Justice Smith and Justice Hamilton, delivered judgment in the appeal of Mewaram and Mahadeo Singh vs. King-Emperor and confirmed sentences of death passed on them.

Mewaram and Mahadeo Singh were found guilty of having committed twelve murders on the night of 8|9th November, 1936, and were sentenced to death by the Session Judge, Gonda.—United Press.

## Horse And Mule To Go

### MECHANISATION OF ARMY IN INDIA

### Scheme To Be Brought Into Operation From New Year Day

NEW DELHI, Dec. 16.

New Year's day 1938 has been officially fixed for the start, on the scheme of mechanization of the Army in India, which will ultimately result, though not to the same extent as in the United Kingdom, in the elimination of the horse and mule.

As already reported a start will be made with four British horsed cavalry regiments in India from January 1, 1938, but it is learned here that the process of conversion has already begun. The whole scheme of modernisation of these regiments is expected to take three or four years, approximately two years for each regiment, but this period is likely to be shortened because of the mechanised units from England, replacing those in India, in the course of normal transfers. The first stage will be the conversion of two regiments, while the second stage will start with work on a third regiment in 1939, and the third stage in 1940-41.

It is pointed out that the mechanisation of the fighting units of the army in India is merely an extension of the process already complete in regard to transport and other services connected with the Army. For instance, signal units, Sapper and Miner units and ambulances are already mechanised, leading to considerable economy.

It has been calculated that one lorry can carry 42 maunds, 50 miles daily, against two maunds and ten miles achieved by mule. The great initial cost of mechanization has not been ignored, but any opposition based thereon is regarded as shortsighted in view of the obvious accession of efficiency and probable reduction of recurring costs that mechanization will mean. The number of men will be reduced and the personnel charges will be correspondingly less, while the cost on remount depots will be saved but the important advantage will be that the units of the army will no longer be exposed to danger of large collections of horses and mules forming easy targets to airbombers.

As indicated above the horse won't disappear completely from the Indian Army. The Frontier operations have shown that there are regions in India where the horse or the mule is the only form of transport that can be used and light tanks or armoured cars cannot penetrate.

It is emphasised the scheme of Indianisation won't in any way, be affected by mechanisation.—A. P.

## BARODA WEAVERS ON STRIKE

### Management's 'No' To Increase In Wages

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail.)

The labourers of the Baroda Spinning and Weaving Mills, Ltd., represented to the management on November 29 to increase the wages. The management acquainted the Development Commissioner of it.

The management, when interviewed to-day, stated that they were prepared for standardisation of wages in the Baroda mill industry as a whole and as their wages were not low than other mills in Baroda they were not prepared to meet the demand of an increase in wages.

The management saw Dewan Sir V. T Krishnamachari, who promised to look into the matter. The labourers will represent their case to Mr. Manilal V. Desai, one of the arbitrators.

## No Hunger-Strike In Patiala Jail

PATIALA, December 14.

Mr. K. M. Panikar, Foreign Minister, His Highness' Government, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"The attention of His Highness' Government has been drawn to statements appearing in certain papers that Narain Singh of Bhadaur one of those arrested recently for alleged seditious activities in the State, is on hunger-strike and that he is becoming very weak on account of it."

"The statement is wholly unfounded and neither Narain Singh of Bhadaur nor any other of his companions, who are in the judicial lock-up, awaiting trial, has been on hunger-strike."—United Press


# Public Warning!

## BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

### Facts Worth Knowing

**About OKASA**

1. OKASA is the discovery after years of research work by the well-known German Scientist, Dr Lahusen of Berlin.
2. OKASA is prepared under the control of experts in laboratories in Berlin London Paris and Milan
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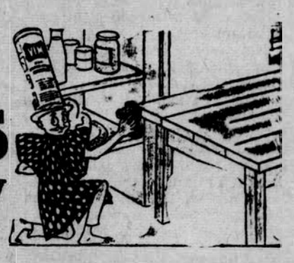

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# MUSLIMS IN VIEW OF VICTORY

(Continued from page 14)

Twenty-four runs of his 40 were off boundary hits. (151-7-40).

Saeed Ahmed joined Ismail at this fall and the latter was dismissed in the next over, when he was caught by Meherhomji behind the wickets. Patel being the bowler to benefit. (154-8-16).

Mubarak Ali filled the vacancy and this brought two Punjab batsmen together. The batsmen, closed up to some extent but Saeed Ahmed must consider himself fortunate for remaining at the wicket.

He lifted Vajifdar high to the off-side but was dropped, Nagarwala and Nariman both rushing for the ball collided and came to the ground before the missile.

Saeed Ahmed celebrated his 'life' by hitting the same bowler to the far screen.

The tone of scoring was brighter now and runs were coming at a good pace with the batsmen not taking any undue liberties. With a four from Mubarak's bat off Patel, the Muslim total was raised to 170.

MUBARAK ALI CAUGHT.

Saeed Ahmed taking 3 off Patel put the sides level, some very fast running between the wickets was asked from the batsmen to do this. Mubarak celebrated the Muslim achievement by punishing Patel for 4, 2 and 1 off the remaining three deliveries of the over.

Things went merrily on now and the playing batsmen had scant respect for the attack.

Mubarak, with a four off Vazifdar, hoisted 200, when the innings had lasted for 4 hours and 18 minutes.

Mubarak however misjudged Vazifdar and gave a dolly catch to Contractor at mid-on, which was accepted. Mubarak Ali hit up half his score with boundary strokes, (201-9-32).

Shahabuddin coming last repeated Mubarak Ali's stroke, which had lost the latter his wicket. He thus closed the Muslim innings without improving the score. Nariman took the catch in this instance, Jamshedji being the bowler. (201-10-0). Saeed Ahmed returned unbeaten with 11.

Vazifdar and Patel headed the Parsi bowling analysis. the former dismissing 5 for 92 and Patel giving away 46 runs for his 3 wickets.

PARSIS 2ND INNINGS.

With a deficit of 23 runs the Parsis went in a second time at 12-40 p.m. entrusting the defence to M. Mistry and N. Nagarwala.

A change had been made in the batting order so far as the opening pair was concerned Mistry had come in with Nagarwala instead of F. K. Nariman.

Once again, the Muslim attack opened usefully as Shahabuddin broke Nagarwala's wickets with his last ball. The leaving batsman had only made 2, (3-1-2). Mubarak did the bowling from the wicket closed to the Club House.

Canteenwala was sent in to bat next. His first runs came off a crisp hit, to square-leg, which reached the rails. Mistry was lucky to see his balls still resting on the stumps, when Shahabuddin beat him with the first ball of his second over the leather missing its objective by narow margin Scoring a run a minute the Parsis passed their first decade 10 minutes before lunch.

At 24, Saeed Ahmed relieved Mubarak and giving 2 runs in his over increased the total to 26 for 1, when play was stopped for lunch, Mistry and Canteenwala being together with 11 runs each to their individual credit.

Play was resumed at 2 p.m. after the break for lunch, Mistry facing Shahabuddin for the first over. He put Canteenwala opposite the attack with a single. Shahabuddin beat Canteenwala badly with his next two balls. The last delivery of this fast bowler came off high and gave Canteenwala a nasty knock just below the head. The batsman had to be attended to but he resumed his innings after a couple of minutes. Mubarak Ali took his original place at the Club House end. Once again the Muslim fielding was lazy and runs, that could have been easily saved, were allowed to go to their opponents. The batsmen were taking things slowly in order to get set after the lunch interval and the first 4 runs for the 30 of the innings took them 12 minutes.

After the addition of 2 runs when Mistry was out at the unlucky figur of 13, he gave a very difficult catch, to Abbas Khan at silly point, which the Karachi man held brilliantly with his left hand, (32-2-13).

P. E. Palia with Canteenwala formed the third association. Runs were coming in occasional singles and the total crept to 40, the 14 runs after lunch taking 30 minutes. As in the first innings, Canteenwala was out for obstruction, the bowler responsible on this occasion being Mubarak Ali. Of the Parsis' 44, Canteenwala had collected 19. (44-3-19).

This brought in Vazifdar to partner Palia at the crease. The first ball, he received from Saeed Ahmed, who had relieved Shahabuddin, was punished for 3, the former Parsi leader executing a powerful straight drive.

Vajifdar was responsible for the 50 appearing on the telegraph, when he cut Saeed Ahmed for a single. If the cricket was not very bright at this phase, play at least was interesting, Mubarak Ali was proving less dangerous than Saeed Ahmed and might well have been taken off three overs earlier than when Amir Elahi relieved him. This was at 64.

The new bowler had to concede 4 runs instead of 2, thanks to lax fielding. Palia opened his shoulders and sent Shahabuddin twice to the stands off successive balls. Fifty runs had come to the Parsis in the first hour's play after lunch. The total now stood at 76. Eighty was got to at 3-8 p.m.

QUICK BOWLING CHANGES.

With Palia and Vazifdar getting along with the score, Kadri was compelled to make some quick changes in the Muslim attack. Saeed was brought on at 85 and Palia snicked his second delivery into the hands of Faiz Ahmed behind the sticks. The Muslim wicket-keeper kept the ball after almost dropping it. Palia was a loss to the Parsi side as he appeared set. He had played so far a correct 29. (85-4-29).

K. K. Tarapore was sent in on Palia leaving. The new arrival got his side to 90 with a drive for a single. He was not tolerated much longer, as Faiz Ahmed took a fine catch behind the wickets off Amir Elahi just after the 'cracking of his duck. (92-5-1.)

NARIMAN'S CHEAP DISMISSAL.

F. K. Nariman, who opened for the Parsis on Wednesday, was sent in No 7 to-day. Amir Elahi was responsible for another cheap dismissal when he caught and bowled Nariman, (98-6-2.)

The Parsi skipper, H. N. Contractor, now entered on his innings and cutting Amir Elahi for 2 he gave the Parsis their first 100. The century, had taken 130 minutes. After 6 runs had been added to this total Vazifdar, who was playing a fighting innings for the Parsis, was clean bowled by Saeed Ahmed with a fast ball that took his off-stump. Vazifdar had contributed 31 to his side's score at a time when runs were badly needed. His innings could not exactly be called fast but there was no blemish in his effort. His years of Quadrangular experience could be seen in his play. (106-7-31).

At tea Contractor and M. Patel were batting the total being 111. Four and two were their respective credits.

Saeed Ahmed sent down a maiden over to Contractor from the Marine Drive end immediately after tea. Amir Elahi bowled to Patel from the other end. Saeed Ahmed was troubling the batsmen and Patel was all but bowled when his innings was in its early infancy. Amir Elahi was as difficult, resulting in slow scoring. Of the two in charge of the attack Amir Elahi drew first blood after tea the umpire upholding an appeal for l.b.w. against the Parsi captain, (120-8-6).

K. R. Meherhomji was Patel's next companion at the wickets. The former could only give his side one run. Another l.b.w. decision off Saeed Ahmed causing his dismissal. (125-9-1).

The last partnership was between the little Jamshedji and Patel. The former did not help Patel to raise the Parsi total as he did in the previous innings, for with a score of 1, he obstructed the first ball of Amir Elahi he faced and was returned l.b.w. The Parsis' innings closed at 126. Patel was not out with 13. This bat was responsible for a brilliant 44 on Wednesday, and played safe cricket for his stay at the crease in the Parsis' second innings. H. N. Contractor's sending Patel in late in the first innings was considered a blunder. He fell into the same error to-day.

Amir Elahi's four for 25 was the best bowling performance. Saeed Ahmed did well in disposing off 3 men for 38 runs.

MUSLIMS' SECOND KNOCK.

The Muslims if their batting strength on paper was correct were faced with an easy task, when they were asked to make 104 runs to take them against 'The Rest.' Mushtaq Ali and S. M. Kadri at 4-58 p.m. came in to open the Muslims' second venture. They faced the bowling of Vajifdar and Patel. Batsman No. 1 took 5 off Vajifdar. Patel gave 4 to Kadri and 1 to Mushtaq. This sent 10 up in the first 7 minutes of the innings. A mistimed stroke by Kadri gave Patel a fast low catch in the slips. This was accepted and registered the first fall at 13. The dismissal came off Vajifdar, (13-1-4).

Abbas Khan followed his skipper and with Mushtaq Ali played out time. When the Umpires removed the bails the Muslims had scored 15. Mushtaq Ali scored 10 and Abbas Khan had just entered on a score.

MUSLIMS—1ST INNINGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| S. Mushtaq Ali, run out | 32 |
| S. M. Kadri, b Patel | 25 |
| Abbas Khan, l-b-w (N) b Patel | 19 |
| Qamruddin, l-b-w (N) b Vajifdar | 3 |
| Faiz Ahmed, st. Meherhomji b Vajifdar | 6 |
| A. E. Bapooria, l-b-w b Vajifdar | 5 |
| Y. Ismail, c Meherhomji b Patel | 16 |
| Amir Elahi, b Vajifdar | 40 |
| Saeed Ahmed (not out) | 11 |
| Mubarak Ali, c Contractor, b Vazifdar | 32 |
| Shahabuddin, c Nariman b Jamshedji | 0 |
| Extras | 12 |
| Total | 201 |

Fall of Wickets:—1/49, 2/65, 3/68, 4/75, 5/94, 6/103, 7/154, 8/154, 9/201 and 10/201.

PARSIS' 2ND INNINGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| M. Mistry, c Abbas Khan, b Shahabuddin | 13 |
| N. Nagarwala, b Shahabuddin | 2 |
| N. F. Canteenwala, l.b.w., b Mubarak Ali | 8 2 22 1 |
| P. E. Palia, c Faiz Ahmed, b Saeed Ahmed | 29 |
| H. J. Vajifdar, b Saeed Ahmed | 31 |
| K. K. Tarapore, c Faiz Ahmed, b Amir Elahi | 1 |
| F. K. Nariman, c and b Amir Elahi | 2 |
| H. N. Contractor, l.b.w., b Amir Elahi | 6 |
| M. S. Patel, (not out) | 13 |
| K. R. Meher Homji, l.b.w., b Saeed Ahmed | 1 |
| R. J. D. Jamshedji, l.b.w., b Amir Elahi | 1 |
| Extras | 8 |
| Total | 126 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shahabuddin | 8 | 0 | 33 | 2 |
| Mubarak Ali | 15 | 3 | 38 | 3 |
| Saeed Ahmed | 12.1 | 2 | 25 | 4 |

FALL OF WICKETS:—
1/3, 2/32, 3/44, 4/85, 5/92, 6/98, 7/106, 8/120, 9/125 and 10/126.

MUSLIMS—2ND INNINGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| S. Mushtaq Ali, batting | 10 |
| S. M. Kadri, c Patel b Vajifdar | 4 |
| Abbas Khan, batting | 1 |
| Extras | 0 |
| Total (for 1 wicket) | 15 |

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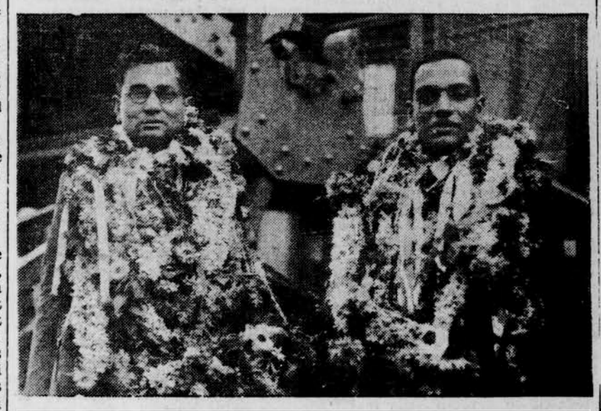
## I. L. O. DIRECTOR IN MADRAS

Mr. Harold Butler, Director of the International Labour Office, accompanied by Mrs. Butler and Dr. P. P. Pillai, a member of his staff arrived in Madras on Monday and was given a rousing reception at Egmore Railway Station. Photo shows Mr. and Mrs. Butler with Dr. P. P. Pillai.



Rao Saheb P. I. Patel, Managing Agents of the Great Social Life and General Assurance Co. Limited, Jalgaon, who had been to England returned recently after having made an extensive tour of the Continent. Mr. V. H. Patil, another Director of the same Company, also returned with him.

## *PLEA FOR SMALL INDUSTRIES*

### *Lahore Chamber's Protest Against India Govt.'s Decision*

LAHORE, Dec. 15.

The Secretary, Indian Chamber of Commerce, has addressed the following to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce, New Delhi:—

The Committee of the Chamber regret the Government's decision not to proceed with the departmental enquiry in regard to assistance to the small industries against Japanese competition.

Due to the unsettled state of affairs in the Far East, the prices of Japanese goods have risen but this is only a temporary relief and steps must be taken to protect the interests of Indian industries on a permanent basis. Without such assistance the industry is bound to be crushed and it will increase unemployment.

The suspension of an enquiry has spread uneasiness and dissatisfaction in the minds of Indian industrialists and the Committee urge that adequate measures be taken by the Government immediately to dispel an idea of such a contingency.—United Press.

## *The 11th Sangli Open Football Tournaments*

Under the auspices of Sangli Students' Association, the 11th Sangli Open Football Tournaments will commence on the 4th January 1938 The winning team will have the honour of getting the Silver Trophy (Rolling), presented to S. S. A. by H H. the Rajasaheb of Sangli. Sangli Students Association is affiliated to Maharashtra Football Federation. The players of merit from teams, who will take part in this Tournament will be included in the Maharashtra F. F. Team M. F. F. Team is going to take part in the Rovers' Cup Tournaments, to be held at Bombay. Maharashtra Team will have due share in the All-India Football Team. The application for entries should be forwarded to Hon. Secretary, Sangli Open Football Tournaments, Sangli, on or before 28th December, 1937; with the fee of Rs. 5 for each team. The tournaments are open to sporting and educational institutions.

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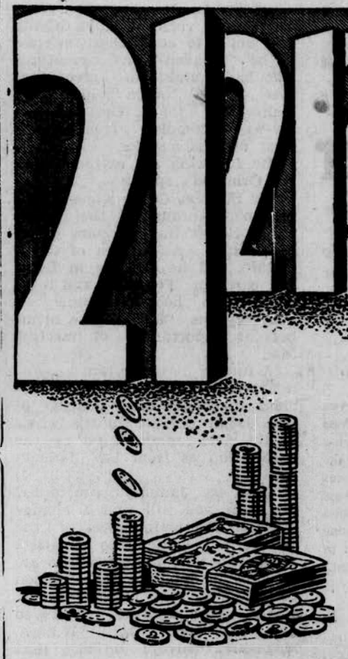

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## Ceylonese Solidarity With Arabs

### Huge Colombo Meeting Condemns British Imperialism

(From A Correspondent)
COLOMBO, (By Mail).

Under the joint auspices of the Lanka Sama Samaja Party, the Sonya Mal movement, Muslim Missionary Society and the Deshabandhu Society, a mammoth public meeting was held on the 5th December to protest against the British imperialist policy in Palestine and to declare the solidarity of the people of Ceylon with the Arab people in their struggle for independence. This is, perhaps, the first occasion on which Sinhalese and Muslims joined in a united front demonstration against imperialism. Mr. Colvin R. de Silva, President of the Lanka Sama Samaja Party, presided. Among the speakers were Al Hedji Maulvi Haneef Nadvi, Sev. Sarananankara, Prof. Rauf Pasha, Mr. M. N. M. Bdiudin, Mr. Philip Goonevardene, Mr. Vernon Goonavardene and Mr. I. M. Ibrahim. The following resolution was passed:—

"This meeting condemns the action of British imperialism in the partition of Palestine, in the brutal repression of the Arab National Movement for freedom, in the deportation of the Arab national leaders and pledges its solidarity with the Arab people in their heroic struggle for liberation."

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## RAO BAHADUR RENOUNCES TITLE

(From Our Correspondent)
DHARWAR, (By Mail).

In a meeting of the general body of the Ranebennur Municipality held on Monday with Rao Bahadur Bonagar as its chairman, the election of the President took place.

Congress members are in a majority and they agreed to elect Rao Bahadur Bonagar as President of the Municipality if he renounced his title. As Mr. Bonagar declared that he would renounce his title he was elected President unopposed in the meeting.

He has already joined the Congress and became a Congress member.

BAN ON TRICOLOUR AT DAVANGERE

News has come from Davanagere that notices under Sec. 39 of the Mysore Police Regulations were served on Messrs. Yajman, Sahukar, Kasul, Advocate Veerappa and two others not to fly National flags on any public place for six months.

DR. SHETTY IN KARNATAK

Dr. M. R. Shetty, a Socialist leader of Bombay, has come to Hubli on the 13th instant. He intends touring Dharwar, Belgaum and Bijapur district. Mr S. R. Sukthankar of Dharwar is accompanying him in Dharwar district and Mr. B. R. Sukthankar in Belgaum district.

## *RAID ON PUNJABI DAILY OFFICE*

### *Sequel To Article On Communal Trouble*

CALCUTTA, December 16.

The offices of "Desh Darpan", a Punjabi daily and the Kavi Press in South Calcutta, were raided by the police this afternoon and all copies of the issue of June 29, the subscribers' register and the Local Agents' Account Book were taken away.

The alleged offending article deals with communal disturbances.

Warrants were also served on Mr. Chatter Singh, the printer and publisher of the paper, and its editor under Sec. 124-A (sedition).

The hearing has been fixed for January 7.—A P.

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# Tragic Betrayal Of Indians In Zanzibar

## Imperial Indian Citizenship Association's Charge-Sheet Against India Govt.

**An emphatic condemnation of the Government of India's policy with regard to Indians in Zanzibar, a call to the Indian Legislature not to acquiesce in that policy and an appeal to the people of India, as a last step, to have nothing to do with Zanzibar cloves, are contained in a statement just issued by the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association "on the position of Indians in Zanzibar."**

The statement says:—

"The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, in spite of its sincere desire to appreciate the trifling concession made to Indians in Zanzibar, is unable to understand the justification of the Government of India in not opposing the Colonial Office in the policy adopted by putting before the Zanzibar Legislature the Clove Growers' Association Bill and getting it passed. Indians in Zanzibar and the public in India objected unequivocally from the very start to a system by which the legitimate rights of Indian traders in Zanzibar, who had materially helped in establishing the clove industry, were swept away by the Zanzibar Government. At no stage of the correspondence and consultation between this Association and the Government of India on one hand and Indians in Zanzibar and the Government of India on the other, was it suggested by any responsible Indian that mere Indian representation on the Advisory Committee or the Board of Management of the Clove Growers' Association would, by itself, meet the position.

AFFRONT TO INDIA

The Council of the Association, therefore, cannot conceal its surprise at the equanimity with which the Government of India have been persistently advising Indians in Zanzibar to give the agreement a trial. The Council is emphatically of opinion that Indians in Zanzibar have gained nothing to give trial to; the only thing which remains for them is to reconcile, if they can, to the confiscation of their rights. The Council, therefore, reiterates its resolution adopted on the 17th July, 1937, and "congratulates Indians in Zanzibar on their endurance and steadfastness in their hard struggle to maintain their elementary rights as an integral part of the Zanzibar population and urges them to persevere in their efforts and assures them of the support of the Association in taking all legitimate means to avert the imposition on them of an Act fraught with ruin to their interests and affront to the Indian national sentiment.

INDIANS BETRAYED

The Council cannot approve of the attitude adopted by the Government of India regarding the proposed embargo on the importation of cloves into China. It further records its profound disappointment at the adverse vote of the Central Legislative Assembly on the 23rd August, 1937 which has considerably harmed Indian interests not only in Zanzibar, but in all colonies. The Council feels that it would be a great tragedy if the Indian Legislature continues to acquiesce in the attitude of the Government of India. The Council hopes that early opportunity would be taken by the Indian Legislative Assembly to review its decision.

The Council cannot sufficiently deplore the unfortunate break caused by the decision of the Government of India regarding the position of Indians overseas in their policy since 1912, whenever the redress was either not available or inadequate, the disappointment was common to both the Indians in the colony concerned and the Government of India. Unfortunately, in the case of Zanzibar an unexpected change has been introduced in the policy of the Government of India which is antagonistic to the interests of Indians in Zanzibar. The Council believes that the interests of Indians overseas will suffer heavily if the Government adopt towards them the unhappy and inexplicable attitude that they have taken up in the present case of Indians in Zanzibar.

RADICAL CHANGE NEEDED

The Council believes that the interests of Indians overseas will suffer heavily if the Government of India adopt towards them the unhappy and inexplicable attitude that they have taken up in the present case of Indians in Zanzibar. Here the departure from the policy followed by the Government of India hitherto is all the more deplorable as the position of Indians in Zanzibar is admitted to be very strong owing to the acknowledged fact that the prosperity of the clove industry is mainly due to the enterprise and business acumen of the Indian settlers of Zanzibar.

The Council feels that on principle the injustice done to Indians in Zanzibar is such that a radical change in the policy of the Government of Zanzibar would alone meet the situation and satisfy Indian public opinion.

UNFAIR AND HIGHHANDED

In view of the failure of the Government to help Indians in Zanzibar, the only alternative left open to India to help Indians in Zanzibar is by having nothing to do with cloves. The Council expects that India will not like to indulge in the use of an article in the marketing of which Indians have been actually debarred in such unfair and highhanded manner by the authorities in Zanzibar.

This Association has already made representation to the Government of India requesting them to explore the possibilities of growing cloves in India and the country justifiably presses that the Government of India should go ahead with their efforts in this direction.

To Indians in Zanzibar the Council expresses its sincere regrets that in spite of continuous endeavours extending over a period of more than three years to help them in their fight, it has no cheering message to send at this stage, but the Council has no hesitation in saying that the case of Indians in Zanzibar is righteous and must prevail. It realises the handicap of Indians in Zanzibar having to protect themselves without the support of the Government of their mother-country, but it has no doubt that the people of India are in complete sympathy with their brethren in Zanzibar."—A.P.

## WHOLE FAMILY SUCCUMBS

### Coal Stove Tragedy In Benares "Dharmasala"

BENARES, (By Mail).

A whole family of pilgrims, comprising a 50-year old man, his 75-year old mother and another young woman and her child were found dead in a room of a "Dharmashala."

A milkman, who called at their room early in the morning, failed to get any response and suspecting some accident he informed the police, who forced the door to find all the four dead. The room was closely shut and death is believed to have been caused by suffocation. It is suspected the pilgrims had a coal stove in the room.—A. P.

### *ECHO OF MEERUT ARRESTS*

### *Pangarkar's Externment Order Not Yet Cancelled*

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT, (By Mail.)

Mr. D M. Pangarkar, the well-known labour leader has recently addressed a letter to Mr. Munshi, Home Minister requesting him to cancel the order of deportation from Bombay Presidency that was served on him on 28th March, 1929, on the eve of the Meerut Conspiracy case arrests.

Mr. Pangarkar expresses great surprise that his order has not been cancelled while other repressive orders passed against all other labour leaders have been rescinded.

In conclusion Mr. Pangarkar states that he desires early deliverance from the old order as he desires to attend the Haripura Congress during February next.

### COLONIES DEAL WITH HITLER

(Continued from page 6)

gain in the shape of "appeasement and disarmament" (to use the phraseology of the official statement) could be brought in this way.

Those of us who read Hitler's speeches with any degree of care know the answer to that question. With complete cynicism and with perfect truth he loses no opportunity of declaring that Germany under his leadership has secured all that she has won, solely because she is "strong" again, and once more possesses a powerful army.

**If he should be given an African colony rather sooner than he seems to expect the conclusion will be that this also is the reward for the creation of a mighty conscript army, a powerful air force and a considerable navy. And that will be the only honest conclusion.**

Did the "Times", did ever our idealistic Lords Halifax and Lothian ever propose to hand back even the most worthless colony while Germany was a pacific and unarmed democracy?

Nothing can alter that fact, but to face it honestly may save us from some liberal illusions.

I doubt whether Hitler will consent very readily to limit his armaments, but if he does so, it will be because he knows from experience that they are already strong enough to extort what he still means to win.

### *Remember Spain*

The Government will not finally commit itself to any big step in this direction without securing at least the tacit consent of the Opposition.

There is Labour's chance. I should like to hear it answer with a flat refusal to bless. or even to discuss, any concessions, however reasonable in themselves, whether to Germany or to Italy, so long as they are waging war on the Spanish Republic.

**Pacts, disarmament, entry into an emasculated League—all that is make-believe. The fact is that in defiance of every canon of honour and law, these Powers are conducting a savage war of hunger and terrorism against Spanish democracy and the Spanish working-class.**

To talk of "appeasement" while Hitler's bombing 'planes rain death on Spanish towns is a hypocrisy to which no one in our ranks—and, one hopes, no honest Liberal—will be a party.

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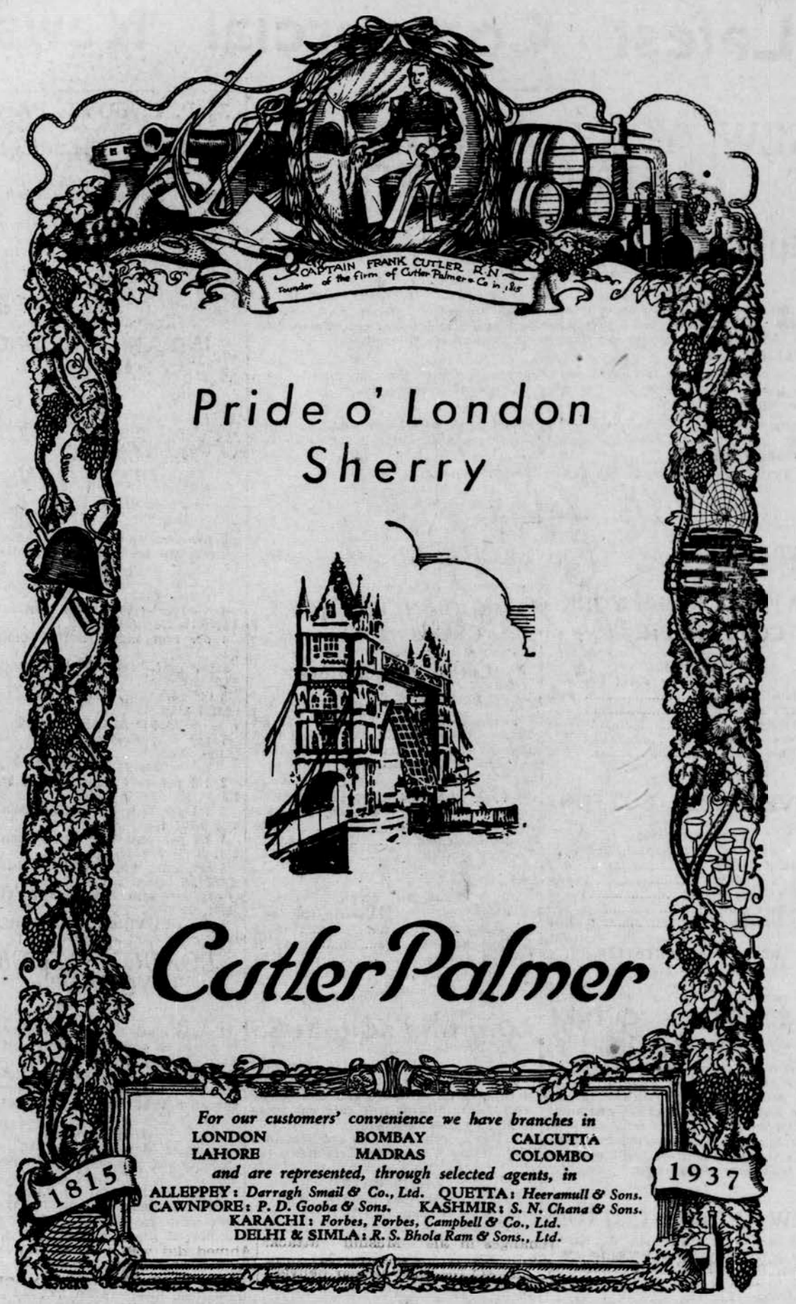
### *No Parliamentary Secretaries In Frontier*

PESHAWAR, Dec. 15.

It is understood that the Frontier Government is not going to appoint any Parliamentary Secretary and the entire work would be carried on by the Ministers themselves. This is being done with a view to save a substantial sum for the Government.—United Press.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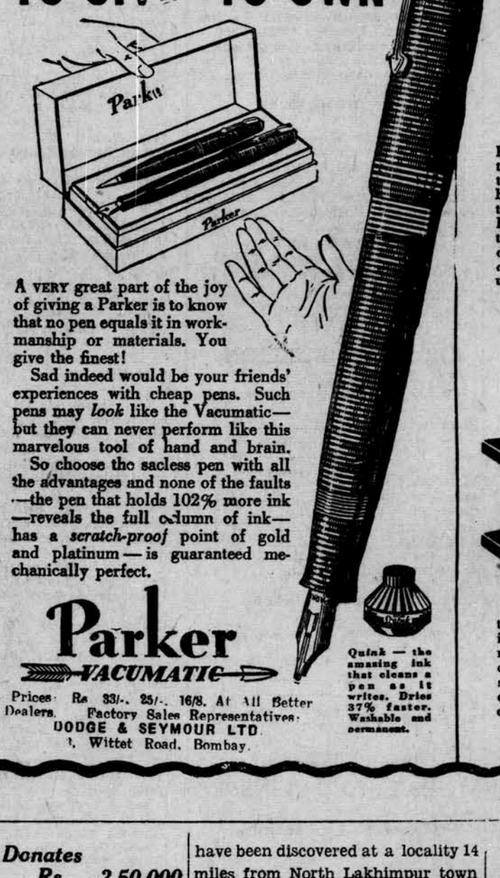
**THE FINEST PEN TO GIVE—TO OWN**

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Sad indeed would be your friends' experiences with cheap pens. Such pens may *look* like the Vacumatic—but they can never perform like this marvelous tool of hand and brain.

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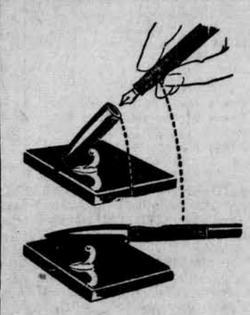

to a level rest when the pen is inserted—hence ink cannot seep out; *automatically* clasps the pen in an air-tight seal—hence the ink cannot dry out. The bowl is mounted on the most beautiful desk base ever designed.

### *Scindia Donates Rs. 2,50,000*

GWALIOR, December 16.

His Highness the Maharaja Scindia has subscribed a sum of Rs. 2,50,000 to the Anti-T. B. Fund in response to the appeal made by Lady Linlithgow.—A. P.

COAL AND OIL IN ASSAM.

GAUHATI, Dec. 15.

Coal and oil are reported to have been discovered at a locality 14 miles from North Lakhimpur town in Upper Assam. It is stated that the authorities have been apprised of the discovery by His Holiness Sree Lilakrishna Dev Goswami of Gharmara Chhatra, about 3 miles from the town.

It is rumoured that a European concern has applied to the Central Government for prospecting in North Lakhimpur for minerals.—A. P.

### CONGRESS SOCIALIST GROUP IN SHOLAPUR

(From Our Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, Dec. 15

A Congress Socialist group was formed in Sholapur to-day to which a number of left Congressmen have joined. The group appointed Messrs Vibhute and Lunje as provisional secretaries and intends securing affiliation to the Congress Socialist Party immediately.

# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON EIGHT POINTS UP

## Bullion Easy Wheat Advances

BOMBAY, Dec 16

On Thursday cross rates displayed better undertone. New York opened steady and advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying. Later prices were further encouraged by scarcity of contracts.

BULLION EASY

In absence of any important buying prices gave way under speculative selling and realising. Later prices steadied a little on covering operations.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Prices advanced on reported sale of two cargoes of Russian wheat to continent.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Prices advanced slightly on better foreign cables.

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1938.

New York, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 8.19 |
| To-day's opening | 8.24 |
| Difference | +.05 |
| To-day's closing | 8.27 |
| Difference | +08 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1938

Liverpool, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.63 |
| To-day's opening | 4.66 |
| Difference | +03 |
| To-day's closing | 4.69 |
| Difference | +06 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 168-8

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec 16

New York cotton began trading in March at 8.24 i.e. five points higher than previous closing Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying with some covering while later renewed covering purchases and scarcity of contracts sent price to 8.31 with very steady tone.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 16

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (8.13/8.13) 8.14/8.14
January (8.21/8.21) 8.25/8.24
March (8.23/8.23) 8.29/8.28

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 16

American December (4.60) 4.65
American January (4.62) 4.66
Sakels January (6.58) 6.62
Sakels March (6.52) 6.58

### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec 16

Trading in Broach commenced at Rs. 167. Prices early advanced on speculative buying and covering under which rate speedily rallied to Rs. 162/12 after which quiet tone prevailed but on resumption of trading at night further rise followed on scattered buying and renewed covering actuated by firmness of New York cotton

## LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec 16

The rates at 2-30 p. m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 2/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-6 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-6 1/8) 1/8

JUTE

New Crop December January (£19 3/8 paid sellers) £19 1/4 sellers
Dunlop December (£22) £22 sellers
Lightning December (£21 sellers) £21 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/16 value) 7 1/4 value
Forward April June (7 1/2 paid sellers) 7 7/16 paid

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay December January (£14 1/8 sellers) £14 1/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta December January (£15 sellers) £15 1/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata December (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal January (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 13/16 sellers

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec 16

Liverpool wheat opened easy with March at 90 5/8 and May at 91. Prices declined on lower Argentine advices but thereafter rallied quickly on reported sale of two cargoes of Russian wheat to continent after which operations were quiet.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec 16

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.95 5/8. Prices early showed slightly easier tendency but later improved on better outside demand following encouraging outside cables with price rallying to 0.96 1/4.

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.99 3/4 |
| To-day's opening | 4.99 13/16 |
| To-day's closing | 4.99 11/16 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.99.80 |
| To-day's opening | 4.99.80 |
| To-day's closing | 4.99.77 |

FRANC RATE

London, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 147.29 |
| To-day's opening | 147.23 |
| To-day's closing | 147.23 |

## LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 16

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.99.80 and kept steady with minor fluctuations rate on whole displaying good undertone.

Franc opened at 147.28 and remained very steady without any variations.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.112) 11.120
New York on Bombay (37.75) 37.75
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 5/8) 0.93 5/8
London on Milan (95.06) 95.16
London on Shanghai (1-2 7/32) 1-2 7/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (13/16 to 13/16 per cent) 13/16 to 13/16 per cent
6 months (3/4 to 3/4 per cent) 3/4 to 3/4 per cent
6 months (3/4 to 3/4 per cent) 3/4 to 3/4 per cent

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£190 3/4 buyers £191 sellers. Steady) £191 3/4 buyers £192 sellers
Lead (£15 11/16 buyers £15 3/4 sellers. Steady) £15 13/16 buyers £15 7/8 sellers
Electrolytic Copper (£43 1/4 to £44 1/4) £44 to £45
Glasgow Iron (sh. 112) sh. 112

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec 16

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | (18 11/16d.) | 18 11/16d. |
| Forward | (18 5/16d.) | 18 5/16d. |

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 16

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£6-19-9 1/2) £6-19-9 1/2

### BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Dec 16

10-0 p.m.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Silver ready | 46 | 4 | 6 |
| Silver Magsar | 46 | 4 | 6 |
| Silver Posh | 46 | 5 | 0 |
| Gold ready | 34 | 7 | 9 |
| Gold Magsar | 34 | 8 | 0 |
| Gold Posh | 34 | 8 | 3 |
| Sovereign | 22 | 5 | 0 |
| Gold ready | 34 | 7 | 9 |
| Gold Magsar | 34 | 8 | 0 |
| Gold Posh | 34 | 8 | 3 |
| Sovereign | 22 | 5 | 0 |

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Dec 16

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rates at 11-3 a.m. | 7 | 13 | 9 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 7 | 13 | 6 |
| Rates at 3-0 p.m. | 7 | 13 | 3 |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | 7 | 13 | 3 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 16

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat January | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Wheat May | 4 | 13 | 0 |
| Linseed May | 7 | 12 | 9 |

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Dec 16

Liverpool wheat December closed at 92 1/2 as against the previous closing at 92 5/8

## 3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 97-8-6.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Opening | 97 | 6 | 0 |
| Highest | 97 | 8 | 6 |
| Lowest | 97 | 6 | 0 |
| Closing | 97 | 8 | 6 |

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec 16

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £93 7/8 as against the previous closing at £93 3/8

## INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec 16

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£98-9) £98-6
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£93 1/2) £93 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£111 3/4) £112
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958/68 (£114 3/4) £114 3/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107) £107 1/2
5 per cent. Indian 1942-47 (£109 3/4) £109 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/70 (£107) £107

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 3/8) £74 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent. Funding Loan (£112 1/4) £112 3/8
3 1/2 per cent. War Loan (£101 5/8) £101 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £111

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 16

London Stock Exchange was moderately active on scattered enquiry three and half was quoted at 93 1/2 i.e. 2 1/2 shillings higher than previous closing in securities which displayed brighter sentiment but business was restricted.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-1 1/2) 15 7/8
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (58-9) 59-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/4) dol 5 3/4
Musical Industries (16-4 1/2) 17
Princhin Johnson (38-6) 38-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (35-6) 35-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (68-3) 70
Realisation 1930 (£53 nominal) £52 1/2 nominal
Dunlop Rubber (32-4 1/2) 32-9
Unilever Ordinary (35-4 1/2) 36
Ford Motors (22-6) 22
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£66 3/8) £67
British American Tobacco (109-4) 105-7 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (143-9) 146-3
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (20-9) 21 1/2
Distillers (102-6) 104
Bredfords Dyers (£5 1/4) £5 1/4
British Celanese (£4 1/8) £4 1/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (40 1/2) 40 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (45-4 1/2) 45-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (6 1/2) 6 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (25 5/8) 26 1/8
Inter Nickels (dol 44) dol 44 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (46-3) 51
Tata Steel Preference (£103) £102

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-8) 18
Donaro Tea (41-3) 41-3
Empire of India (30) 30

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-3) 29-3
Gula Kelampong (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Rubber Plan Inv Trust (28-6) 28-7 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (52-6) 52-6
Burma Corporation (11-4 1/2) 12
Rio Tintos (£18 1/2) £18 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (56-10 1/2) 56-3
Rand Mines (£7 5/8) £7 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 3/8) £15 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (87-4 1/2) 88-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (100) 100
Sub Nigel (£9 1/4) £9 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (33-3) 33-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (37-6) 38-9
Anglo Iranian (78-1 1/2) 78-9
Burma Oil (115 5/8) 116 7/8
Mexican Eagle (14-3) 14-4 1/2
Shell Transport (94-6) 98-9 1/2
Royal Dutch (£40 1/8) £40 3/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 1/2) £63 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£29 3/8) £29 1/8
L N E R Deferred (£4 1/4) £4 1/4
Southern Dutch (£19) £19 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£128) £128
London Transport 'C' Stock (£79 1/2) £79 3/4

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec 16

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

General Motors (dol 33) dol 33 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 31 1/2) dol 32
U S Steel Common (dol 57 1/8) dol 58
U S Steel Preference (dol 107 1/4) dol 107

## SATISFACTORY UNDERTONE IN STOCK 'CHANGE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec 16

On the Stock Exchange, a satisfactory undertone was maintained throughout, though leading oils failed to maintain their earlier gains owing to profit taking. Tobaccos met substantial bear covering, bats especially rising from 103/9 to 108/1. Continental and shop support helped kaffirs. Commodities were featureless. Wall Street firm them narrowly irregular.

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET REPORT

### Jutes Rule Firm

CALCUTTA, Dec 16

Jutes ruled firm but business was somewhat restricted in goals further improvements were recorded amongst more popular stocks that came into business. The undertone was decidedly better. Teas were more or less unchanged. Miscellaneous: On strong buying support, Indian Irons recorded gradual improvements after opening at 31, gradually improved to 33 upto lunchion. It however finally closed round 35/6. Other speculative issues also kept steady and fair business took place therein. Government securities were rather quiet.

Securities: Three half per cent G P 97/8; three half per cent loan 1947/50 106/2 small lot; four per cent loan 1960/70 113/7; five per cent loan 1945/55 120/5; five half per cent loan 1938/40 102/9.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1565.

Railways: Bankura Damoodar 91 ex div; Hoshiarpur Doab 99 ct; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rly Rebate 100/8.

Cottons: Desoram 7, New Victoria ord 1/2.

Coals: Aldih 4/6; Bengal 353; Amalgamated 25; Bhalgora 4/7; Central Kurkend 11.8; Bokaro and Ramgur 18/4; Burrakur 16/2; Deoli 7 small lot; Dhemo Main 12/8 ct; East Indian 26/8; Equitable 39/1 small lot, Hurriladih 17/5; Jainty Central 1.8; Katras Jherriah 23/8; Lakurka 11.8; Mundulpoor 9./7; Nazira 9/6 ex div; New Beerbhoom 20/11; North Damuda 7/8; Pench Valley 35/10 small lot; Raneegunge 35/12 small lot; Samla 2/4; Searsole 5/4; South Karanpura 7/2; Union 20/14; West Jamuria 29/8.

Jutes: Alliance 185; Bally 161; Chitavalah pref 110 ct; Craig 1; Howrah 44/2; Anglo India 271; Barnagore 114 small lot; Clive 19/12; Hukumchand ord 8/4; do pref 105/8 small lot; Kamarhatty 435; Kelvin pref 150; Kinnison pref 147; Lawrence 310 ct; National 19; Nuddea 33/8 small lot; Orient 135 ct.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7/14; Consolidated Tin 6/10; Indian Copper 2/9; Rhodesia Copper 2, Bengal Potteries 5/8; Dalmia Cement ord 10/10; do defd 2/14; do pref 99 small lot; Bengal Telephone ord 19/4; Shahjahanpur Elec 7/8; Britannia Building and Iron 7; Hukumchand Steel ord 10/8; do defd 2/7, Indian Iron 33/6; Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 250 ct; Steel Corpn ord 6/11; do pref 80/8; B I Corpn ord 3/7; do pref 150; Dunlop Rubber ord 15; Indian Cables 13/2; Indian Wood Products 22/8; Star Trading and Investment ord 26/10; British Burma Petrol 4/5; Orient Paper 7/6, Shiva Jute Press 108; Bengal Timber ord 170; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 19/15.

Teas: Bishnauth 24/12; Eastern Cachar 9; Sarugaon 10; Sapoi 8/6; Tezpore 7/14.

Debentures: Five per cent Star Trading and Investment 103/12.—A. P.

## FORWARD BUSINESS IN SHARES

To Be Resumed To-morrow.

The Secretary, Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, Bombay, writes:—

Forward business in shares will be resumed from Saturday the 18th instant.

## YARN EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 16.

| Yarn No. | Dec. Rs. | Feb. Rs. | Apr. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10's | 134 | 131 | 129 |
| 20's | 165 | 181 | 162 |

### Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| SAKEL— | |
| January | 14.16+3. |
| May | 13.75—1. |
| ASHMOUNI— | |
| December | 9.75+1. |
| February | 9.75+1. |
| April | 9.81+1. |
| June | 9.83—3. |
| GIZA— | |
| January | 11.71—0. |
| May | 11.89—1. |

## WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec. 15.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amr. Forn. Power Gold D. 5 p.c. | 60 |
| Electric Power and Light | 13 |
| Electric Bond Common | 11 |
| United Corpn. | 5 |
| United Power and Light | 3 |
| American Tel. and Tel. | 145 1/2XD. |
| Western Union Telg | 24 1/4 |
| New York Central Rly. | 19 1/4 |
| Southern Pacific Rly. | 21 |
| Crucible Steel 7 p.c. Pfd. | 84 |
| Philips Petrol | 40 |
| Bethelehem Steel | 57 |
| Ludlum Steel | 18 |
| National Steel | 65 |
| Republic Steel | 18 |
| United States Steel | 57 |
| Amr. Car Foundry | 26 |
| United S. Smelting | 62 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 31 1/2 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 44 1/4 |
| Chrysler Motors | 55 |
| General Motors | 33 1/4 |
| General Electric | 43 |
| Union Carbide | 71 1/4 |
| Barnsdall Oil | 13 |
| Consolidated Oil | 9 |
| Socony Oil | 14 3/4 |
| Amr. Tob B. | 62 |
| Chase Bank | 29 1/2 |
| National City Bank | 25 3/4 |
| Amr. Can | 73 |
| Westinghouse Airbrake | 25 |

## Leaders' Appeal To Socialists

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, December 16.

Discussions that took place at Anand Bhawan yesterday and today appear to have centred round the organization of the Provincial Congress Secretariat and the attitude of Socialists towards the Labour Organization.

It is said an attempt was made to what has been called "neutralize", the Provincial Congress Secretariat at Lucknow.

It appears the party in power utilizes the machinery to its own advantage in the elections, etc., thereby causing friction between the two parties of Congressmen.

In this connection, trouble over the election of the President for the Provincial Political Conference may be recalled when the Provincial Secretariat is alleged to have manoeuvred in favour of a particular candidate against another. It was suggested in the course of discussions at Anand Bhawan that a paid secretary should be employed instead of honorary to avoid these party manoeuvres."

Leaders assembled appear to have advised Socialists to confine themselves to non-violent speeches in carrying on Labour campaign at Cawnpore or elsewhere because violent speeches tended to weaken the position of the Ministry.

It is said, Pt. Jawaharlal did not favour violent speeches and expressed the necessity of the peaceful organization of workers. But he also disapproved of taking action against workers without full justification and unless dangerous situation was likely to arise as a result of speeches.

Leaders are further reported to have surveyed the international situation and its bearing on India with particular reference to Japanese aggression in China.

## DON'T UNDO GANDHIJI'S WORK

### Sarat Bose's Appeal To Andamans Prisoners

CALCUTTA, December 16.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose has issued the following statement to the "Associated Press":—

"The news circulated by the "United Press" and published in the morning papers that the Andamans prisoners are contemplating hunger-strike again is extremely disconcerting. I would earnestly appeal to the relatives, connections and friends of the Andamans prisoners to exert their influence over the latter and to do all that lies in their power to avert a crisis. The improvement in Mahatmaji's health at Juhu fills me with hope that he will be able to take up the work before long. I hope that all concerned will hold themselves in patience for some time longer and will not do anything that might have the effect of undoing the work already done by Mahatmaji

As far as I am aware, the Andamans prisoners now in Calcutta have come to no decision so far to resort to hunger-strike. I hope the news that their comrades in the Andamans have decided to resort to hunger-strike will prove to be incorrect. I would appeal to all of them to strengthen Mahatmaji's hands and not to weaken them by resorting to hunger-strike."—A. P.

## AMERICA BUYS FORWARD SILVER

### For First Time in Last Several Years

LONDON, December 16.

For the first time in several years America to-day, after fixing, asked for offers of forward silver to be made to her and later sent over buying orders. Brokers are somewhat at a loss to understand why America has suddenly turned a buyer of forward. Some suggest that the move is motivated by the extreme difficulty in obtaining cash silver as most London Stocks are now held against previous contracts.

The general opinion is that the step will do much to restore the equilibrium of the market. Although there has recently been a heavy volume of short-selling, some market operators believe that this will not yet offset previous long interest, though, should bears suddenly decide to cover and longs refuse to sell an interesting position might arise owing to scarcity of "free" stocks especially as the total of London Stocks in the past week is estimated to have fallen from six to four million ounces.—Reuter.

Market steady firm. Outlook fair. Turnover 930,000 shares.

Consolidated Oil declared 20 cents dividend.

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Dec 16

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons, Captain T Harrison arrived from Karachi via Cutch Mandvi, Port Okha and Porebunder with passengers and general cargo.

J Finlay ss Dartford of 2421 reg tons, Captain W Donald arrived from Basrah in water ballast.

T Morrison ss Rahmani of 3291 reg tons, Captain W F Clifton arrived from Bhavnagar in water ballast.

Scindia ss Jalamohan of 3146 reg tons, Captain F R Cranby arrived from Rangoon via Colombo Coast Ports and Marmagoa with rice and general cargo.

L Edwards ss Kandelfels of 4783 reg tons, Captain P Kohler arrived from Bhavnagar with passengers and general cargo.

Norwegian ss Roseville of 3507 reg tons, Captain K J Lovik arrived from San Francisco via Los Angeles with cargo of cotton (Agents Lionel Edwards).

L Triestino ss Moncalieri of 3533 reg tons, Captain M Francisco arrived from Genoa via Laghorn Naples, Catania, Port Said, Suez, with general cargo.

SAILED

L Edwards ss Wolfsburg of 3827 reg tons, Captain K Bohland sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

J Mackintosh ss Raila of 3206 reg tons, Captain H Soiland sailed for Calcutta with same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 16-12-37.

S S Varsova (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi

S S Strathmore (M M) for Europe and American Ports via Aden and London.

S S Bhutan (M M) for Europe and American Ports via Aden and London.

S S Moncalieri (L T) for Madras and Calcutta

S S Hilda (L T) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Kunishima Maru (N Y K) for China, Japan Ports via Marmagoa, Penang and Singapore.

## STEAMERS IN DOCKS

### Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Dec 16

6 Wolfsburg 3827 Karachi 16-12 L Edwards.
7 Castalia 4171 Karachi 18-12 Anchor Line
12 Ryoyo Maru 3650 Karachi 17-12 M B Kaisha
14 Kenya 4646 Durban 22-12 M M
15 Dalgoma 3571 Antwerp 20-12 M M
16 Kandelfels 4783 Hamburg 25-12 L Edwards

### Victoria Dock

4 Vasna 2026 Busrah 17-12 M M
6 El Madina 1628 N F, N F, Scindia S N
10/11 Jalarajar 3148 NF NF Scindia S N

### Prince's Dock

K Alavi 2181 Jeddah 30-12 T Morrison
B Oostcappelle 348 M Coast NF Merchant S N
C/R Kohinur 3240 Paigoon 19-12 T Morrison.
H Netravati 699 N F, N F, B S N
A Jalamohan 3146 N F, N F, Scindia S N
F Islami 3617 N F, N F, T Morrison
G Sophie Marie 677 M Coast 16-12 Merchant S N
N/O Rahmani 3291 Red Sea Ports 27-12 T Morrison

### Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathnaver 30-12-37 P and O S N
Cathay 16-12-37 P and O
Carthage 6-1-38 P and O S N
Nalgora 21-12-37 M M
Chitral 23-12-37 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Maciver, 16-12-37, James Finlay.
City of Bombay 17-12-37 K Nixon

FROM SYDNEY

Strathmore 18-12-37 P and O S N

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 30-12-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Formosa 27-12-37 L Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Anyo Maru 30-12-37 N Y K
Ozarda, 15-12-37, M. M.
Rajputana 24-12-37 P and O S N
Bhutan 19-12-37 P and O
Ranchi 10-12-37 P and O S N
Conte Verde 12-1-38 L Triestino
Victoria 30-12-37 L Triestino

FROM HAMBURG

Aimkerk 16-12-37 L Edwards
Kybfels 28-12-37 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 23-12-37 F F Campbell
Pres. Pierce 6-1-38 F F Campbell
Sawokla 13-12-37 L Edwards

FROM BASRA

Bankura 16-12-37 M M
Varsova 15-12-37 M M
Hilda 14-12-37 L Triestino
Ozarda 20-12-37 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Riu 16-12-37 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 18-1-38 L Triestino

FROM MANILA

Wales Maru 20-12-37 Volkart Bros

FROM DURBAN

Fairea 25-12-37 M M
Karanja 8-1-38 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Boalp 15-12-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 17-12-37 M M
Badarpur 19-12-37 Burmah Shell Oil Co.

FROM KARACHI

Vita 23-12-37 M M
Ellora 18-12-37 M M
Kandelfels 20-12-37 L Edwards

FROM CALCUTTA

Sarmula 18-12-37 M M
Samaria 20-12-37 M M

### Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathmore 18-12-37 P and O
Rajputana 25-12-37 P and O
Dalgoma 20-12-37 M M
Ranpura 3-8-38 P and O
Narkunda 1-1-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Strathnaver 30-12-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 7-1-38 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Pierce 7-1-38 F F Campbell
Wales Maru 21-12-37 Volkart Bros.
Pres. Polk 24-12-37 F F Campbell

FOR HAMBURG

Kandelfels 25-12-37 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde, 12-1-38, L. T.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Amitral 23-12-37 P and O
Carthage 6-8-38 P and O
Conte Rosso 18-1-38 L Triestino
Toyooka Maru 1-12-37 N Y K
Kunishima Maru 23-12-37 N Y K
Conte Biancomano 30-12-37 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 30-12-37 L Triestino

FOR JEDDAH

Ravi 30-12-37 T Morrison
Rahmani 27-12-37 T Morrison
Ravi N F, T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

18-12-37 M M
Australia 18-12-37 Anchor Line
Wolfsburg 17-12-37 L Edwards

FOR CALCUTTA

Jalarajan 16-12-37 Scindia S N

FOR RANGOON

Kohinur 19-12-37 T Morrison
Jalapaluka 12-12-37 Scindia S N

FOR BASRA

Bankura 22-12-37 M M
Vasna 16-12-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 22-12-37 M M
Tairea, 5-1-38, M. M.

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Muko Maru 14-12-37
S S Wolfsburg 15-12-37
S S Sawokla 15-12-37
S S Cortellazo 15-12-37
S S Muko Maru (boats American cotton) 15-12-37
S S Haideri 15-12-37
S S Irrawadi 15-12-37

EXPORTS

S S Castalia for Liverpool: 9 bales wool raw Bombay Company; 165 bales wool raw The Eastern Wool Trading; 308 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal.

For Manchester: 500 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

S S Kandelfels for Copenhagen: 25 bs ctn twist waste L O Vora

For Hamburg: 141 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora; 80 bags gum B Jaffer; 172 bags gum E Mohmed; 220 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 28 bales ctn waste clean M Chandulal; 1000 pks g nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 55 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 58 bags turmeric S M Rajgor; 100 bags henna leaves S M Rajgor; 962 bags black pepper D Anandji; 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Gothenburg: 35 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora; 28 bales ctn waste clean M Chandulal.

For Helsingfors: 100 bales cotton fly V A Save.

For Bergon: 50 bales ctn twist waste L O Vora; 15 bales cotton fly L O Vora

For Ghent: 121 bales cotton raw Swastika G Trading; 125 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Bremen: 40 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Rotterdam: 50 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal.

For Antwerp: 55 bales cotton raw Swastika G Trading; 64 bags nigerseed S M Rajgor; 230 bags kardi seed S M Rajgor.

S S Almkerk for Melbourne: 400 bags myrabollams K Devchand

S S Dalgoma for London: 9 bales goat skin tanned A K Abdul Rasool; 48 bales cotton rags Jani and Co; 52 drums castor oil Bharat Oil Mills.

IMPORTS

S S Hatipara Agents M Mackenzie from Rangoon: 32094 bags rice; 182416 pieces teak scantlings; 655 pieces teak squares; 600 pieces teak planks; 183 pcs teak posts; 1791 pieces teak boards; 2095 bars pig lea .

From Calicut: 92 jottas coir rope; 255 cases tea; 80 bundles coir fibre.

From Cochin: 403 kollis hooka shells; 92 cases rubber.

S S Corfu Agents M Mackenzie from Basle: 147 bals aniline colour; 33 cases cinema talkie machy and component parts;

From London. 112 kegs hyposulphite of soda; 25 bundles tomato juice; 23 cases film.

From Bordeaux: 125 cases brandy.

From Copenhagen: 40 cases beer; 42 cases cud meats; 44 cases cheese.

From Southampton: 34 ctns elect cable.

From Zurich: 33 cases textile machy; 97 cases embd ctn goods.

From Marseilles: 50 cases soap; 202 bags almonds

From Alexandria: 157 cases cotton.

From Port Said: 100 cases grape fruit.

From Aden: 2 boxes specie.

S S Burdwan Agents M Mackenzie from London: 60 bags magnesia plastic; 264 cases chocolate and confy; 75 cases blue; 41 cases barley; 97 cases biscuits; 202 cases bacon; 25 cases jams; 200 ctns lager in cans; 25 cases cud peas; 50 cases bottled ale; 105 cases wine; 140 bales motor covers; 100 cases fruit salt; 29 cases electrodes; 88 cases cud fish and game; 437 bls tyre outer covers; 26 bgs meat cud; 102 cases medicines; 75 cases sweets; 155 cases glucose; 90 cases barium meal; 113 cases whisky; 50 cases safety ca tridges; 96 cases provisions; 160 drums castor oil; 2057 sacks portland cement; 193 drums dry colours; 97 cases preserves; 801 kegs paint; 176 cks whiting, 92 cases sausages tinned; 120 drums cemeos; 1511 coils old cable wire; 100 cases vinrarnis; 54 cases milk powder; 63 cases gunnies stout; 170 cases gin; 250 bales unread newspapers; 30 cases vinegar; 503 bales tyres; 104 pkgs bedford chassis; 369 bundles tubes; 70 bags zinc oxide; 154 bundles cycle rims; 77 cases floor covering.

From Middlesbrough: 100 pkgs ball napthalene; 75 cases wire mesh; 80 bags magnesium carbonate; 150 bundles steel bars.

From Charente 75 cases cognac; 613 cases brandy.

From Alexandretta: 53 bags almonds.

From Port Said: 50 cases oranges; 75 cases grape fruit.

From Chias: 50 bags almonds.

From Bordeaux: 317 cases oomnuts

### Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 3,597 cwts. |
| Linseed | 235 cwts. |
| Gingellyseed | 3,428 cwts. |
| Poppyseed | 8 cwts. |
| Groundnuts | 28,247 cwts. |
| Castorseed | 228 cwts. |
| Rice | 10,838 cwts. |
| Myrabollams | 1,878 cwts. |
| Cottonseed | 29,660 cwts. |
| Gram | 1,812 cwts. |
| Joowar | 495 cwts. |
| Barley | 162 cwts. |
| Bajree | 5,248 cwts. |
| Indian sugar | 3,670 cwts. |

# Bombay Selling On New York Cotton Market

## LEGISLATIVE UNCERTAINTIES CONTINUE

## U. S. Mills November Consumption 485,000 Bales

Bombay, Dec. 16.

U. S. A. Mills consumption during November amounted 485,000 Bales against 526,000 Bales in the previous month and 627,000 Bales in November last year. From the decrease it will be seen that U. S. A. Mills are curtailing production and in the absence of sufficient demand, we think the prospective situation will continue discouraging. Legislative uncertainty regarding the Farm Bill continues and under Bombay selling New York cotton prices declined on Thursday. Offerings of actual cotton were small but resistance increased at 8.25 as anticipated.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market believed that the prospects of Farm legislation at this session were dwindling and Bombay as well as Liverpool selling did not encourage prices. The market opened steady but was inactive and narrow. Prices at first declined on liquidation but later rallied on local and commission house buying on the firmness of the stock market. Prices thereafter reacted on local selling with contracts slightly more plentiful around 8.25 cents for late positions. Hedge selling was light and spot cotton demand was slow. March delivery opened at a decline of one point at 8.21 and after improving to 8.24 declined to 8.16. The market closed unchanged to 6 points down. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 8.29c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 4 points at 8.21c.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points with January 4.58. Continental liquidation and hedge selling met with anticipatory straddle buying. Later on there was Bombay buying and trade calling. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 4.75d.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton ring was quietly steady. Giza futures closed 2 points down to 4 points up and Uppers were 2 to 4 points higher. The Alexandria market was quiet and closed at a rise of 3 points to a decline of 3 points.

LOAN LEVEL

Messrs. Langley and Co., state:—

"Because of the way in which it diverts cotton from trade channels the loan continues to dominate the market.

Whether the rapid flow of cotton loanwards or the complacency with which the flow has hitherto been contemplated is the more remarkable it is difficult to say.

Even the appreciable crop increases over the last two Bureau reports have been considered of no consequence because they mean only more cotton for the loan. The speculator is happy about it because he sees or thinks he sees the inevitability of the futures market advancing to the loan level. The merchant is not quite so content. For him the problem of basis is extremely difficult.

The flow of cotton loanwards is the subject of daily and contented comment. Cables report this daily inflow just as if that was the end of it. Nobody so far seems to have taken the trouble to think how cotton is going to come out of the loan.

Garside estimates loan stocks, including the 1,600,000 bales carried forward from the old loan, at 5,900,000 bales. Including the old loan stocks an ultimate figure of 8 million bales is well within the bounds of possibility.

STATISTICAL POSITION

The 1937-38 crop is 18-3/4 million bales. The carry-over was 6,245,000 bales, making an available supply of 25 millions, consumption looks like 12½ millions, leaving 12½ million bales not required this season. The figure of 8 million bales suggested as a possible ultimate total for the loan is immense. But 4½ million bales beyond that figure would still be free cotton in excess of consumption.

Then what will happen to the loan stocks— Beyond suggesting that they will remain in the loan as a memorial to the folly of managed economics we must confess we have few ideas on the subject.

Certainly nobody wants them. The speculator would have taken care of the cotton at a price. But the cautious operator has no interest at the arbitrarily fixed price of 9 cents.

The most helpful thing in the outlook is the fact that the immensity of the loan stocks compels the U. S. Government to do everything in their power to reduce next year's production in order to protect their own very large holdings. But if 264 lbs. per acre was in fact the yield this season, what is the acreage which next year will limit the crop to something less than probable consumption? That is a pretty problem which, fortunately, need not be given too serious consideration for a month or two.

Because selling does seem to have dried up we must agree with the general view that prices will move slowly towards the loan level. But we like neither the unanimity of that opinion nor the very large Indian long interests in the American markets".

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March Highest (10-53 a.m.) ..... 8.24+02
N. Y. March Lowest (1-54 p.m.) ..... 8.16—06
Liverpool January Highest ... 4.64+04
Liverpool January Lowest ..... 4.57—03

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables:—

Liverpool.—"Cotton market despite unsettling factors maintains steady undertone whilst not expecting much change near future would buy on setback."

New York.—"Resistance increased artund 8.25 for May. Moderate hedge selling. Legislative uncertainties continue."

"Offerings light. Steady buying by trade. teady undertone."

"Spot offerings limited contracts scarce continue prefer long side."

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Wheat:—Straddle sales May Liverpool purchases July Chicago worth commencing around difference 26 cents.

Rubber:—Contraction American business unsettling buy scale down.

Metals:—Should improve

Sugar:—Expect dull until year ends.

New York:—

Market declining under Bombay selling.

Wheat:—Evening up prior to Argentine report.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| January | 8.10—03 |
| March | 8.19—03 |
| May | 8.23 |
| July | 8.26—02 |
| October | 8.31—06 |
| Middling Spot | 8.29—03 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 8.29+02 |
| January | 8.23—03 |
| March | 8.31—04 |
| Middling Spot | 8.31—04 |
| 11 a.m. Ranges.— | |
| January | 8.14/8.14 |
| March | 8.23/8.23 |
| May | 8.25/8.25 |
| Noon Call.— | |
| March | 8.22 |
| May | 8.24 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Dec. 15.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 15,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain | 16,000 |
| Day's Exports to the Continent | 14,000 |
| Day's Exports to China and Japan | 1,000 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 4.61+03 |
| January | 4.63+03 |
| February | 4.64+02 |
| March | 4.67+03 |
| April | 4.69+02 |
| May | 4.72+02 |
| June | 4.73+02 |
| July | 4.75+02 |
| August | 4.76+02 |
| September | 4.78+02 |
| October | 4.81+02 |
| November | 4.82+02 |
| Middling Spot | 4.75+03 |
| 10-12 a.m. quotations.— | |
| January | 4.58 |
| March | 4.62 |

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| BROACH— | |
| Fully Good (Good staple) | 3.84 |
| Fine Good (Good staple) | 3.99 |
| Superfine (Good staple) | 4.14 |
| OOMRA— | |
| Fine (No 1 staple) | 3.99 |
| Superfine (No 1 staple) | 4.14 |
| Choice (No 1 staple) | 4.29 |
| BENGAL— | |
| Good | 3.53 |
| Fully Good | 3.63 |
| Fine | 3.78 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| F.G.F. Spot | 7.91 |
| GIZA— | |
| Spot | 7.18+15. |
| January 1938 | 6.58+ 3. |
| March | 6.54+ 4. |
| May | 6.54— 1. |
| July | 6.57— 2. |
| October | 6.64— 2. |
| November | 6.60— 2. |
| UPPERS— | |
| Spot | 6.04+ 2. |
| January 1938 | 5.74+ 4. |
| March | 5.70+ 2. |
| May | 5.73+ 2. |
| July | 5.77+ 3. |
| October | 5.84+ 3. |
| November | 5.84+ 3. |
| Tin | £191 15 0 |

LONDON SEEDS
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton December sellers | £12/15/0 |
| Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton December sellers | £15/2/6 |
| Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton December sellers | £15/6/3 |
| Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. c.i.f. ton Dec/Jan. sellers | £13/17/6 |
| Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton December sellers | £14/2/6 |

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan/Feb. sellers | 40/6 |
| Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Jan/Feb. sellers | 40/3 |
| Wheat South Australian parcels January sellers | 38/9 |

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers | 7 5/16 |

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| T.T. London on— | |
| New York | 4.99.80 |
| Paris | 147.29 |
| Berlin | 12.39 1/2 |
| Madrid | 76.00 |
| Amsterdam | 8.98 17/32 |
| Brussels | 29.40 |
| Milan | 95.06 |
| Berne | 21.60 1/2 |
| Prague | 142.18 |

LINSEED OIL
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed oil naked London per cwt. Dec. sellers | 27/7 1/2 |
| Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Jan/Apl. sellers | 27/10 1/2 |

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality | 9 1/4 |

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 16.

Following a decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened at Rs. 166-12-0 for Broach A./M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 168-8-0 on active buying by professional operators on reports from Memphis that the acreage Bill will be considered at the night session. There was scarcity of sellers.

Messrs. Langley and Co., in their weekly report state:

"The Bombay market this week has not only been extremely firm but strength here has done much to influence prices both in Liverpool and in New York. And, curiously enough, the strength of the Bombay market has been centred almost entirely on Broach April/May, the spread between that contract and Oomra December-January having widened to Rs. 19. The advance, in fact, has been due primarily to heavy short covering in Broach April-May by a prominent speculative and straddle account. In addition of course there is still the firm conviction in this country that constructive proposals will emanate from Washington. That creates a steady speculative demand for contracts and hedge selling against the Broach contract is negligible.

Meanwhile, export demand, almost non-existent a week ago, has even less chance of any revival at our narrower parity.

In the spot market business is confined to a small ontake on mills' accounts, 14's cotton is still very scarce and will remain so until arrivals from Central India and later from Broach relieve the situation.

There is still a fairly good demand for Indian staple styles and the basis for long staple American seed cotton remains firm.

Arrivals in the bigger Berar markets are now around 400 bales daily but the increase is very slow.

Weather reports during the week have included light rains in the Berars, Grade will probably suffer to some extent but light rains at this time of the year and in a season when the crop is late will increase the yield.

Until such time as the Bombay contracts come into closer contact with actual cotton and in due course actual cotton accumulates there will be little pressure on the Bombay market. But it is only a matter of time before the weight of cotton must tell. It is quite impossible for a country which exports more than half its cotton crop to ignore entirely the present complete absence of export demand".

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points and prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 169-4-0. Later on there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 168-6-0. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Broach A./M. | 168 12 0 |
| Broach J./A. | 171 2 0 |
| Oomra D./J. | 149 8 0 |
| Oomra March | 150 4 0 |
| Oomra | 151 0 0 |
| Bengal D./J. | 130 0 0 |
| Bengal Mar. | 130 12 0 |

### Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec 16

| | Extra Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G— | | | | | |
| Bengal U P | 141 | 138 | 135 | 132 | |
| Punjab | 141 | 138 | 135 | 132 | |
| Oomra No. 3 | 160 | 157 | 154 | 151 | |
| C P No. 1 | 172 | 169 | 166 | 163 | |
| C P Nt. 2 | 166 | 163 | 160 | 157 | |

### Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec 16

Bengal Fine new 134/36
C P 1 new 164/65
C P 2 new 159/60
Arvi new 161/62
Berar new 153/55 old 115/20
Khandesh new 143/44 old 115/20
Jalna Sailu new 143/45 old 115/20
Burwah Sanavad old 115/20
Mathia new 138/40 old 80/100
Broach old 156/63
Punjab 4 F new 184/86 new +14/16
Punjab 289 F new 233/38 new +65/68
Sindh 4 F new 184/86 new +15/17
Sindh N T new 218/20 new +45/47 Mr/Ap.
Kampala old 303/308 new +122
Manza new 271/73

### Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 6 | 923 |
| Central India | 20 | 306 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 419 | 5,584 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | 100 | 1,281 |
| Berar | 2,739 | 17,440 |
| Central Provinces | 319 | 3,000 |
| Total Oomras | 3,603 | 28,534 |
| Dholera | 41 | 2,926 |
| N W Provinces | | 1,352 |
| Rajputana | | 95 |
| Sind Punjab | 3,002 | 105,636 |
| Brtach | | 1,406 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 143 | 7,250 |
| Westerns Northerns | 2 | 806 |
| Cocoanada | | 12 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | 811 |
| American | 430 | 7,055 |
| Egyptian African and Sudan | 2,667 | 109,208 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | | 370 |
| Total | 9,888 | 265,461 |

### Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 9th Dec.

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 1,865 | 47,771 |
| Japan and China | | 67,300 |
| Coast Ports | 509 | 20,834 |
| Up-country by Rail | | 99,420 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | | 2,425 |
| Total | 2,374 | 237,750 |

### Bombay Suggr

Bombay, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready Javas | Rs. 15 9 0 |
| Shipment Jan March | Rs. 5 14 0 |
| Shipment April June | Rs. 5 15 0 |
| Kesa- | Rs. 11 4 0 |
| Saraya | Rs. 11 2 0 |
| Java Spot | F 7.00 |

# SILVER OUTLOOK

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received the following cable from New York:—

Official information absolute not available. Treasury recently asking many questions before buying Dollars 45 cents makes us wonder whether some reduction after year-end likely.

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 16.

Yesterday London gold prices declined ½d. to £6-19-9½. London-Paris Exchange rate was 7 points up at 147,29. Dollar-sterling cross rate was 4.99-3/4. London silver prices were unchanged at 18-11/16d. Bears covered and business was small. Later on America and India were buyers but sellers were reserved. New York silver was unchanged at 44-3/4 cents and Montreal futures were also unchanged. The local market was fairly steady but later on there was some selling in silver while gold prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready | 34 8 0 |
| Magsar | 34 8 3 |
| Posh | 34 8 6 |

SILVER

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready | 46 13 0 |
| Magsar | 46 13 0 |
| Posh | 46 14 0 |

LONDON SILVER.
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 18 11/16 |
| Forward | 18 5/16 |

LONDON GOLD.
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold Bars Fine per oz | £6-19-9 1/2 |

### Montreal Silver

Montreal, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 40.20 |
| March | 40.20 |
| May | 42.40 |

### Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| London market— | |
| Standard copper cash (buyers) | £39-15-0 |
| Standard copper 3 months | £39-17-6 |
| Electrolytic copper | £44-5-0 |
| Bombay market— | |
| Yellow metal sheets | Rs. 39-8-0 |
| Copper sheets | Rs. 43-8-0 |
| Tone: Steady. | |

## LONDON METALS

London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Copper | £39 17 6 |
| Lead | £18 1 6 |
| Spelter | £15 6 3 |

## LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Dec. 16.

All foreign markets were steady awaiting Argentine crop estimates which were published after closing of the markets as under:—

| | Last year. |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 5,225,000 tons 6,745,000 |
| Linseed | 1,585,000 tons 1,850,000 |

These figures are more in line with general expectation and the smaller figures have been offset by larger exportable surplus from Canada, U. S. A. and Australia as well Russia. The local market was quiet with scattered selling.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed May | 7 13 6 |
| Wheat January | 5 0 9 |
| Wheat May | 4 13 9 |

### Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| January | £11-15-0 |

### Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Groundnuts Feb— | |
| Opening | 31 7 0 |
| Highest | 31 7 6 |
| Lowest | 31 2 6 |
| Closing | 31 3 0 |
| Castorseeds May— | |
| Opening | 35 11 0 |
| Highest | 35 11 0 |
| Lowest | 35 8 6 |
| Closing | 35 9 0 |
| Cottonseeds Jan— | |
| Opening | 19 15 0 |
| Highest | 19 15 0 |
| Lowest | 19 9 6 |
| Closing | 19 10 9 |
| Cottonseeds May— | |
| Opening | 10 10 6 |
| Highest | 20 11 0 |
| Lowest | 20 4 3 |
| Closing | 20 5 9 |

### Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 92 5/8d. |
| March | 91 3/8d. |
| May | 91 1/2d. |
| July | 91 1/2d. |

### Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| December | dol 0.95 7/8 |
| May | dol 0.92 1/2 |
| July | dol 0.87 |

## LONDON SUGAR

London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| March | s6. 2d. |

### New York Sugar

New York, Dec 15

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 2.34 +1 |
| May | 2.35 unchanged |
| July | 2.36 +1 |
| September | 2.36 unchanged |

## GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 | 100/4 |
| 3 per cent 1951/54 | 102/8 |
| 4 per cent 1947 | 103/8 |
| 6 per cent U P Bonds | 97 |
| 3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash | 97/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan | 106/6 |
| 4 per cent 1943 Bonds | 108/4 |
| 4 per cent 1960/70 | 113/10 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 | 119/6 |
| 5 per cent 1939/44 | 104/14 |
| 6 per cent 1940/43 | 107/14 |
| 5 per cent 1938/40 Loan | 102/9 |

TAX FREES.

| | |
|---|---|
| per cent 1953/63 | 112/4 |
| 3 per cent 1955 | 123 |
| 5 per cent 1945/55 | 120/8 |
| 5 1/2 per cent 1939 Mysore | 103 |

CORPORATION DEBENTURES.

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 per cent B P T | 1974 110 |
| 4 per cent M Deb | 1974 109 |
| 5 per cent M Deb | 1949 118/8 |
| 5 per cent | 1954 131/8 |
| 6 per cent K P T | 1956 131/8 |

## SHARE BAZAR TO REMAIN CLOSED

The local share bazar will remain closed to-day and will open on Saturday. The cash section will remain ope nfor one hour to-day, as a mark of respect to the death of a member.

## MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec. 16.

B. C. RATES—
T. T. D. D. 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 2 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 266 1/8
Bank's buying T T 264 1/8

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,104
Bank's buying T T 1,124

JAPAN—
Bank selling T T 77 1/2
Banks buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 3/8

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/8

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN
Bank's selling D D 92 1/8

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.99.81 15th instant
Japan/London 1/2 16th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/16 16th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/4 16th instant.
Java/London 8.96 1/4 16th instant.
London/Paris 147.29 15th instant.
London/Beelgium 29.40 15th instant.
London/Switzerland 21.60 1/2 15th instant.
London/Berlin 12.39 1/2 15th instant.
London/Stockholm 19.40 15th instant.
London/New York 4.99.80 15th instant.
London/Amsterdam 8.98 1/2 15th instant.
London/Italy 95.06 15th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-19-10 14th instant.
Gold £6-19-9 1/2 15th instant.
Silver London Ready 18 11/16 14th instant.
Silver London Ready 18 11/16 14th instant.
Silver London Forward 18 5/16 14th instant.
Silver London Forward 18 5/16 15th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 14th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 7/8 per cent 14th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 13/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 14th instant
London Discounts 6 months 3/4 per cent 15th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy

### Indian Sterling Loans

London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Call Loan London | 1/2 |
| 3 per cent | 79 1/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | 93 3/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 | 108 |
| 4 per cent 1948/53 | 107 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | 111 3/4 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 | 114 3/4 |
| 5 per cent 1942/47 | 109 3/4 |
| 3 per cent 1949/52 | 98 3/4 |
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | 74 3/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan | 101 5/8 |
| 4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 | 112 1/4 |
| Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy Steady | 46/3 |

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, Dec. 15.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 3/4 per cent to 13/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 3/4 per cent to 3/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.
Interest 7 Days' market loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Dec. 15.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent | £73 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 | £79 1/2 |
| Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later | £93 3/8 |
| Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £111 3/4 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £74 3/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £102 1/8 |
| War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 | £101 5/8 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 | £112 1/4 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent | £111 |
| Chartered Bank of India A. and China | £12 1/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg. | £89 |
| National Bank of India | £41 1/2 |
| P and O Bonking Corporation | £9 5/8 |

# Outside Operators' Heavy Losses

## Exchange Responsible For Failures

### Inquiry Committee's Recommendations Must Be Adopted Immediately To Prevent Further Scandal

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

**Forward business remained suspended on Thursday on the local Stock Exchange as a result of three small failures and the sum involved is about Rs. 2,00,000, which is comparatively small when read in comparision with the drastic decline which we had in Tata Steel Dfds. to the extent of about Rs. 500 during the last month as a result of heavy unloading and Bear pressure.**

Several clients have failed to pay up their liabilities in full and the sum involved on this account is not more than Rs 25,00,000 and on making enquiries in well informed circles I understand the amount given out by a local daily as over Rs. 80,00,000 is exaggerated. I am informed that some outside operators who had extensive purchases have suffered heavy losses and it is rumoured that persons connected with insurance business seem to have failed to meet their obligations. I understand the losses in the present settlement are to the extent of about eight lacs and a similar amount is likely to be the loss in the next settlement.

The Stock Exchange has to thank itself for the losses as it has failed to take any precautionary measures against reckless speculation.

Last year Lord Brabourne, the then Governor of Bombay, had specially appealed to them against the growing danger and a Committee was appointed to go into the question. The Stock Exchange Enquiry Committee submitted its report last March but no serious notice of the recommendations was taken. Thus due to the inaction of the Stock Exchange authorities, the market had to pass through the present crisis.

With a view to avoid reckless speculation the Enquiry Committee under para 30, 31 and 32 has clearly recommended either to adopt the system of margins or fortnightly settlements. But nothing has been done in this direction and the facilities for forward business are being misused by speculators and professional operators

PLEA FOR BLUE BOOK.

As usual the blame for the difficulties might be placed on outside operators but now such lame excuses will not appeal to any one in the face of clear recommendations. In this connection it will be advisable if the Stock Exchange office were to maintain a register, which may be called a Blue Book, in which the names of all outside operators who do not meet their liabilities may be entered and the book should be available only to members of the Native Share and Stock Brokers Association.

It is high time that the authorities of the Share Bazar should expedite adopting all the recommendations which are calculated to improve business methods and safeguard the interests of all concerned.

It is now believed that the market will open on Friday for Forward business and there may be some selling on behalf of those who have not met their liabilities in full.

Although the market was closed on Wednesday for forward business, fairly good business was done in Tata Steel shares which is supposed to be forced selling. Thus if the forced selling is over there remains no sound cause for any drastic decline as the market is thoroughly liquidated and the technical position of the market is rendered healthy as a result of elimination of weak long interest. LONDON & WALL-ST. MARKETS.

London and Wall Street markets are fairly steady and it appears that prices in the local market have reached bottom levels for the time being and we are entitled to a natural recovery. The long-range outlook depends more upon international political and economical situation than on local factors.

(LATER):—Later on there was a general meeting of the creditors of the defaulting parties, and it is found that the total sum is to the extent of about Rs. 1-1/2 lakhs. All outstanding business is to be cleared through brokers by placing purchases against sales, and the remaining balance will be out through in the open market.

The Directors met later on to consider the situation and to decide about re-opening of the market which is unsettled. It appears that if the market does not open on Friday, it will resume trading next Monday.

### Cotton Arrivals

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts into Bombay on 14th December | 8.084 |
| Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937 | 255,573 |
| Receipts into Bombay same time last season | 425,486 |
| Decrease | 169,913 |

### Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
Jan. 150 March 149 May 155 July 158 Oct. 161 at Cross Rate 4.99 3/4.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1938 166/8—Liverpool May 1938 4.70 Rs 38 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1938 169—Liverpool July 4.73 Rs. 37 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1938 166/8—New York May 8.23 Rs. 16 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.99 3/4.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1938 169—New York July 8.26 Rs. 14 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.99 3/4.

## HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Broach A/M. 1938 op. 166 3/4; highest 166 3/4; lowest 165 3/4; closing 166 1/2.
Broach J/A. 1938 op. 168 5/8; highest 169; lowest 168 1/2; closing 169.
Oomra D/J. op. 147 3/4; highest 148 1/4, lowest 147 3/4; closing 148 1/4.
Oomra March op. 148 1/4; highest 149; lowest 148 1/4; closing 148 3/4.
Oomra May op. 149 1/2; highest 149 3/4; lowest 149; closing 149 3/4.
Bengal D/J. op. 128 1/2; highest 128 1/2; lowest 128 1/4; closing 128 1/2.
Bengal March op. 130; highest 130; lowest 129 1/4; closing 129 1/4.
Teji/Mandi for Broach April/May (21-12-37) Rs. 3
Teji/Mand for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 13
Teji/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (24-6-38) Rs. 19 3/4.

### Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec. 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 235.00—70 |
| February | 228.00 |
| March | 228.50 |
| April | 231.30 |
| June | 236.50+10 |

# RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 10th December 1937.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Demand Liabilities— | |
| (a) In India | 126,92,11,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 6,21,55,000 |
| 2. Time Liabilities— | |
| (a) In India | 104,14,67,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 4,86,24,000 |
| 3. Cash— | |
| (i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes— | |
| (a) In India | 5,90,83,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 2,99,000 |
| (ii) Burma Notes— | |
| (a) In India | 14,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 15,15,000 |
| (iii) Rupee Coin— | |
| (a) In India | 81,78,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 1,01,000 |
| (iv) Subsidiary Coin— | |
| (a) In India | 28,38,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 1,38,000 |
| 4. Balances with Reserve Bank | 25,86,65,000 |
| 5. Advances— | |
| (a) In India | 17,46,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 4,28,90,000 |
| 6. Bills discounted— | |
| (a) In India | 5,59,83,000 |
| (b) In Burma | 26,93,000 |

RESERVE BANK RATE.

The Reserve Bank of India rate of interest remains unchanged at 3 per cent per annum.—A. P.

### American Cotton Figures

| F P Bales | 1937-38 | 1936-37 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 15-12-37 | 5400000 | 4383000 |
| Receipts yesterday 15-12-37 | 15000 | 22000 |
| Exports to date 15-12-37 | 2986000 | 3710000 |
| Stock at Ports 10-12-37 | 3839000 | 3910000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 10-12-37 | 2608000 | 2627000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 10-12-37 | 959000 | 992000 |
| Visible Supply 10-12-37 | 7544000 | 7857000 |
| Quantity in sight 10-12-37 | 9493000 | 9857000 |
| Quantity out of sight 10-12-37 | 4829000 | 5000000 |

### Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Dec 16

| | |
|---|---|
| February | 55.90 |
| March | 50.20 |

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Regd. No. B. 1065

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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Regd. No. B. 1065

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1937

## Muslims In View Of Victory

### Parsis Dismissed For 126 In Second Innings

### 1937 Pentangular Fails To Interest Bombay Cricket Fans

*SCORES:—*

| | |
|---|---|
| *Parsis (First Innings)* | *178* |
| *Muslims (First Innings)* | *201* |
| *Parsis (Second Innings)* | *126* |
| *Muslims (Second Innings)* | *15 (for 1 wicket.)* |

**The Muslims were in a happy position when the teams retired for the day on Thursday. A strong batting side was called upon to gather 104 runs to get the better of the Parsis. The Parsi tail had failed to wag. Towards the figure the Muslims have to score 15 had been collected, with nine wickets in their keeping. The Muslims had suffered an early loss, their captain, S. M. Kadri being first man down at unlucky 13.**

When the Muslim-Parsi contest in the Pentangular Cricket Tournament was resumed on Thursday, the game was in the laps of the gods, and no one could indicate which way the fortunes of cricket would go.

**Poor Attendance**

The attendance at 10-30 a. m. when the match started was very poor. The number, however, swelled and by lunch time it was on par with figure of those watching the match on Wednesday.

**Amir Elahi's 40**

The Muslims began warily, yet, at the sixth fall the telegraph signalled 103. Then came a stand, the batsmen concerned being Amir Elahi and Y. Ismail. The Indian spin bowler did yeaman's service as a batsman and while Ismail defended his wicket, Amir Elahi got the better of the Parsi offensive. The pair added 51 runs of which 40 went against Amir Elahi's name. Two more bowlers Saeed Ahmed-Mubarak Ali, were responsible for the Muslims passing the Parsis first inning's total. They gave their side 47. Mubarak Ali (32) indulged in some hard hitting. The Muslim innings concluded at 201.

**Parsis' Bad Start**

The Parsis made a bad start, as their first loss was at 3. P. E. Palia and H. J. Vajifdar stayed a poor start and at the former's return the telegraph showed 85 for 4. It was a tale of woe for the Parsis after this. The Muslim attack returned men at regular intervals, the innings closing at 126.

This left the Muslims in arrears of 104. They are fully expected to this, despite an unpromising opening on Thursday.

### *DETAILS OF GAME*

Abbas Khan and Y. Ismail continued their innings for the Muslims on Thursday morning start being made at 10-30 a.m.

Patel was the first to bowl from the Club House end. His last ball was snicked for a four through the slips by the latter batsman.

Palia, the slow left-hander, operated with the ball from the other end. Abbas Khan facing him scored nothing off his first six balls.

After Patel's first over, Contractor replaced him putting on Vajifdar. A stroke for 2 along the turf to off by Abbas Khan gave the Muslims their first 100 of the innings, which had lasted now for 158 minutes Palia was also allowed only 1 over. Patel crossing over to take the ball from him.

SLOW SCORING

Things were again very slow this morning and in 24 minutes' of play 9 runs were added to the overnight total of 94 when Abbas Khan obstructed a straight delivery from Patel and was given out l-b-w by F. Tarrant Abbas Khan, for his 19 had played stolid cricket. Coming in at the first fall he was sixth man out He could never be induced to hit and only scored off deliveries that absolutely invited hitting. (103-6-19).

MERRY CAREER

Amir Elahi now became associated with Ismail and the progress of scoring still remained dead slow.

Palia relieved Patel before 110 and conceded 8 runs to Amir Elahi and 1 to Ismail.

The first bit of bright cricket came after Amir Elahi had played a couple of overs and with a four off Vazifdar, the Lahore batsman sent up 120, the last decade coming in 4 minutes He had his individual 20 in 12 minutes. Leg gliding Vajifdar for 3, Ismail increased the total to 130. Two runs later Patel was brought on again.

With 7 runs off Vazifdar, Amir Elahi helped the Muslims to get to 150. 56 runs having been added in the first hour's play this morning.

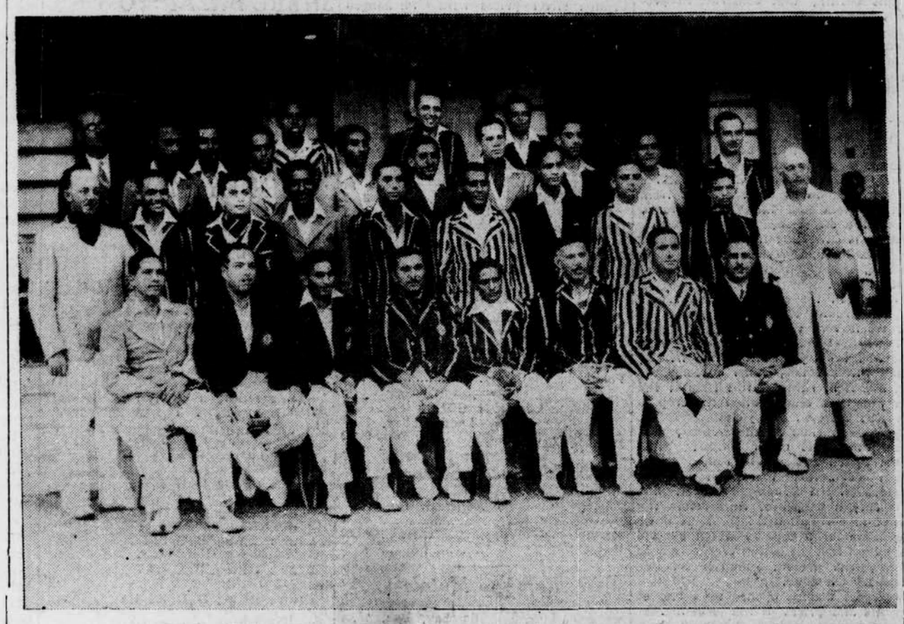
The rate of scoring in the second half hour of play might be estimated, as only 9 runs were collected in the first 24 minutes.

Amir Elahi was not sparing the bowling and he was using the long handle effectively. He took 1 run off Vajifdar and earned his individual 40. He had been batting for 38 minutes.

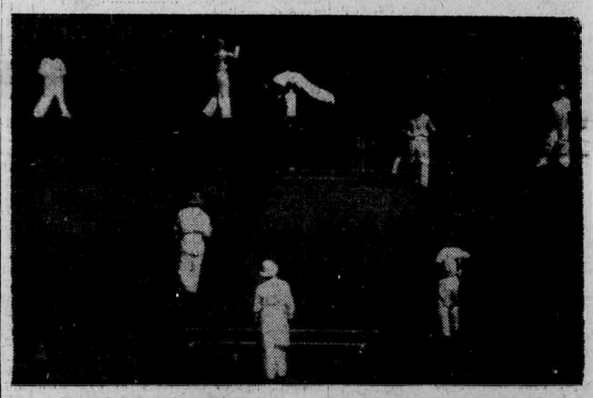
Two deliveries later came the end of his merry career when he tried to hit the same bowler to the Club House and was clean bowled.

(Continued on page 10 Col 1)

## BOMBAY PENTANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT



The Combined Group of the Parsi and Muslim Teams



Amir Elahi clean-bowled by Vajifdar on Thursday.

Mubarak Ali caught on long off by Jamshedji.

## Auctioned Lands Returned

### First Time In History Of Co-op. Movement

### Bombay Govt.'s Orders On Jakkli Agriculturists' Properties

*HUBLI, Dec. 16.*

***Probably for the first time in this Province, under any Government, the Co-operative Department has been directed by the Congress Ministry to return the auctioned lands in pursuance of attachments, obtained for satisfaction of loans by ryots.***

**AUCTIONED LANDS RETURNED**

The ryots of Jakkli defaulted in respect of payment of their agricultural loans advanced by the local Co-operative Credit Society (now in liquidation) and under orders of the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, the Special Liquidation Officer auctioned the lands of the defaulters on June 29 and 30.

M. L. A.'s Efforts SUCCEED

Dr. Doddametti, M.L.A., (Bombay) interested himself on behalf of the ryots in pursuance of the policy of the Congress Ministry to return all agricultural lands to their original owners, whether confiscated during the "No Tax" days or sold under conditions in the present case, and the matter was taken up with the Co-operative Department as well as the Congress Cabinet.

GOVERNMENT PASSES ORDERS

The Government have now passed orders directing the Registrar of Co-operative Societies to return the lands to their original owners, cancelling the public auction made in respect of those lands.

In observance of the occasion and to mark their gratitude to the Congress Ministry, a public meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Rayanagowda Patil, at which about 900 ryots of the Jakkli-Nad group were present. The meeting congratulated Mr. Doddametti for his successful efforts on their behalf.—A.P.

## WAZIRISTAN SITUATION

### Gen. Colridge Hands Over Military Command And Political Control

NEW DELHI, December 16.

In view of the improvement in the situation in Waziristan, states a 'communique', Gen. Coleridge, General Officer Commanding-in-Chief of the Waziristan force has handed over the military command and political control in Waziristan to Major-General Hartley.

The Secretary of State and the Viceroy have congratulated Gen. Coleridge and troops at work in Waziristan.

Sitaram, who was kidnapped from a Civilian lorry near Razmak, was brought back to Makin on December 14 and has left for Tank in Dera-Ismail-Khan District.—United Press.

## Zamindar Killed

### Sequel To Clash Over Boundary Dispute In Gwalior State

GWALIOR, Dec. 16.

Dispute over a few inches of ground resulted in the death of two persons and injuries to many in Binaganj in the Esagarh District.

It is understood that two Zamindars from their respective villages assembled along with a few armed supporters to decide a dispute over boundary between two fields belonging to them. When arguments failed to settle matters a fight ensued in which Lathi blows were freely exchanged as the result of which a Zamindar was killed on the spot and his brother succumbed to his injuries a few hours later.

Police investigations are proceeding.—A.P.

### *REMOVAL OF DISABILITIES OF WOMEN*

#### *Assam Municipalities Amendment Bill Passed*

SHILLONG, December 16.

The Assam Legislative Assembly passed to-day the first reading of the Assam Municipal (removal of Female ineligibility) Amendment Bill, 1937, introduced by Miss Mavis Dunn. The Bill seeks to qualify females to become eligible for membership of municipal bodies in the Province.

The House next took up consideration of the Sylhet Town Tenancy Bill, 1937, clause by clause The seventh Clause of the Bill seeks conferment of occupancy rights upon tenants occupying lands for ten years within the municipal limits of Sylhet.—A. P.

The latest information from Kolhapur states that Dr. B. S. Moonje is going to preside over the Maharashtra Hindu Conference to be held at Kolhapur on December 18 and 19.

## Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

*INSPECTOR WADE* — *"TERROR KEEP"*

CAN YOU TAKE ME TO LARMES KEEP?
IF TH' CAR CAN, I CAN, LADY--HOP IN---
SALT BURY
11-10
MUST YOU GO--SO FAST?
WANTA GET YOU THERE BEFORE DARK--US FOLKS DON'T LIKE TO BE AROUND THERE AFTER TH' SUN GOES DOWN---
Copr. 1937, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
WH-WHY NOT? WHAT'S WRONG WITH LARMES KEEP?
NOTHING DEFINITE, MISS-- ONLY WE CALLS IT--TERROR KEEP!
TERROR KEEP!--- IT DOES LOOK RATHER SPOOKY--- OH, IT'S JUST A SILLY SUPERSTITION--THERE'S NOTHING WRONG ---- REALLY ---
LYMAN ANDERSON

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